

### EARNED HEIGHT MANAGEMENT: A NEW EXTENSION TO EVM FOR HIGH-RISE CONSTRUCTION **BUID – MPM – Dissertation** (Student ID# 20050098)



EHM - EARNED HEIGHT MANAGEMENT

# Earned Height Management: A New Extension to EVM for High-Rise Construction

### BUID - MPM Dissertation (Nov 30th, 2008)

By Shadi Abu Khuzam

Copyright © Student 20050098 and BUiD Dubai, U.A.E. 2008



# DISSERTATION RELEASE FORM

Student Name: Shadi Abu Khuzam	Student ID: 20050098	Programme: Master in Project Management	Date: 30/11/2008
-----------------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------------------------------------	---------------------

Title:

Earned Height Management: A New Extension to EVM for High-Rise Construction

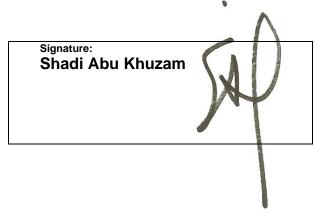
I warrant that the content of this dissertation is the direct result of my own work and that any use made in it of published or unpublished copyright material falls within the limits permitted by international copyright conventions.

I understand that one copy of my dissertation will be deposited in the University Library for permanent retention.

I hereby agree that the material mentioned above for which I am author and copyright holder may be copied and distributed by The British University in Dubai for the purposes of research, private study or education and that The British University in Dubai may recover from purchasers the costs incurred in such copying and distribution, where appropriate.

I understand that The British University in Dubai may make that copy available in digital format if appropriate.

I understand that I may apply to the University to retain the right to withhold or to restrict access to my dissertation for a period which shall not normally exceed four calendar years from the congregation at which the degree is conferred, the length of the period to be specified in the application, together with the precise reasons for making that application.



# **Table of Contents**

#### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1: The Tallest 10 Buildings in the World	9
Figure 1.2: Burj Dubai	9
Figure 1.3: Comparison Between the Mile Tower and Existing Towers	10
Figure 2.1: Earned Schedule Methodology	16
Figure 3.1: Horizontal Project	23
Figure 3.2: Vertical Project	24
Figure 3.3: Platform in a Vertical Project	24
Figure 4.1: Physical Meaning of EHM Technology	27
Figure 5.1: EH Graph	36
Figure 6.1: HIRI-PRO Files	38
Figure 6.2: Main Screen in HIRI-PRO	39
Figure 6.3: Screen for Distribution of Planned and Actual	40
Figure 6.4: Screen for Adding a New Project	40
Figure 6.5: Screen for Distributing the Value over the Floors and	
Packages	41
Figure 6.6: Screen Shot from HIRI-PRO showing the Value	
Distribution Table	42
Figure 6.7: Sample of graphs produced by HIRI-PRO	45
Figure 8.1: Sharjah Project	49
Figure 8.2: Business Bay Project	51
Figure 8.3: Marina Project	54
Figure 8.4: Fujeirah Project	56
Figure 8.5: Barsha Project	59

#### LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1: Terminology Comparison between ES and EVM	17
Table 4.1: EHM Terminology	27
Table 5.1: Template for Value Distribution Table	30
Table 5.2: Planned Progress Table	31
Table 5.3: Actual Progress Table	32
Table 5.4: Summary Report Table	35
Table 6.1: Value Distribution Table in printable form produced	
by HIRI-PRO	43
Table 6.2: Sample Summary Report Produced by HIRI-PRO	44
Table 10.1: Questionnaire For the Users Who Used EHM and HIRI-PRO	64

#### Abstract

#### 7

#### CHAPTER 1

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Historic Review	9
1.2 Current Construction Industry	10
1.3 Construction Future	11
1.4 Objectives of the Research	12
1.5 The Research	12
1.6 Theory and Application	13
1.7 Case Studies	13
1.8 Software and Technology	13

#### CHAPTER 2

2. PROJECT MANAGEMENT OF HIGH-RISE CONSTRUCTION	
2.1 Earned Value Management (EVM)	14
2.2 Review of Literature and Available Tools	15
2.3 Limitations of EVM	18
2.4 Why is High-Rise to be Managed so Differently?	19

#### CHAPTER 3

#### 3. THE NEW TOOL - EHM

3.1 Why is a New Tool Needed?	20
3.2 How Different This Tool is	20
3.3 Theories Behind the Theory	21
3.4 How Height Matters	23

#### CHAPTER 4

# 4. EHM EXPLAINED 4.1 The New Indicators 4.2 Structure: The Driving Activity 4.3 Applicability of EHM

### CHAPTER 5

#### 5. HOW TO APPLY EHM

29
34
34
36
3

25

27

28

#### CHAPTER 6

6. SOFTWARE	
6.1 HIRI-RPO Software	38
6.2 Getting Started With HIRI-PRO	39
6.3 Data Collection and Input	40
6.4 Generating Reports Using HIRI-PRO	44
6.5 Enhancement: Smart Reports	45

#### CHAPTER 7

#### **Research Methodology**

7.1 Selection of Research Method	46
7.2 Action Research	46
7.3 Experiment Research	47
7.4 Modeling	47
7.5 Choosing the Appropriate Case Studies	47
7.6 The Case Studies: Practical Work & Hands-On Experience	48

#### CHAPTER 8

#### 8. CASE STUDIES

8.1 Sharjah Project	49
8.2 Business Bay Project	51
8.3 Marina Project	54
8.4 Fujeirah Project	56
8.5 Barsha Project	59

#### CHAPTER 9

#### 9. EHM LIMITATIONS AND BARRIERS

9.1 Shape of the Structure	61
9.2 Basements	61
9.3 Material on Site	61
9.4 Pre-Engineered Work	62
9.5 User's Assumptions	62
9.6 More Than One Building in the Project	62

#### CHAPTER 10

#### 10. APPLICABILITY OF EHM

10.1 Cost vs. Benefit	63
10.2 Feedback from People Who Used EHM Method	64

#### CHAPTER 11

#### **11. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

11.1 Conclusion	66
11.2 Future of the Research	67
11.3 Other Research Areas	67

#### APPENDICES

Appendix A – EHM Summary Report – Sharjah Project	68
Appendix B - EHM Summary Report - Business Bay Project	71
Appendix C - EHM Summary Report - Marina Project	73
Appendix D - EHM Summary Report - Fujeirah Project	76
Appendix E – EHM Summary Report – Barsha Project	79
Appendix F - EHM Progress Report - June 2007 - Sharjah Project	81
Appendix G - EHM Progress Report - June 2008 - Business Bay Project	87
Appendix H – EHM Progress Report – Sept 2008 – Marina Project	94
Appendix I - EHM Progress Report - Sept 2008 - Fujeirah Project	102
Appendix J – EHM Progress Report – Sept 2008 – Barsha Project	104
Appendix K - Questionnaire for EHM and HIRI-PRO Users	109
Appendix L – Decision Table for HIRI-PRO Smart Report	110
Appendix M – List of Abbreviations	113

#### REFERENCES BIBLIOGRAPHY

114 118

### Abstract

The thirty-year-old Earned Value method has been playing a central role in managing projects and reporting progress. Some project managers have critically criticized it, others have trusted it, but all have used it.

For a professional project manager working in the "vertical" construction field in Dubai, applying the EVM as-presently-is in managing high-rise buildings construction is like applying a general theory to a very particular wide-spread case. Here, there's no real problem, but opportunity for further optimization.

In this research, the opportunity of creating useful tools specific for high-rise construction has been grasped.

The theory here combines the EVM principles with energy theories. The factor of "Height" added to, and stressed in, the original formula of EVM describes the progress (or earning) in the work in the form of potential energy stored in the building at high levels. Looking at it from yet another angle, the building is the "Sum" of all the work needed to complete the whole of the end deliverable. The sum of product of the forces exerted by the displacement of materials to the appropriate place (height) makes the whole of the project. This research attempts to use the height (as an element of the energy and work theories) to enhance the EVM in reporting vertical progress.

The method developed in this attempt, Earned Height Management (EHM), uses the planned and achieved heights of both the top of the building and the, here-introduced, "value center" of the building.

The research focuses on two main variables at all times: Total Height (TH) and Earned Height (EH). The first one gives indication about the progress of the skeleton (here referred to as "structure" and can be considered as the "driving activity" or "locomotive"), and the second about the entire earned value in the form of height. Monitoring these two variables gives this method irrefutable edge over the original EVM and its derivatives since EHM tells at a glance whether the structure is delayed or its subsequent activities (partitioning, plastering, finishing, glazing, etc.).

Five projects have been chosen as case studies to run the EHM method and examine its effectiveness. These projects are of heights ranging from nine floors to fifty-five floors. Project managers and planning engineers have been entrusted to apply the EHM to the selected projects. These users (applicators) have originally been working on these projects using some other methods than EHM.

Applying the EHM to the case studies has revealed additional information about the progress of the work and the opportunities for improvement and acceleration that could not have been directly derived using any of the presently available tools.

On the other hand, HIRI-PRO, the application developed for the purpose of applying the EHM, though proved effective in calculating the indices and producing sophisticated reports, wasn't as user-friendly as the users wished. A new version of HIRI-PRO has been developed easing the data entry process and allowing easier automatic input from the available planning tools. However, the new version has been released at a later stage before the completion of entering the data used in this research.

Moreover, it was revealed that EHM application has got limitations. The accuracy of the method can be affected by the following:

- shape of the structure
- basement works
- materials delivered to site (and not fixed in place)
- pre-engineered work (work prepared and/or completed outside the project premises)
- user's assumptions (assumed heights for certain activities may need user's judgment)
- number of buildings in the project (if more than one building and progressing at different speeds)
- preparation activities

Despite the shortcomings of EHM, the case studies considered in this report proved the reliability of applying EHM on a wide spectrum of high-rise buildings.

The research recommends the incorporation of EHM indices as standard feature of planning tools available for the project managers of high-rise buildings.

# Chapter

# INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

## **1.1 Historic Review**

The human civilization has always been thrilled by the superlative competition of building the tallest structure. The website <u>www.tallestbuildingintheworl</u> <u>d.com<sup>1</sup></u> expounds the history of the competition and provides update about which building holds on the title.

> During the first 90 years of this century, the USA dominated the race for the title of the tallest building in the world, and constructed a range of famous buildings that,

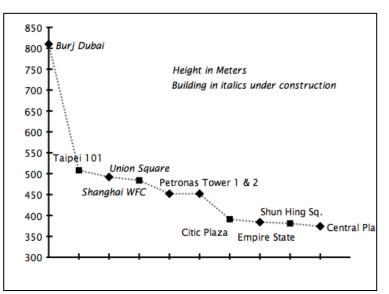


Figure 1.1 - The Tallest 10 Buildings in the World

sometimes only for a few months, and sometimes for many years, were widely recognized as being the 'tallest building' in the world. In 1974 Chicago's Sears Tower was completed, and generally seen as the 'tallest building' in the world. Sears held on to that title for over 20 years. But since the nineties the USA gets some stiff competition from Asia. In 1996 this resulted in the completion of the Petronas Twin Towers in Kuala Lumpur (Website: The Tallest Building in The World, 2008)<sup>1</sup>.



Figure 1.2 - Burj Dubai

Burj Dubai is currently the tallest building in existence according to the same website. Figure 1.1 depicts the tallest ten buildings in the world as for the date of this report. Burj Dubai is a skyscraper under construction since April 2005 built in the middle of the new business area of Dubai, United Arab Emirates. Burj Dubai is planned to reach a "suggested" height of 810 meters with 160 habitable floors.

The design of Burj Dubai is derived from the geometries of the desert flower, which is indigenous to the region, and the patterning systems embodied in Islamic architecture. The tower is composed of three elements arranged around a central core. As the tower rises from the flat desert base, setbacks occur at each element in an upward spiraling pattern, decreasing the cross section of the tower as it reaches toward the sky. At the top, the central core emerges and is sculpted to form a finishing spire. A Y-shaped floor plan maximizes views of the Persian Gulf (Website: The Tallest Building in The World, 2008)<sup>1</sup>.

# 1.2 Current Construction Industry

Nowadays the trend in construction industry is to "rise high". New record breaking towers are being announced ever year or so. This is even more noticed here in Dubai where the, now, world tallest building described above is nearing completion.

This year, Nakheel has announced its one-kilometer tower in Dubai. Kuwait started building its 1,001 meters tower. Likewise, Bahrain started to compete with a planned 1,022 meters tower.

Crowning the competition, Prince Al-Walid Bin Talal of Saudi Arabia, launched the design of the one-mile tower (1,600m) in Jeddah. The project brief posted on the webpage <u>www.skyscrapercity.com</u><sup>2</sup> describes the project as a vertical city to be built with a huge budget of SR 50b (equivalent to US\$ 13.3b). The designers of such project are faced with the challenge that the tower will have to be capable of withstanding a wide range of temperatures, with its top baking in the desert sun by day

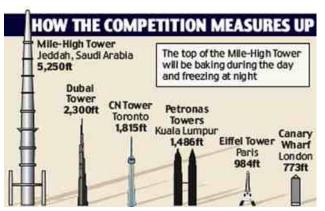


Figure 1.3 - Comparison Between The Mile Tower and Existing Towers

but dropping to well below freezing at night<sup>1</sup>.

As shown in figure 1.3, the mile tower will dwarf all the then-called skyscrapers in modern history including Burj Dubai.

In addition to the record-breaking structures being built, there seems to be a high-rise revolution in the construction industry. In new cities like Dubai, hundreds or thousands of new high-rise developments are being announced yearly.

# **1.3 Construction Future**

Advances in engineering design and invention of high performance materials have allowed buildings to reach heights never been possible before. Fifty years ago, C40 concrete (i.e. concrete with 40 KN per square meter strength), that used to be considered high-strength, was used for the foundations and vertical elements of the buildings. Currently, it's not uncommon to come across C50, C60, and C70 concrete in the vertical elements and foundations of buildings exceeding 20 storey high.

Metha<sup>3</sup> explained how, in 1965, C50 concrete used in the columns of Lake Point Tower in Chicago was considered state of the art. Later, Metha<sup>3</sup> continues, greater strengths of concrete have been used as per the examples below.

- Water Tower Palace (Chicago):	C60 (8700psi) concrete
- Scotia Plaza (Toronto):	C90 (13000psi) concrete
- The Two Union Square Building (Seattle):	C120 (17400psi) concrete

Metha<sup>3</sup> argued that compressive strengths in the order of 150 and 300 MPa (C150 and C300) are obtainable with Portland cement concrete with the addition of chemicals, superplasticizers, calcium silicates, and with the control of water content. This is what Metha<sup>3</sup> referred to as "High-Performance Concrete" (HPC).

The more science and engineering advance, the higher buildings can be constructed. This promises an even brighter future for high-rise construction. Such developments will be challenging to the project management industry that must devise unconventional tools and techniques allowing state-of-the-art planning, monitoring, controlling, and delivery of the projects in the shortest possible time.

On the other hand, during the recently-completed development cycle of the International Code Council (ICC)<sup>4</sup>, there have been several proposals that would threaten the economic viability of tall buildings. The council has added the requirement of additional stair for buildings over 420 feet (128 meters) in height and required low carbon emission in future buildings.

There have been other unapproved changes that would severely and negatively impact the construction of tall buildings. The proponents of these changes vowed to bring them back in the next ICC code development. Some of the unapproved changes are related to length of corridors, increase in strength of stairway walls, video monitoring requirements, complete burn-out without collapsing, and progressive collapse.

Other detractors of tall buildings have expressed their concern that no agreement has been reached yet on the lessons drawn from the tragic event of World Trade Center towers collapse<sup>5</sup>. They believe, however, that more stringent regulations and codes should govern the high-rise construction industry.

Despite the fears and constraints, the structures continue to be grow higher and higher. This justifies the viability of this research that focuses on better management of high-rise construction. In this research, the tools currently available have been reviewed. This research has been limited to the tools available for monitoring and reporting of the project progress.

# 1.4 Objectives of the Research

The research objective is to examine the effectiveness of a new concept for monitoring, measuring, and reporting progress in high-rise building construction projects. EHM (Earned Height Management) introduced by this research is derived from the EVM method, adding the height parameter to the earned value formula, simulating the potential energy and work formulae.

Additionally, the objective of this research is to prove the soundness, usefulness, practicality, and reliability of this new EHM method.

# 1.5 The Research

The research methodology is a combination of the following:

- Action Research:

The current methods used to monitor the schedule in construction buildings have been reviewed in order to introduce possible improvements. Basically the research focused on the EVM (Earned Value Management) method and its derivatives such as the ES (Earned Schedule) method. In this research, the technical construction methods haven't been examined although brought up sometimes. Rather, this research was concerned with how the progress in the project can be measured, reported, and controlled.

- Experiments Research:

Five case studies of on-going projects have been considered. These projects are all based in Dubai and rise beyond 25 levels (except one project based in Fujeirah and doesn't exceed 9 floors in height). The projects subject of the case studies are of varying shapes, heights, specifications, number of basements, contracted procurement method, and management entities.

- Modeling:

Software application (called HIRI-PRO) has been introduced to model the EHM method and run the input of the five case studies. The model could have been a simple spreadsheet where the input is entered and the calculations of EHM indices take place. However, HIRI-PRO has been developed to reduce the time needed for data-entry and make the mission of the volunteering users easier. It's

estimated that HIRI-PRO reduced the time needed for data entry by nearly 70% according to the users.

# **1.6 Theory and Application**

This research will explain how the theory of EHM evolved from the combination of EVM, the potential energy formula (Potential Energy = Weight x Height), and the work formula (Work = Force x Distance). The theory has been introduced by this research as a result of spotted relationship between the parameters of Earned Value (EVM) method and the "Height" parameter in high-rise construction. This is explained in depth in section 3.3 below.

# 1.7 Case Studies

In this research, five construction projects have been considered. In the five projects all the buildings are considered high-rise but of different natures, specifications, and dimensions. The EHM method will be applied to all the five cases based on actual data collected from the field and the teams managing the projects.

Applying the EHM to real projects should reveal information about the following:

- Soundness of this method
- Usefulness of the results
- Easiness of application
- Future of the method

## 1.8 Software and Technology

In order to easily apply the EHM method to the case studies and obtain useful and reliable results, a software application, has been developed. For the ease of reference (and probably for future continuation of this attempt), this software application has been given the name HIRI-PRO. This name comes as an abbreviation of the phrase "High-Rise Project".

In this dissertation, the functioning of HIRI-PRO has been explained in the form of a User's Manual in addition to including actual sample reports it produced.

# Chapter

# PROJECT MANAGEMENT OF HIGH-RISE CONSTRUCTION

# 2.1EarnedValueManagement (EVM)

In the beginning of literature review, the EVM (Earned Value Management) methods will be discussed for being the base for most of the available methods.

In their book "Earned Value Project Management", Fleming and Koppelman (2000)<sup>6</sup> defined "Earned Value" as follows.

"Earned Value" is a project management technique that is emerging as a valuable tool in the management of all projects In its most simple form earned value equates to fundamental project management.

#### (Fleming and Koppelman, 2000)<sup>6</sup>

Vandervoorde and Vanhouke<sup>7</sup> described the Earned Value Management as a "methodology for measuring and communicating the real physical progress of a project and to integrate the three critical elements of project management (scope, time, and cost management)"

To simply describe earned value, the following definitions are necessary.

**EV** (also known as BCWP or Budgeted Cost of Work Performed) = Earned Value (This can be obtained by multiplying the actual percent complete of every activity by its initial budget.)

**AC** (also known as ACWP or Actual Cost of Work Performed) = Actual Cost (This can be directly obtained from the recorded expenses on each activity after making the necessary corrections to avoid considering prepaid expenses or delays in invoicing.) **PV** (also known as BCWS or Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled) = Planned Value (This can be obtained from the baseline schedule.)

Knowing these three parameters, the cost and schedule performances in the project can be measured as follows:

$$CV = EV - AC$$

$$SV = EV - PV$$

$$CPI = EV / AC$$

$$SV = EV / PV$$

Where,

- CV is the cost variance (desirable >0 to avoid cost overruns)
- SV is the schedule variance (desirable >0 to avoid delays)
- CPI is the cost performance index (desirable >1 to avoid cost overruns)
- SPI is the schedule performance index (desirable >1 to avoid delays)

# 2.2 Review of Literature and Available Tools

Having reviewed the available research and literature, EVM seems to be the only widely accepted tool for measuring the time and cost performance of the project. However, Earned Schedule (ES) method, which is a derivative of EVM, is a more accurate tool in measuring the schedule performance.

According to Henderson<sup>8</sup>, the ES concept conceived by Lipke<sup>9</sup> in 2002 can be explained as follows (quoting Lipke's seminal paper 2003).

The idea of Earned Schedule is analogous to Earned Value. However, instead of using cost for measuring schedule performance, we would use time. ES is determined by comparing the cumulative BCWP earned to the performance baseline, BCWS. The time associated with BCWP, i.e. Earned Schedule, is found from the BCWS S-curve.

Henderson<sup>8</sup> continues that "Earned Schedule is the point in time when the current Earned Value was to be accomplished".

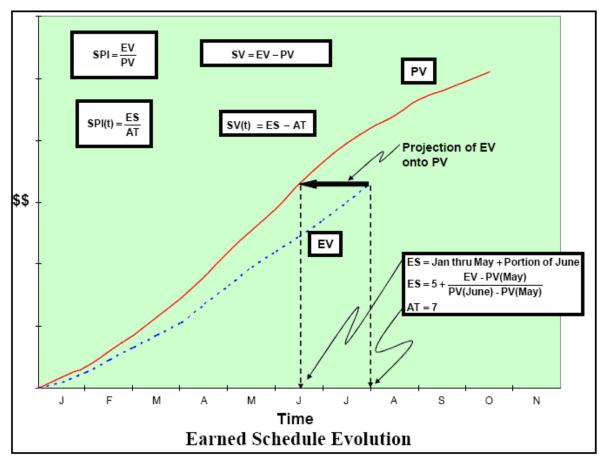


Figure 2.1 - Earned Schedule Methodology (Lipke<sup>9</sup>)

Figure 2.1 shows how ES is obtained by projecting the EV to the PV S-curve and then, reading the corresponding time (ES) along the time axis. In the above figure, the following terms are used:

- ES = Earned Schedule which is the distance from origin till mid of June
- SV(t) = Schedule Variance calculated using this method = ES AT
- SPI(t) = Schedule Performance Index calculated using this method = ES/AT

Table 2.1 below shows a comparison between the terms of EVM and ES methods.

	EVM	Earned Schedule		
	Earned Value (EV)	Earned Schedule (ES)		
Status	Actual Costs (AC)	Actual Time (AT)		
	sv	SV(t)		
	SPI	SPI(t)		
Future	Budgeted Cost for Work Remaining (BCWR)	Planned Duration for Work Remaining (PDWR)		
Work	Estimate to Complete (ETC)	Estimate to Complete (time) ETC(t)		
	Variance at Completion (VAC)	Variance at Completion (time) VAC(t)		
Prediction	Estimate at Completion (EAC) (supplier)	Estimate at Completion (time) EAC(t) (supplier)		
	Independent EAC (IEAC) (customer)	Independent EAC (time) IEAC(t) (customer)		
	To Complete Performance Index (TCPI)	To Complete Schedule Performance Index (TSPI)		

Table 2.1 - Terminology Comparison Between ES and EVM

Other literatures that discussed topics of relation to the high-rise are discussed below.

Arditi et all<sup>10</sup> use the line of balance scheduling method for planning the activities in highrise construction. The Line of Balance (LOB) method is based on the knowledge of the number of units that must be completed on any day so that the programmed delivery of units can be achieved. Arditi et all<sup>10</sup> find the LOB method very useful in high-rise construction due to the repetition in activities. This is not directly related to the research here under EHM theory, but a combination of EHM and LOB may be a topic to be investigated in future research.

Proverbs<sup>11</sup>, Abeyashinghe et al<sup>12</sup>, and Kim et al<sup>13</sup> propose methods for reducing the highrise construction time without suggesting a method for management. Their work mainly focused on the construction activities, alternative construction methods, and technical aspects.

Chang at al<sup>14</sup> considered the physiological measures to be taken for maintaining high-rise construction safety while monitoring the schedule. They discussed the psychological and fatigue effects on the level of safety in the buildings. In their work they went through the effect of the safety on the progress of high-rise construction.

Cioffi<sup>15</sup> and Miyagawa<sup>16</sup> use the EVM at the first phase of the project to calculate the productivity for the remaining works. Their work focused on the recovery techniques. Such techniques may be useful if in the future incorporated into the EHM method.

Kog et al<sup>17</sup>, Chan and Kumaraswamy<sup>18</sup>, and Gong<sup>19</sup> discussed the causes of time overruns in EVM and the risk associated with delays. Kog et al<sup>17</sup> identify the project manager, the project team, and planning and control efforts as the key determinants for construction schedule performance. Chan and Kumaraswamy<sup>18</sup> studied construction cases in Honk Kong to determine the factors that delay the construction of projects. Gong<sup>19</sup> has used the float in risk analysis-based network scheduling. He used back-forward uncertainty estimation (BFUE) to analyze the time in estimating the joint impact of time uncertainty and float use of non-critical activities on the duration of the project.

De et al<sup>20</sup> uses EVM for cost-time trade-offs. Their work was in the form of mathematical programming not specific for high-rise construction. Their work may be used to model the decisions to be made upon reading the results of EHM reports.

Kaming et al<sup>21</sup> have discussed the factors influencing time and cost overruns on high-rise projects in Indonesia. Their work can be applied to any high-rise construction project around the world. They focused on the adequacy of planning, the initial estimates, the design changes, and manpower productivity.

## 2.3 Limitations of EVM

Vanhoucke and Vandervoorde<sup>22</sup> argued that the EVM, although reliable in estimating cost performance, often fails to predict the total duration of the project. They continued by listing this summary of three reasons why EVM has been heavily criticized:

- 1. SV measures monetary units and not time units which makes it difficult to understand.
- 2. SV = 0 (or SPI = 1) could mean that a task is completed, but could also mean that the task is running according to plan.
- 3. Towards the end of the project, the SV always converges to 0 indicating a perfect performance even if project is late.

Kim et al<sup>23</sup> on the other hand attributes the problems in EVM to the users, the culture, the system applied, or the implementation process.

Lipke at al<sup>24</sup> discussed the SPI deficiencies of EVM in contrast with the new Earned Schedule (ES) method. The ES method will be described in more details later in this report. Lipke, who's considered the father of ES, has published several papers about the usage of ES in predicting the new project durations.

Stratton<sup>25</sup> also advocates the ES method describing the unreliability of EVM in the last third of project duration, and its inability in predicting the estimated completion time. They argue that towards the end, the PV will converge to the total project budget irrespective of the delay in the construction time. This gives false reporting of the progress and performance.

On the other hand, Chau et al<sup>26</sup> and Wang et al<sup>27</sup> rather tried to find an alternative way of presenting the schedule and progress in a 4D model that plots the building in 3D against the 4<sup>th</sup> dimension, time. This technique delivers non-numerical results and fails to report progress in the form of indices or variances. Chau et al<sup>28</sup> present in their second paper a software used to perform this 4D analysis.

# 2.4 Why is High-Rise to be Managed so Differently?

The construction industry is characterized by the length of its projects, the large number of manpower required, the long time required in the beginning to have the "machine" started and ready to produce, the large number of stakeholders, the large number of trades involved, and the never-ending challenge to meet the time, cost, and quality objectives.

The construction of high-rises gets even more challenging by adding to the above the difficulty in reporting progress. Dubai is full of examples where the concrete structures of towers are erected at amazing speeds giving the clients illusive indication that the construction is ahead of schedule while the projects are delayed due to delay in starting other subsequent critical activities.

Thus, the focus in this report is on the reporting of progress in high-rise construction (high-rise building, or tower, is a description given to buildings not less than thirty-storey in height).

High-rise construction is characterized by the repetition of activities, the cycle, and the factor of height. This research focuses on the "Height" parameter for being the most important characteristic of the high-rise concept. Height is being linked here to the project management terminologies in the relationship referred to here as EHM.

# Chapter 3

# THE NEW TOOL - EHM

# 3.1 Why is a New Tool Needed?

EVM and ES are very universal and generic. Construction is a particular, yet large, sector within the project management environment and requires specific attention. Moreover, the recent competition for constructing superlatively high structures emphasizes the importance of managing the high-rise construction with more particularity.

Therefore, when we zoom in on the construction, and then zoom in again on the highrise sector, we find that high-rise construction is currently being managed not differently from any small low rise villa or any other non-construction project. In other words, the high-rise is presently managed, at best, using the generic EVM method techniques. The reports produced from such method can be having certain deficiencies due to the limitations of EVM mentioned in section 2.3 above, and due to the absence of any height-related parameter in the EVM method. Thus, additional tools may be introduced to give more than just a general money-based schedule performance reporting. As discussed earlier, the project stakeholders may be misled by both a greater-than-one SPI and concrete structure erected ahead of time while in reality the project is slipping in huge delays due to major critical activities not started.

# 3.2 How Different This Tool is

The Earned Height Management (EHM) concept developed and introduced by the writer of this research is based on the EVM theory with the **Height** of building being reported rather than the **Value** of the project. The Earned Height (EH) refers to the real earned height of the structure as opposed to the apparent physical height (Total Height or TH) that you can see for a hollow shell of structure protruding high (figure 4.1). By knowing the EH and TH, the project manager can tell how his project is performing and if it's likely to be delayed or not.

The explanations of EHM in later chapters and the analyses of case studies show how the EHM is able to report poor project performance if the project is likely to be delayed in many cases where the EVM is reporting satisfactory results. The EHM will be examined

in this research to prove its ability to be more informative and reliable than EVM for high-rise construction.

# 3.3 Theories Behind the Theory

The theory of EVM has been explained above. Two more theories used in this research will be explained here: Potential Energy Theory and Work Theory.

The potential energy (PE) as introduced by Serway and Jewett<sup>29</sup> is the energy stored in an object as a result of its presence at a certain height (from the ground or a certain datum). This theory suggests that an object placed at a certain height (H) will be pulled by its weight and has the tendency when falling to release energy proportionally to the height (H) at which it originally existed.

The formula is:

The second theory discussed here is the Work theory. This theory is explained as such; when an object is displaced, work is assumed to have been done. Work exists when an object is displaced for a certain distance (d) in a certain direction under the application of a force (F) applied upon the object and is in the same direction as the displacement.

The formula of work according to Cassidy et al<sup>30</sup> is:

$$W = F \times d \tag{2}$$

Where

W is the Work F is the Force applied upon the object in the same direction of the displacement

d is the displaced Distance

It is to be noted here the similarity between Potential Energy and Work. They are both the product of a force by a distance. The Potential Energy is equal to the product of Weight (which is a force) by the Height (which is a distance). It is also to be noted that when an object is falling, it is losing potential energy and exerting work. Likewise, if work is being exerted to elevate an object by applying upon it a force equal to (or slightly greater than) its weight, this makes the object store potential energy equal to the exerted work. Therefore, there can always be tradeoffs of work for potential energy or potential energy for work. According to Cassidy et al<sup>28</sup>, work represents an amount of energy transformed from one form to another.

Back to EHM method, let's consider the project as the sum of all the work required for the delivery of the end product, the building (or it can be the sum of the potential energy stored in the end product).

Project Scope	= The sum of all the work in the project	(3)
	= Sum(work)	(4)
	= Sum(Force x distance)	(5)

In construction it's assumed that the forces driving the project towards completion are the resources allocated to the project (they are the machine force).

So it's assumed here that:

The resources are:

Human Resources (or Labour Force)

Equipment Resources

Material Resources

Financial Resources

In fact, all the four forces can be expressed as Financial Resources since the latter may be used to hire the appropriate subcontractor (or entity) to do the required work. The Financial Resource allocated for the execution of the work can be referred to as Budget. This method is equally applicable to budget, cost, price, or any other financial value as long as consistency is maintained. I.e. budget for planned values must be used with budgets of earned values. If the budget of planned values is used against the contract (selling) price of earned values, the accuracy of the results will be compromised. In this research, the word Value is used instead. The user may choose what "value" should stand for as long as consistency is maintained.

On the other hand, the main displacement distance in high-rise construction is to bring the respective objects (materials or work) to the required height.

Therefore:

Distance = Height

(7)

Back to the work formula, EHM method suggests the following amendment to suit the context of project management (by inserting the values of "Force" of (6) and the value of "Distance" of (7) in the equation (5)):

The product of Value by the Height is the main core entity on which the EHM relies in the representation of progressing into the construction of the project and heading toward completion.

It can be argued that this method involves lot of assumptions and the logic used above is neither fully accurate nor provable. This is moderately true, but the reader is here invited to look at the EHM as an independent, newly introduced, method of measurement. The correlation explained above serves to highlight the importance of the height in measuring the progress of the work, and to add some physical significance to the product of Value by the Height that's the very core concept of EHM.

## **3.4 How Height Matters**

While constructing a building, it does really matter if the building is horizontal of vertical. In vertical buildings, the work is strongly constrained by the hard logic of sequential relationship between the floors. However, in horizontal buildings, work can go more in parallel and the progress is more dependent on the availability of resources than on any other constraints.

Figure 3.1 below shows a project made of four blocks A, B, C, and D. Each of the blocks is a one-level building (or floor). This is a fully horizontal project where work can take place at any or all of the buildings at virtually any time.

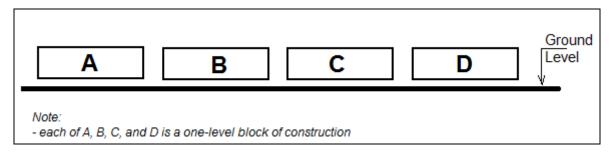


Figure 3.1 – Horizontal Project (HP)

On the other hand, Figure 3.2 shows a typical vertical project (VP) made of the same four blocks of the horizontal project (HP). The quantities of materials in these two projects are the same (except what will be needed for the foundations). However, in VP, the blocks are placed one on top of the other. This makes it impossible for block B to start before the structure of block A is in place.

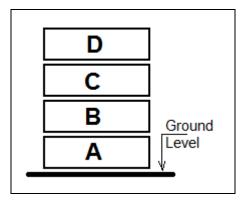


Figure 3.2 - Vertical Project (VP)

Therefore, platform 1, as shown in Figure 3.3, will be needed for block B to start, platform 2 for block C, and platform 3 for block D. This means, the work (or value) of an activity done in HP at ground level is not equal to the work (or value) of an identical activity done at a higher level in VP.

This can be attributed to the following:

- In VP, for the activity to be done, its platform and structural pre-requisites must have been completed.
- In VP, working at height is usually slower and more costly.

In other words, speeding up the opening of floors to more activities at height is similar to "flattening the structure" and turning it more into horizontal-like structure. It was explained above that flatter structure are less constrained. It's always preferred to shift from a more constrained situation to a less constrained one. Therefore, it's always desirable to complete more work-at-height.

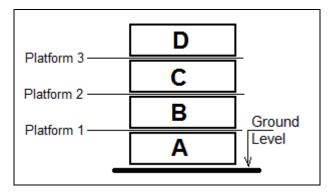


Figure 3.3 – Platforms in a vertical project

Based on the above, having the height parameter added to the equation for measurement of progress should provide more indication of the importance of work that has been done at height. In the standard equation of EVM, an activity completed at level A of VP has the same contribution to the total project progress as an identical activity completed at level C. However, in EHM method, the contribution of the activity completed at level C to the reported progress is higher than that completed at level A. As discussed above, when work is made more possible at higher levels, the project is said to be having more areas open for work and this is shifting toward flatter project.

# Chapter

# EHM EXPLAINED

## 4.1 The New Indicators

The following definitions have been listed to be used in the EHM method. Those that have newly been introduced by the writer of this report have been tagged as "(new)"

#### AT START (prior to start of activities)

	BTH:	Building Top Height of the Construction (this shall represent the height from ground of the highest considerable horizontal structural element, such as the roof slab of last floor)	
(new)	VC:	Value Center (this represents the point where the center of the budget value of the structure is)	
(new)	BVCH:	Height of VC for the complete building (this is the height in the tower where the Value Center is. The can be calculated as mentioned below) expressed is unit height meters or feet.	
		$BVCH = (\Sigma(FLBAC \times FLHt))/BAC$	
(new)	FLBAC:	Floor Budget at Completion	
(new)	FLHt:	Floor Height in meters or feet	
	BAC:	Budget At Completion of the project	
(new)	BHR:	Building Height Ratio	
		Calculated as: BVCH / BTH	
		This gives indication about the altitude of the high- budget activities in the building. A low BHR means there's lot of work of high value at the lower levels of construction (possibly there are expensive shopping outlets and restaurants in the ground floor). A high BHR is usually expected in towers	

where the first few floors are used for parking.

### AT START – PLANNED

(new)	РТН:	Planned Top Height (this is the planned top height during the course of the project. It can be plotted as an S-curve on a graph where the abscissa is time and the ordinate is height in meters or feet)
(new)	РН:	Planned Height (this is the planned value height during the course of the project. It can be plotted as an S-curve on a graph where the abscissa is time and the ordinate is height in meters or feet)
(new)	PHR:	Planned Height Ratio
		Calculated as PH / PTH

### **DURING CONSTRUCTION- VALUES**

(new)	TH:	Top Height
		Height from ground of the highest considerable horizontal structural element completed at the point of reporting progress.
(new)	EH:	Earned Height (Height of the value center for the current situation during the construction of the project).
(new)	EHR:	Earned Height Ratio
		Calculated as: EH / TH
		This gives indication about the magnitude of the completed activities with respect to the total height reached. A low EHR indicates that the structure is erected much faster than subsequent activities.
		This can also be compared to the PHR. This comparison must be read in conjunction with other indicators before a situation can be judged as favorable or bad.
DURING CONSTR	UCTION - I	<b>NDICATORS</b>

(new)	THPI:	Top Height Performance Index
		THPI = TH / PTH
(new)	HPI:	Height Performance Index
		HPI = EH / PH
		(Note: this is somehow an SPI for the project. However, a more refined SPI shall be explained and discussed later in this report)
(new)	HRPI:	Height EHR / PHR

The above terms can be listed as per table 4.1 below for easier understanding.

	TOTAL	PLANNED	AT REPORTING TIME	INDICATORS or INDICES
Top Height	BTH	РТН	TH	THPI = TH/PTH
Value Center	BVCH	PH	EH	HPI = EH/PH
Height				
Height Ratio	BHR = BVCH/BTH	PHR = PH/PTH	EHR = EH/TH	HRPI = EHR/PHR

Table 4.1 - EHM Terminology

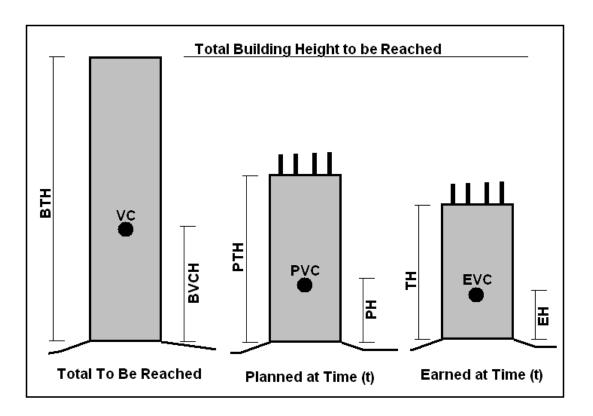


Figure 4.1 - Physical Meaning of EHM Terminology

# 4.2 Structure: The Driving Activity

EVM method has been applied to projects of varying natures such as IT, event management, statistics, car manufacturing, companies restructuring, and hundreds or thousands of other fields. EHM can be applied for, and only for, the construction of vertical projects. Why?

First, the element of height is somehow particular to the physical construction projects, and more to the vertical ones. You can't discuss height in a software development project.

Second, vertical construction projects are driven by the locomotive of all other activities: The Structure. In EVM, the structure is treated no differently than any other activity. Whereas in EHM, the structure is the main platform on which all other activities dwell.

The structure is the activity that opens the floor for all other activities to work. A delay in structure can very hardly be made up for by adding resources. On the other hand, delay in finishes can be compensated by adding more and more crews. Therefore, a certain float in the structure is much more precious than a float of the same duration in other subsequent activities.

To elucidate the above using EHM method, advances in structure mean more like flattening the building which means making the tall structure more like a horizontal one where more activities can be started in parallel. However, advances in subsequent activities (any activity following the structure) extend no help to the "flattening" of the structure. Because of this exclusive characteristic, the structure deserved its title as the "Driving Activity". It can also be regarded as the locomotive of the train towing all other activities.

## 4.3 Applicability of EHM

It stems from the very definition of the term "Project" that any project should be timebound and cost-bound. The managers of construction projects of large scale are particularly concerned about the time and cost and are very unlikely to run the project without clear time schedule and detailed budget.

EHM can be applied in any high-rise construction project having a time schedule and a budget break-down. In this milieu, the word "value" is used. The value can represent the budget, the cost, or the contract price for the particular item.

For the EHM to be applied, the value of the project must be broken down over all the levels (floors) in the project. And within each floor, the floor value can be further broken down into packages. The number of packages depends on the desired level of control. EHM can be applied with just one package per floor and it can also be applied with tens (or more) of packages per floor. When the number of packages is reduced, the time required for applying and updating the EHM forms will be less, but also the quality and detail of information will be lower. A trade-off can always be made between time and information.

After breaking-down the value of the project, the time schedule must be available to predict the planned value of each package at every time interval. The time schedule to be used for this purpose is the baseline time schedule.

# Chapter 5

# HOW TO APPLY EHM

# 5.1 Simple Template

Although software may be used to run the EHM method as described in the following chapters, EHM can be applied by using very simple spreadsheet templates. A template similar to the one below can be used. The templates are also referred to as "tables".

The first table to be prepared is the Value Distribution Table. In this table, the total value of the project is broken down by floor and by packages. Table 5.1 below is an example of a Value Distribution Table.

Examples of packages (just to name a few):

- Structure
- Masonry
- Finishing Works
- Metal Works
- Interior Design Works
- Electrical
- Mechanical

The project can be broken down into any number of user's selected packages. In the example below, the project has been broken down into four packages: Concrete, Finishes, MEP (Mechanical Electrical Plumbing), and Aluminum and Glazing.

Floor	Height	Value	Value * Height	CONCRETE	FINISHES	MEP WORKS	ALUMINUM & GLAZING
Helipad	152.8	2,665	407,212	400	235	30	2,000
URoof	146.58	3,435	503,502	500	235	2,000	70
Roof	140.05	1,885	263,994	500	285	400	70
HC	135.95	1,885	256,266	500	285	400	70
30F	132.45	2,385	315,893	500	785	400	70
29F	128.95	2,385	307,546	500	785	400	70
28F	125.45	2,585	324,288	700	785	400	70
27F	121.95	2,600	317,070	700	800	400	70
26F	118.45	2,600	307,970	700	800	400	70
25F	114.95	2,600	298,870	700	800	400	70
24F	111.45	2,600	289,770	700	800	400	70
23F	107.95	2,785	300,641	900	785	400	70
22F	104.45	2,885	301,338	1,000	785	400	70
21F	100.95	2,885	291,241	1,000	785	400	70
20F	97.45	2,885	281,143	1,000	785	400	70
19F	93.95	2,885	271,046	1,000	785	400	70
18F	90.45	2,885	260,948	1,000	785	400	70
17F	86.95	2,885	250,851	1,000	785	400	70
16F	83.45	2,885	240,753	1,000	785	400	70
15F	79.7	3,285	261,815	1,000	1,185	400	70
14F	76.2	4,285	326,517	1,000	2,185	400	70
13F	72.95	2,885	210,461	1,000	785	400	70
12F	69.45	3,285	228,143	1,000	1,185	400	70
11F	65.95	3,285	216,646	1,000	1,185	400	70
10F	62.45	2,885	180,168	1,000	785	400	70
9F	58.95	2,885	170,071	1,000	785	400	70
8F	55.45	2,885	159,973	1,000	785	400	70
7F	51.95	2,885	149,876	1,000	785	400	70
6F	48.45	2,885	139,778	1,000	785	400	70
5F	44.95	2,850	128,108	1,000	750	400	70
4F	41.45	2,850	118,133	1,000	750	400	70
3F	37.95	2,850	108,158	1,000	750	400	70
2F	34.45	2,850	98,183	1,000	750	400	70
1F	30.95	2,850	88,208	1,000	750	400	70
6P	26.75	2,850	76,238	1,000	750	400	70
5P	22.6	2,850	64,410	1,000	750	400	70
4P	19.2	4,250	81,600	1,000	2,150	400	70
3P	15.8	3,250	51,350	1,000	1,150	400	70
2P	12.4	6,950	86,180	1,000	250	5,000	70
1P	9	6,950	62,550	1,000	250	5,000	70
Attic	5.6	15,250	85,400	1,000	4,150	10,000	10
GF	1.95	15,250	29,738	1,000	4,150	10,000	10
		.8, BVCH=57.9					

Table 5.1 - Template for Value Distribution Table

If the total project value is used and broken down in the Value Distribution Table, this means the value assigned to each cell of the table becomes the value of the work package at the corresponding floor. These values should not change during the course of the project unless additional works or variation orders are introduced.

The value for each work package at each floor is calculated by estimating the percentage of work (depending on the quantity) at that particular floor of that particular work package out of the total value of that work package in the project.

The fourth column of table 5.1 calculates the product of value by the height. This product is main element used to calculate the EH (Earned Height). In the Value Distribution Table, the sum of the product (value x height) for all the floors divided by the sum of the values gives the BVCH (Building Value Center Height). This is equivalent to the ultimate Earned Height at completion of the project.

The ratio of BVCH over the BTH (Building Total Height) returns the BHR (Building Height Ratio) as described by the equation below.

$$BHR = BVCH/BTH$$

The BHR is to be used throughout as a static benchmark to which the PHR (Planned Height Ration) can be compared. The PHR, which is the baseline throughout the course of the project for the EHR (Earned Height Ratio), can be obtained at any point in time by dividing the PH (Planned Height) by the PTH (Planned Total Height) at a certain particular time.

PHR = PH/PTH

Another table (or template) as shown in table 5.2 can be used for entering the planned progress for calculating the PH at the end of every month. When a spreadsheet is used, a new table is needed for every month.

	PLAN	NED PR	O G R E S S	TABLE			As of:	1-Jan- 09
	PTH =	22.00	m	Accomp	Total			
	PH =	8.27 m						
	PHR =	0.38		etir	hes	e.	mur	% mplis d
Floor	Height (FLHt)	Planned Value	Planned Value x Height	Concreting	Finishes	MEP	Aluminum & Glazing	% Accomplishe d
40		-	-					
39		-	-					
38		-	-					
37		-	-					
36		-	-					
35		-	-					
34		-	-					
33		-	-					
32		-	-					
31		-	-					
30		-	-					
29		-	-					
28		-	-					
27		-	-					
26		-	-					
25		-	-					
24		-	-					
23		-	-					
22		-	-					
21		-	-					
20		-	-					

		8,115	67.096					5.36%
GF	2	2,423	4,845	100.00%	5.00%	12.00%	15.00%	15.89%
1	6	2,135	12,807	100.00%	3.00%	10.00%	10.00%	14.00%
2	10	1,350	13,500	100.00%	0.00%	7.00%	0.00%	19.42%
3	14	1,200	16,800	100.00%	0.00%	4.00%	0.00%	17.27%
4	18	758	13,644	75.00%	0.00%	2.00%	0.00%	23.32%
5	22	250	5,500	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.88%
6		-	-					
7		-	-					
8		-	-					
9		-	-					
10		-	-					
11		-	-					
12		-	-					
13		-	-					
14		-	-					
15		-	-					
16		-	-					
17		-	-					
18		-	-					
19		-	-					

8,115 67,096 Table 5.2 - Planned Progress Table (Template)

5.**36**%

A very similar table can be used to input the actual progress and calculate the EH at every month. An example of the actual progress table is shown in table 5.3.

	ACTUAL PROGRESS TABLE												
							As of:	1-Jan- 09					
	TH = EH =	22.00 8.09	m m		olishment (%			Total ey su					
Floor	EHR = Height (FLHt)	0.37 Earned Value	Earned Value x Height	Concreting	Finishes	MEP	Aluminum & Glazing	% Accomplishe d					
40		-	-										
39		-	-										
38		-	-										
37		-	-										
36		-	-										
35		-	-										
34		-	-										
33		-	-										
32		-	-										
31													

	ACTI		ROGR	ESS TA	BIF			
				200 17				
								1-Jan-
	TH =	22.00	 m	Accomp	lishmont (%	) per Scope	As of:	09 Total
	EH =	8.09	m	Accomp		per scope		Iotai
	EHR =	0.37	1					
		-	-					
20								
30		-	-					
29		-	-					
28		-	-					
27		-	-					
26		-	-					
25		-	-					
24		-	-					
23		-	-					
22		-	-					
21		-	-					
20		-	-					
19		-	-					
18		-	-					
17		-	-					
16		-	-					
15		-	-					
14		-	-					
13		-	-					
12		-	_					
11		-	_					
10		-	-					
9		-	-					
8		-	-					
7		-	-					
6		-	-					
5	22	150	3,300	15.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	3.53%
4	18	706	12,708	70.00%	0.00%	1.50%	0.00%	21.72%

	ACTUAL PROGRESS TABLE												
							As of:	1-Jan- 09					
	TH =	22.00	m	Accompl	ishment (%)	per Scope	of Work	Total					
	EH =	8.09	m										
	EHR =	0.37											
3	14	1,150	16,100	100.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%	16.55%					
2	10	1,350	13,500	100.00%	0.00%	7.00%	0.00%	19.42%					
1	6	1,908	11,448	100.00%	0.00%	9.00%	8.00%	12.51%					
GF	2	2,379	4,758	100.00%	4.00%	12.00%	13.00%	15.60%					

7,64361,814Table 5.3 - Actual Progress Table (Template)

# 5.2 Linking EHM to Time Schedules

Probably one of the most burdensome tasks in applying the EHM is to obtain the PH (Planned Height) corresponding to the end of every month (or any other selected time interval). This requires running of the project time schedule for each and every month and reading the percent complete values for all the work packages at all the floors.

While carrying out this research, the attempt to link the developed EHM software tool (described later) to Primavera (the planning software used in the case studies) has been delivering very promising results. Such link, when reliably working, reduces time by automatically querying the Primavera for the percent complete values at the end of every month and returning the results as input to the EHM tool or data-entry table.

# 5.3 EHM Reports

The benefit of EHM method is delivered through its summary report. An example of the report is presented in table 5.4 below. This report has been prepared using a spreadsheet template. Advanced forms of the report produced using HIRI-PRO software are presented in later chapters.

The report shall include the indices of EHM method for every elapsed month. The indices are obtained by dividing the values of TH (Total Height), EH (Earned Height), EHR (Earned Height Ratio) by PTH (Planned Total Height), PH (Panned Height), and PHR (Planned Height Ratio) respectively.

5.04%

Any values of THPI and HPI less than one should be highlighted as being flagged for possible trouble. If HRPI is less than one is not necessarily an unpleasant thing; it only reflects the relative progress of the whole project with respect to the structure. An HRPI less than one means the structure is progressing faster than the entire project and, thus, faster than the other subsequent activities.

	TOTAL			PLANNED			AT PRESENT			INDICATORS			ES Calculations			
Month	BTH	BVCH	BHR	PTH	PH	PHR	TH	EH	EHR	THPI	HPI	HRPI	ES	AD	SV(t)	SPI(t)
0	164	76	0.46	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0	0	Ó	1.00
1	164	76	0.46	5	0	0.00	- 4	0	0.00	0.80	1.00	1.00	1	1	0	1.00
2	164	76	0.46	10	1	0.10	15	1	0.07	1.50	1.00	0.70	2	2	0	1.00
3	164	76	0.46	22	3	0.14	22		0.23	1.00	1.67	1.64	4	3	1	1.17
4	164	76	0.46	40	- 7	0.18	30		0.33	0.75	1.43	1.83	6	4	2	1.38
5	164	76	0.46	60	9	0.15	60	12		1.00	1.33	1.33	7	5	2	1.30
6	164	76	0.46	81	11	0.14	81		0.17	1.00	1.27	1.21	7	6	1	1.13
7	164	76	0.46	100	15	0.15	95		0.21	0.95	1.33	1.40	9	7	2	1.24
8	164	76	0.46	120	18	0.15	120	22	0.18	1.00	1.22	1.20	9	8	1	1.17
9	164	76	0.46	134	21	0.16	130	23	0.18	0.97	1.10	1.13	10	9	1	1.07
10	164	76	0.46	140	24	0.17	135	25		0.96	1.04	1.12	10	10	0	1.03
11	164	76	0.46	153	27	0.18	150		0.17	0.98	0.96	0.94	11	11	-1	0.95
12	164	76	0.46	164	29	0.18	158	27	0.17	0.96		0.94	11	12	-1	0.92
13	164	76	0.46	164	31	0.19	160		0.18	0.98		0.95	12	13	-1	0.92
14	164	76	0.46	164	-33	0.20	164		0.19	1.00	0.94	0.95	14	14	-1	0.96
15	164	76	0.46	164	37	0.23	164			1.00	0.97	0.96	15	15	0	0.98
16	164	76	0.46	164	40	0.24	164			1.00	0.95	0.96	15	16	-1	0.94
17	164	76	0.46	164	42	0.26	164	39		1.00	0.93	0.92	16	17	-1	0.94
18	164	76	0.46	164	45	0.27	164	40	0.24	1.00	0.89	0.89	16	18	-3	0.86
19	164	76	0.46	164	47	0.29										
20	164	76	0.46	164	50	0.30										
21	164	76	0.46	164	54	0.33										
22	164	76	0.46	164	57	0.35										
23	164	76	0.46	164	60	0.37										
24	164	76	0.46	164	62	0.38										
25	164	76	0.46	164	65	0.40										
26	164	76	0.46	164	68	0.41										
27	164	76	0.46	164	71	0.43										
28	164	76	0.46	164	74	0.45										
29	164	76	0.46	164	75	0.46										
30	164	76	0.46	164	76	0.46										

Table 5.4 – Summary Report Table

In the report in table 5.4 above, the Earned Schedule (ES) calculations have also been added for additional information and have been obtained in accordance with the formula of Lipke<sup>10</sup> amended by replacing the EV and PV with EH and PH respectively. SPI(t) was calculated as ES/AD and SV(t) as ES-AD. ES is the Earned Schedule value introduced by Lipke and AD is the actual duration.

Interestingly, the SPI(t), which is supposed to be the corrected SPI of Lipke, has been found to be somehow in line with our HPI (its EHM counterpart). The instances when these two indicators are not close or contradictory are mainly due to the inconsistency in progress of the structure and subsequent activities.

Below is a sample graph that can be obtained from the EVM report. In later chapters, the graph will be explained in detail.

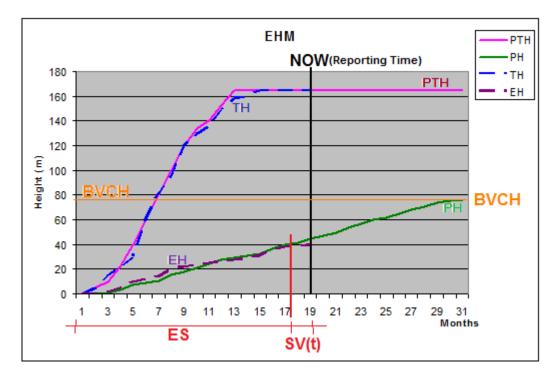


Figure 5.1 - EH graph

### 5.4 Usefulness of the Reports and Indicators

By having the EHM report in hand (as in table 5.4 and figure 5.1), the project manager of a high-rise building project will have access to vital information that's neither directly nor easily obtained from the currently-used project management methods for monitoring progress. The EHM allows the project manager know the status of the progress of the entire project in addition to knowing the relative progress of the "locomotive", or the structure, with respect to its subsequent activities.

**PTH** (Planned Total Height) is the total height the structure is supposed to reach based on the planned progress of work. This should usually refer to the planned progress in the baseline time schedule.

**PH** (Planned Height) is the earned height that was planned to be reached at the reporting time.

**PHR** (Planned Height Ratio), calculated as PH divided by PTH, tells the project manager how the PH is supposed to progress in relation to the PTH according to the baseline time schedule.

**TH** (Total Height) is the direct measurement of the total project height reached at the time of reporting. Usually the reporting is done at monthly interval. The comparison of

TH to PTH, reported in the form of THPI, determines how the structure is doing in comparison to the planned.

**EH** (Earned Height) expresses the real resultant physically-described height the project has reached according the EHM method. Unlike the TH (Total Height) that can be reached by only moving forward with one single activity (the structure), the EH accumulates progress achieved in all the open activities, and thus reflecting the real progress of the entire project.

**EHR** (Earned Height Ratio), which is equal to EH divided by TH at the reporting time, tracks the changes in EH with respect to TH throughout the life cycle of construction. This normally starts high in the project and decreases. It decreases very sharply after the structure is completed and the total height of the building (BTH) is reached. This will fix the denominator of the equation to a constant value while the EH continues to increase until it reaches its maximum height, which is BVCH (Building Value Center Height). For the building to be going as planned, the EHR should be very close to PHR. If EHR is higher than PHR, it doesn't necessarily mean a better achievement than planned unless when the structure is ahead of schedule.

**THPI** (Total Height Performance Index), calculated by dividing the TH by the PTH, advises the project manager if the structure is going as per planned. A THPI greater than one is very desirable and means the structure is going faster than planned and the project is gaining "high-quality" float in its most driving activity.

**HPI** (Height Performance Index), calculated as the division of EH by the PH, informs the project manager about the progress of the entire project. A HPI less than one means the project in its entirety is behind.

**HRPI** (Height Ratio Performance Index), calculated as the division of EHR by the PHR, provides a comparison between the current relative project-to-structure progress against the planned project-to-structure progress. An HRPI greater than one is good news <u>only if</u> the structure is ahead of time, i.e. if the THPI is greater than one.

Having all these gauges on his dashboard, the project manager can evaluate the current progress and spot any drifting from, or lagging behind, the schedule without having to decipher a lengthy bar chart schedule.

An experienced project manager can also use the report for several reasons, such as:

- telling if the project is in delay
- telling if the delay is coming from the structure of subsequent activities, or both
- proper re-assignment of resources
- making trade-offs between float in structure and float in subsequent activities
- knowing the structure total height at any time (useful for crane jacking, hoists raising, regulatory approvals, and materials placing and handling)
- using the historic values of BHR (Building Height Ratio) for parametric estimation of the durations of future projects

## Chapter

#### SOFTWARE

#### 6.1 HIRI-PRO Software

HIRI-PRO software has been developed by this research introduced here for the application of EHM method. The main objective was to have a user-friendly tool that can be used by the volunteered users of the EHM method in the case studies discussed later in this research.

The name HIRI-PRO stems from "High-Rise" and "Project". This software is a tool applicable for the management of high-rise projects.

HIRI-PRO is a database prepared using SQL language and MS ACCESS application. One single database file can be used to store the data of several projects at the same time. It can easily accommodate any project with any number of floors and any number of work packages. In this research, the programming of HIRI-PRO executable file and its database has been done from scratch.

This database has tables capable of storing all the costs (values) in the project distributed over the activities. The heights of floors are entered in the table and therefore each value will have a corresponding height. The database automatically performs the necessary calculations to determine the height of the building value center (BVCH).

The planned values for each work package and each floor are entered into the database and are used as baseline. The database calculates the Planned Height (PH) and Planned Total Height (PTH) for every month. The actual Earned Height (EH) and Total Height (TH) are compared to the PH and PTH by the database.



Figure 6.1 - HIRI-PRO Files

#### 6.2 Getting Started With HIRI-PRO

The steps and explanations in this section have been basically developed to help the user of HIRI-PRO get through the software and be able to operate it. The users who have used HIRI-PRO in the five case studies, to be reported later in this dissertation, have been trained by the researcher to work according to these steps. HIRI-PRO can be easily installed by copying its two files from the installation disk. The two files needed are (as shown in figure 6.1):

- HIRI-PRO.exe (the executing file)
- PMOT\_EHM\_DATA.mdb (the database file)

HIRI-PRO.exe operates the database. It starts the database, queries its tables, and triggers the reports generation.

PMOT\_EHM\_DATA.mdb is an MS ACCESS database containing tables, forms, queries, macros, and reports. This is where the data corresponding to projects is actually stored.

HIRI-PRO - [HIRI-PRO]	and the second se								
5. File Reports		_ 8 ×							
HIRL-PRO     AL BARSHA TOWER     BUSINESS BAY TOWER     DUBAI MARINA TOWER     DUBAI MARINA TOWER     FUJEIRAH HOTEL RESORT     G FUJEIRAH HOTEL RESORT     SHARJAH RESIDENTIAL TOWER	All Projects     Image: Code       Value Distribution - Values per Scope of Work       Work Package       Value       Code								
	Planned Progress Se Work Package	p-2008 + Actual Progress Sep-2008 + Value Work Package Value							
	Planned Progress of A         Sep-2008           Floor         Height         Planned           Value         PV * Height	Height     Evanue     Evanue     Evanue     Evanue     Evanue     Evanue							
	Totals:-	Totals:-							

Figure 6.2 - Main Screen in HIRI-PRO

HIRI-PRO is directly run by double clicking the HIRI-PRO.exe icon. Upon start-up, the screen shown in figure 6.2 will appear. This screen here shows an already-populated database including the five projects subjects of the case studies considered later in this research.

HIRI-PRO													Project: DUBAI MARINA TOWER All Floors Value Distribution - Values per Scope of Work											
AL BARSHA TOWER			tion - Va	alues pe			1100																	
BUSINESS BAY TOWER		Package				Code																		
FUJEIRAH HOTEL RESORT	CONC				270,007																			
SHARJAH RESIDENTIAL TOWER	FINISH	1ES			270,000 180,000																			
-		NUM & GLAZ	ING		179,982																			
	Plann	ed Progr	ress				s	Sep - 2008 - ÷	Actu	Jal Progre	ss					Sep -2008								
		Package		1	Value	1	1-		-	k Package		1	Value	1		1								
	WORK	uckuge			Vulue					k i dekage			VOICE				i							
									1		6.00	-					1							
							10 A	State Street Street	-	ual Progre						1008 ÷ 🞒								
	Plant	Height	ress of <i>I</i> Planned Value	All Floor PV * Height		he Monti FINISHES	10 A					Floors ( EV * Height		FINISHES										
			Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	-	Height 61.25	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14	Height 61.25 57.75	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14	Height 61.25 57.75	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75 33.25	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75 33.25	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								
	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75	Planned Value	PV *			10 A	State Street Street	Floor 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	Height 61.25 57.75 54.25 50.75 47.25 43.75 40.25 36.75 33.25 29.75	Eearned Value	EV *				ALUMINU								

Figure 6.3 - Screen for distribution of Planned and Actual

In the screen shown in figure 6.2, when the cursor is placed on one project, the right side of the screen displays the value distribution and the planned and actual recorded progress for that particular project (as shown in figure 6.3). This is kind of quick report about the status. The more formal report will be discussed below.

To start with HIRI-PRO, a new project has to be created. A new project can be added to the database anytime by rightclicking at the HIRI-PRO root directory in the screen shown in figure 6.2. A screen such as the one shown in figure 6.4 will open where the new project can be added. The project will automatically be saved.

A project can be easily deleted by right clicking on the project name in the screen of figure 6.2. This allows the user to delete or edit the project.

w Project	and the second			<b></b> X
Project Code: Project Name: Total Floors: Start Date: Planner File:	14-11-2008	•	Finish Date:	14-05-2009
			ОК	Cancel

Figure 6.4 - Screen for adding a new project

#### 6.3 Data Collection and Input

After a project is added, the value of the project has to be broken down over the floors and the work packages to produce what we call here Value Distribution Table. The distribution of values has to take place at each and every level. This is done by expanding the directory of the project where values are desired to be added. After expanding the project directory, all the floors in the project will be shown as per figure 6.5. Then, the value for each work package can be entered for the selected floor.

	Proje	ect: DUBA	I MARIN	IN TOWER	No. of the local division of the local divis												Floo	or: 4
AL BARSHA TOWER		e Distribu	tion - Va	alues per														
BUSINESS BAY TOWER DUBAI MARINA TOWER		Package			Value				alu	<b>A</b> S <b>A</b>	ntere	d her	-					
50	CONC			- 1	2,980 4,050			- '	aiu	63 6	interes	uner	2					
	MEP				1,800	4												
	ALUMI	NUM & GLAZ	ING	1	1,800	4-												
47				1		1												
46						/		-	_									
	Plan	ned Progr	ress, Flo	oor: 42				May-20	08 ÷	Actua	I Progre	ss, Floor	: 42				May-20	008 -
		Package			Value					Work P	Package			Value				
-642	Height				155.75					Height				155.75				
41		d Value d Value * He	sight							Actual	Value Value * Heid	alat						
		CRETE	agric		0.00						RETE	gine		0.00				
	FINIS	SHES			0.00					FINIS	HES			0.00				
	MEP		77010		0.00					MEP		775.10		0.00				
37 36 36	ALUM	1INUM & GLA % Accomplish			0.00					ALUM	INUM & GLA			0.00 0.00 0.00				
37 36 35	ALUM Total 9	% Accomplisi	ned		0.00					ALUM Total 9	6 Accomplis	ned		0.00				
	ALUM Total 9		ned	All Floors	0.00		May	-2008 🕂 🕌	1	ALUM Total 9	6 Accomplis	ned	Floors	0.00	Month	May	-2008 🕂	3
37 36 35	ALUM Total 9	% Accomplisi	ned ress of / Planned	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t		1		То: ^	ALUM Total 9	6 Accomplis	ss of All Eearned	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the	FINISHES	- Bassanda	ALUMINU	
	ALUM Total 9 Plann	% Accomplish	ned ress of / Planned Value		0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second		ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor	6 Accomplisi	ss of All Eearned Value		0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda		
37 36 35 35 34 33 22 31 31 30	ALUM Total 9 Plant Floor	% Accomplish ned Progr Height	ned ress of / Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: ^	ALUM Total 9	6 Accomplis	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	То
37 36 35 35 34 33 31 31 30 22	ALUM Total 9 Plann Floor 34	% Accomplish ned Progr Height 127.75	Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: ^	ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor 34	6 Accomplisi	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	To
37     37     35     34     32     31     30     29     29     28	ALUM Total 9 Plann Floor 34 33	Height 127.75 124.25	ned ress of / Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: ^	ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor 34 33	6 Accomplisi I Progre Height 127.75 124.25	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	To
37     37     35     35     33     32     31     29     28     27	ALUM Total 9 Plann Floor 34 33 32	% Accomplish Height 127.75 124.25 120.75	ned ress of / Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: *	ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor 34 33 32	6 Accomplisi 1 Progre Height 127.75 124.25 120.75	ned <b>55 of All</b> Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	To
37     37     35     34     32     31     30     29     29     28	ALUM Total 9 Plann Floor 34 33 32 31	<ul> <li>Accomplish</li> <li>Height</li> <li>127.75</li> <li>124.25</li> <li>120.75</li> <li>117.25</li> </ul>	ned ress of / Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To * 0 0 0	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31	Accomplisite Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25	ned ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	
37     37     35     35     33     33     33     33     33     33     33     31     30     32     28     22     28     22     26	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30	<ul> <li>Accomplish</li> <li>Height</li> <li>127.75</li> <li>124.25</li> <li>120.75</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>113.75</li> </ul>	ress of / Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: * 0 0 0 0	ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor 34 33 32 31 30	Accomplisite Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 113.75	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	
37     37     33     35     33     34     32     33     32     33     32     33     29     29     28     27     28     27     25	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29	% Accomplish Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 113.75 110.25	ned Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: ^ 0 0 0 0 0 0	ALUM Total 9 Actua Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29	Accomplisite Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 113.75 110.25	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	То
37         35         35         33         33         31         32         33         23         34         29         28         27         27         27         28         29         28         29         28         29         28         29         28         29         22	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28	<ul> <li>Accomplish</li> <li>Height</li> <li>127.75</li> <li>124.25</li> <li>120.75</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>113.75</li> <li>110.25</li> <li>106.75</li> </ul>	ress of <i>I</i> Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To: *	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28	6 Accomplisite Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 117.25 113.75 110.25 106.75	ned ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	
37         35         35         33         33         31         32         33         34         35         31         32         33         34         35         36         37         38         39         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         31         32         33         34         35         36         37         38         39         30         31         32         33         34         35         36         37         38         39         310         32         33         34         35         36 <td>ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27</td> <td>% Accomplish Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 113.75 110.25 106.75 103.25</td> <td>ress of <i>I</i> Planned Value</td> <td>PV *</td> <td>0.00 0.00 during t</td> <td>he Month</td> <td>1</td> <td>and a second second second</td> <td>To ^ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td> <td>ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27</td> <td><ul> <li>Accomplisit</li> <li>Progree</li> <li>Height</li> <li>127.75</li> <li>124.25</li> <li>120.75</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>113.75</li> <li>110.25</li> <li>106.75</li> <li>103.25</li> </ul></td> <td>ss of All Eearned Value</td> <td>EV *</td> <td>0.00 0.00 during the</td> <td></td> <td>- Bassanda</td> <td>ALUMINU</td> <td></td>	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27	% Accomplish Height 127.75 124.25 120.75 117.25 113.75 110.25 106.75 103.25	ress of <i>I</i> Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To ^ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27	<ul> <li>Accomplisit</li> <li>Progree</li> <li>Height</li> <li>127.75</li> <li>124.25</li> <li>120.75</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>117.25</li> <li>113.75</li> <li>110.25</li> <li>106.75</li> <li>103.25</li> </ul>	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	
37         35         35         33         33         31         32         33         23         34         29         28         27         27         27         28         29         28         29         28         29         28         29         28         29         22	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 31 30 29 28 27 26	K Accomplish Height 127.75 124.25 127.75 124.25 117.25 110.25 106.75 103.25 99.75	Planned Value	PV *	0.00 0.00 during t	he Month	1	and a second second second	To 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ALUM Total 9 Floor 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26	6 Accomplisit Height 127.75 124.25 127.75 117.25 113.75 110.25 106.75 103.25 99.75	ss of All Eearned Value	EV *	0.00 0.00 during the		- Bassanda	ALUMINU	

Figure 6.5 - Screen used for distributing the value over the floors and packages

By assigning the values to all the floors and respective work packages, the screen shall look like the Value Distribution Table in figure 6.5.

				_	_			
alue Dist	ribution							×
								4
Floor	Height	Value	Value * Height	CONCRETIN	FINISHES	MEP WORKS	ALUMINUM & GLAZING	
Helipad	152.8	2,665	407,212	400	235	30	2,000	
URoof	146.58	3,435	503,502	500	235	2,000	700	
Roof	140.05	1,885	263,994	500	285	400	700	
HC	135.95	1,885	256,266	500	285	400	700	
30F	132.45	2,385	315,893	500	785	400	700	
29F	128.95	2,385	307,546	500	785	400	700	
28F	125.45	2,585	324,288	700	785	400	700	
27F	121.95	2,600	317,070	700	800	400	700	
26F	118.45	2,600	307,970	700	800	400	700	
25F	114.95	2,600	298,870	700	800	400	700	
24F	111.45	2,600	289,770	700	800	400	700	
23F	107.95	2,785	300,641	900	785	400	700	
22F	104.45	2,885	301,338	1,000	785	400	700	
21F	100.95	2,885	291,241	1,000	785	400	700	
20F	97.45	2,885	281,143	1,000	785	400	700	
19F	93.95	2,885	271,046	1,000	785	400	700	
18F	90.45	2,885	260,948	1,000	785	400	700	
17F	86.95	2,885	250,851	1,000	785	400	700	
16F	83.45	2,885	240,753	1,000	785	400	700	
15F	79.7	3,285	261,815	1,000	1,185	400	700	
14F	76.2	4,285	326,517	1,000	2,185	400	700	
13F	72.95	2,885	210,461	1,000	785	400	700	
12F	69.45	3,285	228,143	1,000	1,185	400	700	
11F	65.95	3,285	216,646	1,000	1,185	400	700	
10F	62.45	2,885	180,168	1,000	785	400	700	
9F	58.95	2,885	170,071	1,000	785	400	700	
8F	55.45	2,885	159,973	1,000	785	400	700	
7F	51.95	2,885	149,876	1,000	785	400	700	
6F	48.45	2,885	139,778	1,000	785	400	700	
5F	44.95	2,850	128,108	1,000	750	400	700	
4F	41.45	2,850	118,133	1,000	750	400	700	
3F	37.95	2,850	108,158	1,000	750	400	700	-

Figure 6.6 Screen shot from HIRI-PRO showing the Value Distribution Table

The Value Distribution Table can be printed from HIRI-PRO and it should look like in figure 6.6 above. It can also be printed using the HIRI-PRO reporting feature and it will look like table 6.1 below.

Nor         Work Package         Height         Value		Floors: Start Date: 1-Feb-2006				
Helipad         152.80         2.665.00         407.           CDVCRETING RUDGES ALLMONUM & GLAZING         145.28         2.665.00         407.           WEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         146.58         3.465.00         582.           CDVCRETING RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         146.58         3.465.00         582.           RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         300.00         700.00         700.00           ROOT         CONCRETING RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         285.00         400.00         700.00           NORES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         135.95         1,385.00         296.00         700.00           NORES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00         296.00         700.00           SOF         CONCRETING RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00         296.00         305.00           CONCRETING RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00         305.00         700.00         700.00           28F         CONCRETING RUDGES MEW CONS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         128.95         2,385.00         304.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00			Contraction of the second s	<b>U-200</b> 8		
CONCRETING RINSHES         Image         Image <th>Floar</th> <th>Work Package</th> <th>Height</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Value * Height</th>	Floar	Work Package	Height	Value	Value * Height	
CONGRETING RINSHES         40000 23000           METWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         20000           URGOF         146.58         3.465.60         5820           CONGRETING RINSHES METWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         3000         25000         25000           Roof         CONGRETING RINSHES         28500         40000         2600           Roof         CONGRETING RINSHES         28500         40000         2600           METWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         28500         40000         70000         2600           NEC         CONGRETING RINSHES         28500         40000         70000         2600           METWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         135.95         1,385.00         256,0         256,0           CONGRETING RINSHES         S00,00         700,00         700,00         256,0           CONGRETING RINSHES         132.45         2,385,00         315,00         315,00           CONGRETING RINSHES         735,00         40000         700,00         256,00         307,00           28F         CONGRETING RINSHES         125,45         2,385,00         307,00         256,00         304,00         256,00         304,00         256,00         304,00         256,00         304,00         304,00	Helipad		152.80	2.665.00	407.212.	
MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         30.00 2,00.00           URoof ALLMONUM & GLAZING         146.58         3.02.00 2,00.00           CONSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         146.58         3.02.00 2,00.00           Roof CONSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         20000         20000           HEC         0         225.00 2,200.00         20000           HEC         00005ETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         135.55         1.385.00         256.00 00000           GONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2.385.00         335.7 00000           30F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2.385.00         335.7 00000           22F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2.385.00         307.7 0000           22F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2.385.00         307.7 0000           22F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2.386.00         304.7 0000           22F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2.460.00         304.7 0000           22F         CONOSETTING RINENES MEP VICRUS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2.460.00 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
ALLMINUM & GLAZING         2,000.00           URGOT         146.58         3.405.00         5.000           CONCRETING         2,000.00         2,000.00         2,000.00         2,000.00           ROOT         CONCRETING         200.00         2,000.00         2,000.00         2,000.00           ROOT         CONCRETING         CONCRETING         225.00         40.000         40.000           RIALMONIM & GLAZING         225.00         40.000         40.000         40.000         225.00           HC         CONCRETING         335.95         3.085.00         225.00         40.000           HC         CONCRETING         30.00         70.00         225.00         40.000         225.00           MEP WORKS         ALLMINIM & GLAZING         30.00         700.00         235.00         30.00         235.00         30.00         235.00         30.00         235.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00         30.00<		and a second				
URbof         146.58         3.45.50         502.00           CONCRETING RINEWORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         200.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         205.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         700.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         205.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400.00         400						
CONCRETING RINSHES         Dital         Stituto           MEW WORKS ALLMINUM & GLZING         255.00 225.00 225.00 225.00 2000         260.00 225.00 2000         260.00 2000           Roof         CONCRETING RINSHES         ado.WorkDesc (String) 40000         260.00 255.00 2000         260.00 255.00 2000           HC         135.95         1,285.00 40000         255.00 2000         256.00 2000           HC         135.95         1,285.00 225.00         256.00 225.00         256.00 225.00           CONCRETING RINSHES         30.00 80.00         30.00 700.00         30.00 700.00         315.45           30F         CONCRETING RINSHES         322.95         2.385.00 700.00         315.7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES         S00.00 700.00         307.7 700.00         304.7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES         30.00 700.00         304.7 700.00         304.7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES         30.00 700.00         304.7 700.00         304.7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES         30.00 700.00         304.7 700.00		ALLMINUM & GLAZING		2,000.00		
RINES-ES MER WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         ZESSO 2000.00 700.00         ZESSO 2000.00           Roof	URoof	2 2	146.58	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	503.502.3	
MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         2000           Roof         ado.WorkDesc (String) RNSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         35.95         1.885.00         256.00           HC         315.95         1.885.00         40.000         40.000         40.000           HC         CONCRETING RINSHES         305.00         315.95         1.885.00         256.00           MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         135.95         1.885.00         256.00         300.00           SOF         CONCRETING RINSHES         900.00         700.00         700.00         700.00           30F         CONCRETING RINSHES         312.45         2.885.00         315.95         315.95           RINSHES         MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         122.45         2.385.00         307.00           23F         CONCRETING RINSHES         128.95         2.385.00         307.00           23F         CONCRETING RINSHES         128.45         2.985.00         307.00           23F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00           23F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00						
ALLMONUM & GLAZING         70000           Roof         ado.WorkDesc (String)         2820           CONCRETING         2850         2850           HEW WORKS         40000         40000           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         135.55         1,985.00         256,00           CONCRETING         70000         70000         70000           HE         CONCRETING         305.55         1,985.00         256,00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00         256,00           CONCRETING         70000         70000         70000           30F         CONCRETING         32.45         2,385.00         307,000           MEW WORKS         MEW MORKS         70000         70000         70000           29F         CONCRETING         122.45         2,385.00         307,000           CONCRETING         S0000         70000         70000         70000           29F         CONCRETING         125.45         2,385.00         304,000           CONCRETING         RIMEWORKS         40000         70000         70000           20F         CONCRETING         125.45         2,560.00         304,000           CONCRETING         RIMEWO						
Roof         ado.WorkDesc (String)         2834           CONCRETING FINSHES MEWORKS ALLMOUND & GLZING         28500 (1000         28500 (1000         28500 (1000           HC         135.95         1,385.90         296( (2000)         296( (2000)         28500 (1000)           HC         CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS         132.45         2,385.00         296( (2000)           30F         CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS         132.45         2,385.00         315,45           CONCRETING RIVENES         S0000         70000         307,4000           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         300,00         70000           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         785,00         307,4000           CONCRETING RIVENES         785,00         307,4000           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         785,00         307,4000           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         785,00         304,4000           ALLMONUM & GLZING         700,00         700,00         700,00           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         700,00         700,00           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         700,00         700,00           29F         CONCRETING RIVENES         700,00         700,00           29F         CONC						
CONCRETING         ado.WorkDesc (String)           RINSHES         285.00           MEWORKS         400.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         135.95         1,385.50           HC         135.95         1,385.50         296,00           CONCRETING         300.00         300,00         312,45         2,385.00           MEWORKS         MEWORKS         400.00         400.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         305         312,45         2,385.00         315,95           GONCRETING         S00.00         700.00         700.00         305           CONCRETING         S00.00         700.00         700.00           30F         CONCRETING         S00.00         700.00           25F         CONCRETING         S00.00         307,           CONCRETING         785.00         307,           RINGENES         785.00         307,           CONCRETING         700.00         700.00           28F         CONCRETING         700.00         700.00           RINGENES         2,585.00         334,         700.00           27F         CONCRETING         700.00         700.00           RINGENES         800.	_	ALLMINUM & GLAZING		700.00		
RNSNES         235.00           MEWORKS         40000           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         335.95           MEWORKS         3000           CONCRETING         335.95           RINSNES         285.00           MEWORKS         285.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         335.95           MEWORKS         285.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         285.00           30F         132.45         2,385.00           CONCRETING         700.00           RINSNES         785.00           MEWORKS         700.00           29F         CONCRETING         307.           CONCRETING         3128.95         2,385.00           MEWORKS         400.00         400.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         700.00           29F         CONCRETING         700.00           RINSNES         400.00         400.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00           Z9F         CONCRETING         700.00           CONCRETING         700.00         700.00           RINSNES         2,980.00         304.00           CONCRETING         700.00         700.00	Roof		ado WorkDe	esc (String)	261.994.2	
MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         40000 70000           HC         40000 70000         40000 70000           MC         135.95         1,985.00 285.00         285.00 40000           RUSKS MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00 70000         315.7 70000           30F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00 70000         315.7 70000           29F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         122.45         2,385.00 70000         307.7 70000           29F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,385.00 70000         307.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,385.00 70000         304.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,600.00         307.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         118.45         2,600.00         307.7 70000         307.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         118.45         2,600.00         307.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES ALLMONUM & GLAZING         118.45         2,600.00         307.7 70000           20F         CONCRETING RINSKES			add.montbe		1	
ALLMINUM & GLAZING         70000           HC         135.95         1,385.90         256,00           CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         30         305,00         302,00         303,00           30F         CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         132,45         2,385,00         315,47           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,385,00         307,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES MEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,385,00         307,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,385,00         307,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,385,00         304,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,385,00         304,7000           20F         MEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122,45         2,560,00         304,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING         121,45         2,660,00         307,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES         RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING         131,45         2,660,00         307,7000           20F         CONCRETING RIVENES         RIVENES ALLMINUM & GLAZING						
HC         135.95         1,885.00         256,00           CONCRETING RINEWORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         300,00         300,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         285,00         305,00         700,000         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,00         700,				100 C 100		
CONCRETING FINISHES METWORKS ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S00.00 285.00 285.00 700.00 700.00           30F         132.45         2,285.00 235.00 700.00 700.00         315,4 200.00 700.00           30F         CONCRETING FINISHES METWORKS ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S00.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES METWORKS ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S02.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES METWORKS ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S25.65         2,385.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S25.65         2,385.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S25.65         7,800.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S25.65         7,800.00 700.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S25.65         3,000.00         307,7 700.00           29F         CONCRETING FINISHES ALLIMINUM & GLAZING         S2,600.00         307,7 700.00	-		176.00		256,265.7	
RMSHES         22500           MEW WORKS         40000           30F         132.45         2,385.00           CONSETING         78500         78500           MEW WORKS         78500         78500           MEW WORKS         78500         78500           MEW WORKS         70000         70000           29F         CONSETING         300,           CONSETING         300,         70000           CONSETING         300,         70000           CONSETING         300,         70000           CONSETING         200,         300,           CONSETING         125,45         2,385,00           MEW WORKS         40000         40000           Z0F         CONSETING         70000           RIMSHES         70000         70000           RIMSHENES         70000         70000           RIMSHENES         80000         300,           MEW WORKS         80000         300,           ALLMONIM & GLAZING         121,95         2,600,00           Z0F         CONSETING         80000         300,           RIMSHENES         80000         300,         70000           ALLMO	THL.	CONCRETING	145.95		20,00.7	
MF WORKS ALLMONUM & CLAZING         132,45 (000 CPT TWG FINGHES MF WORKS ALLMONUM & CLAZING         132,45 (000 CPT TWG FINGHES         132,45 (000 CPT TWG FINGHES        132,45 (000 CPT T				100000		
ALLMANUM & GLAZING         70000           30F         CMORETING CMORETING MIEWORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         132.45         2,385.00         315,4 500,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES MIEWORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         128,95         2,385.00         307,7 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES MIEWORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         125,45         2,385.00         307,7 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES MIEWORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         125,45         2,385.00         334,4 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         125,45         2,385.00         334,4 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         121,95         2,560.00         337,4 700,00           27F         COVORETING RIKENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         121,95         2,600.00         337,4 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         121,95         2,600.00         337,4 700,00           27F         COVORETING RIKENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         131,45         2,600.00         337,4 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES         311,14,5         2,600.00         337,4 700,00           28F         COVORETING RIKENES         311,14,5         2,600.00         337,4 700,00						
CONCRETING RINSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         500.00 785.00 128.95           29F         128.95         2,385.00 300,700.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         500.00 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,385.00 400.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,585.00 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00 400.00         334, 700.00           27F         CONCRETING RINSHES ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00 700.00         337, 700.00           27F         CONCRETING RINSHES ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00 700.00         337, 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         2,600.00         337, 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         307, 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         307, 700.00						
RNSHES MIF WORKS ALLMONUM & GLZING         785.00 400.00           29F         CONCRETING RINSHES ALLMONUM & GLZING         128.95         2.385.00         307, 000.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES ALLMONUM & GLZING         500.00         785.00         785.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         125.45         2.585.00         330, 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         700.00         700.00           27F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         3107, 700.00         700.00         3107, 700.00           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         700.00         700.00         3107, 700.00	30F		132.45	2,385.00	315,893.2	
MEP WORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         40000 70000           29F         CONORETING RINENES MEP WORKS ALLMANUM & GLAZING         3000 70000           28F         CONORETING RINENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,585.00           28F         CONORETING RINENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         125.45         2,585.00         3300           28F         CONORETING RINENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         121.54         2,660.00         3307           27F         CONORETING RINENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         121.95         2,660.00         3107           28F         CONORETING RINENES         111.45         2,660.00         307           27F         CONORETING RINENES ALLMANUM & GLAZING         111.45         2,660.00         307           28F         CONORETING RINENES         111.45         2,660.00         307           28F         CONORETING RINENES         111.45         2,660.00         307		CONGRETING		500.00		
ALLMINUM & GLAZING         70000           29F         122.95         2,385.00         307/2           COVCRETING FINGNESS MEP WORKS ALLMINUM & GLAZING         122.65         30000 40000         304/2           Z8F         COVCRETING FINGNESS MEP WORKS ALLMONIM & GLAZING         125.45         2,386.00         304/2           COVCRETING FINGNESS MEP WORKS ALLMONIM & GLAZING         70000         70000         307/2           Z9F         COVCRETING FINGNESS MEP WORKS ALLMONIM & GLAZING         121.95         2,600.00         307/2           20F         MEP WORKS ALLMONIM & GLAZING         113.45         2,600.00         307/2           20F         COVCRETING FINGNESS MEP WORKS ALLMONIM & GLAZING         113.45         2,600.00         307/2           20F         COVCRETING FINGNESS         113.45         2,600.00         307/2           20F         COVCRETING FINGNESS         113.45         2,600.00         307/2						
29F         122.95         2,385.00         307,           COVORETING FUNSHES         S00.00         785.00         307,           ALLMONIUM & GLAZING         700.00         785.00         700.00           28F         COVORETING FUNSHES         700.00         700.00           ALLMONIUM & GLAZING         700.00         700.00         700.00           28F         COVORETING FUNSHES         700.00         700.00         700.00           27F         COVORETING FUNSHES         700.00         307,         700.00         317,           COVORETING FUNSHES         121.95         2,600.00         317,         700.00         307,           27F         COVORETING FUNSHES         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00         700.00						
CONCRETING         S00.00           FINENCES         755.00           MEP WORKS         400.00           ALLMONUMA.GLAZING         700.00           28F         CONCRETING         700.00           GINCRETING         700.00         700.00           ALLMONUMA.GLAZING         700.00         700.00           Z7F         CONCRETING         700.00           GINCRETING         121.95         2,600.00           RINENCES         700.00         3137/           CONCRETING         700.00         3157/           CONCRETING         700.00         3157/           CONCRETING         700.00         3157/           CONCRETING         700.00         3157/           Z8F         CONCRETING         700.00           ALLMONUM & CLAZING         1131.45         2,660.00           26F         CONCRETING         700.00           FINENCES         300.00         307/		ALLMINUM & GLAZING		700.00		
RNSHES MEWORKS ALMONIA & LAZING         785.00 400.00           28F         CONSETTING RUSHES         700.00           MEWORKS ALMONIA & LAZING         700.00         700.00           Z7F         CONSETTING RIVENES ALMONIA & LAZING         700.00           RIVES ALMONIA & CLAZING         121.95         2,660.00           27F         CONSETTING RIVENES ALMONIA & CLAZING         700.00           26F         CONSETTING RIVENES         113.45         2,660.00           26F         CONSETTING RIVENES         700.00         307.	29F		128.95		307,545.7	
MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         40000 70000           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES MEP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         70000 70000         70000 70000           27F         CONCRETING RINSHES ALLMONUM & GLAZING         121.95         2,600.00         337/ 40000           27F         CONCRETING RINSHES         70000         70000         317/ 70000         310/ 70000         310/ 70000           28F         CONCRETING RINSHES         118.45         2,600.00         307/ 70000						
ALLMNUM & GLAZING         70000           ZBF         CONCRETING RAUSHES MEWORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         70000 70000         70000 40000           Z7F         CONCRETING RAUSHES MEWORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         121.95         2,660.00         337/ 70000           Z7F         CONCRETING RAUSHES MEWORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         131.95         2,660.00         337/ 70000           Z8F         CONCRETING RAUSHES         313.45         2,600.00         307/ 70000           Z8F         CONCRETING RAUSHES         131.45         2,600.00         307/ 70000						
ZBF         125.45         2,585.00         334, 700,00           CONCRETING RINSHES MEWORKS ALLMONUM & CLAZING         700,00         700,00         700,00           ZZF         CONCRETING RINSHES MEWORKS ALLMONUM & CLAZING         121.95         2,660,00         337, 700,00           ZZF         MEWORKS ALLMONUM & CLAZING         121.95         2,660,00         337, 700,00           ZEF         CONCRETING RINSHES         1131,45         2,600,00         307, 700,00           ZEF         CONCRETING RINSHES         1131,45         2,600,00         307, 700,00						
CONCRETING         700.00           RINSHES         785.00           MEP WORKS         785.00           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00           ZZF         2,600.00         3137,           CONCRETING         700.00         3137,           CONCRETING         700.00         310,           PI/USHES         300,00         310,           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         307,           CONCRETING         700.00         307,           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         307,           Z6F         CONCRETING         700.00         307,           TIGSHES         2,600.00         307,           ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         307,	1111	ALL THE TO ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL		1000		
RNSHES ME WORKS ALLMONIA & GLZINS         785.00 400.00           ZZF         COVIDETING RASHES ME WORKS ALLMONIA & GLZINS         121.95 200 300.00         700.00 300.00           Z8F         COVIDETING RASHES         118.45 2,600.00         2,600.00         307.00           28F         COVIDETING RASHES         118.45 2,600.00         2,600.00         307.00	28F		125.45		324, 288. 2	
MP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         40000 70000           27F         121.95         2,600.00         317/ 70000           CONCRETING FINISHES MP WORKS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         70000 40000         307/ 70000           26F         CONCRETING FINISHES         2,600.00         307/ 70000           70000         118.45         2,600.00         307/ 70000						
ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00           ZZF         121.95         2,600.00         3317/           CONCRETING FINISHES MEW LORIS ALLMONUM & GLAZING         700.00         34000         400.00           26F         CONCRETING FINISHES         1181.45         2,600.00         3307/           26F         CONCRETING FINISHES         700.00         3007/						
International Constraints         In				0.00000000		
CONSETTING         700.00           FINISHES         800.00           MEP WORKS         400.00           ALLINIG         700.00           26F         2,600.00           CONSETTING         700.00           FINISHES         2,600.00           FINISHES         800.00	776	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	171.07		317,070.0	
FINES-RES MEP WORKS ALLOWING A GLAZING         800.00 400.00 700.00           26F         118.45         2,600.00         307.4 700.00           CONCRETING FINES-RES         800.00         300.4	21	OWREETING	14.95	5-5-7 (2. 87 A)	317,0/0.0	
MF WORKS ALLMONLIM & GLAZING         400.00 700.00           26F         1131.45         2,600.00         307, 700.00           COVOXETING FUNCHES         700.00         300,						
ALIMINUM & G. J2003         700.00           26F         118.45         2,600.00         307, CONCRETING FINISHES				1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.		
COVORETING 700.00 RINSHES 800.00				and the second sec		
FINISHES 800.00	26F		118.45	2,600.00	307,970.0	
		CONCRETING		700.00		
		FINISHES		800.00		
		MEP WORKS		400.00		
ALLMINUM & GLAZING 700,00		ALLMINUM & GLAZING		700.00		

Table 6.1 - Value Distribution Table in printable form produced by HIRI-PRO

Back to the screen of figure 6.5, the planned values have to be entered there. All is needed is to know at every reporting time interval the percent complete for each work package at each floor. This can be done by running the planning software once for each required date.

During the course of the project, the actual percent complete has to be entered for each floor for each work package. This allows HIRI-PRO to calculate the EH. The actually reached TH (Total Height) has to be entered as input in order to have all the ratios and indices calculated.

### 6.4 Generating Reports Using HIRI-PRO

HIRI-PRO can quickly and automatically generate an up-to-date EHM report based on the latest information entered. The report is produced by right-clicking on the project name and the select "Summary Report". This returns a summary report as shown in table 6.2 below including all the ratios and indices of the EHM method. Additionally, the terms of the EVM and ES methods have been added for the sake of comparison.

										SHARJAH	RESIDER	TIAL	OWER	•				
											Floors: 4	12						
									Start	Date: 1-Feb-2	006	Finish	Date:	30-Jul-3	2008			
										Sui	mmary	Repor	t					
lonth	PTH (m)	PH (m)	PHR	TH (m)	EH (m)	EHR	THPI	HPI	HRPI	PV (AED)	EV (AED)	SPI	ES (mo)	AD (mo)	SV(t) (mo)	SPI(t)	COMMENT / ANALYSIS	Rating
1	9	5	0.54	5.60	3.68	0.66	0.62	0.76	1.72	2,500	1,900	0.76	0.66	1.00	-0.34	0.66	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Admities delayed less than structure	Alarming
2	16	8	0.52	15.80	7.83	0.50	1.00	0.96	0.96	4,500	4,300	0.96	1.89	2.00	-0.11	0.95	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Adivities behind	Alarming
3	23	12		22.60	10.72	0.47	1.00	0.93	0.92		6,000	0.92	2.76	3.00	-0.24		Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
4	31	15	0.49	30.95	14.67	0.47	1.00	0.97	0.96		8,250	0.97	3.73	4.00	-0.27		Project behind, Stucture on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
5	38	17	0.45	37.95	17.76	0.47	1.00	1.05	1.04		12,345	1.04	5.91	5.00	0.91		Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Adivities ahead	
6	45	18	0.40	48.45	18.52	0.38	1.08	1.04	0.95		17,758	1.08	7.19	6.00	1.19	1.000	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead less than structure	
8	52	18	0.35	51.95	17.73	0.34	1.00	0.96	0.97		22,210	1.00	7.21	7.00	0.21		Project behind, Stucture on time, Subsequent Activities behind Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent	Alarming
q	69	15	0.20	65.95	15.47	0.23	0.95	0.95	1.04		54,800	1.05	8.80	9.00	-0.20	Network Contraction	Activities ahead Project behind, Stucture behind, Subsequent	Alarming
10	80	19	0.24	76.20	18.05	0.24	0.96	0.95	1.00		66,320	1.05	9.73	10.00	-0.20		Adjivities equally delayed as the structure Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent	Alarming
11	90	21	0.24	86.95	20.62	0.24	0.96	0.97	1.00	1000	73.305	0.98	10.72	11 00	-0.73	- ALTON	Activities equally delayed as the structure Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent	Alarming
12	101	25	0.24	97.45	23.24	0.24	0.97	0.95	1.00		79.130	0.97	11.58	12.00	-0.42		Adivities equally delayed as the structure Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent	Alarming
13	111	28	0.25	107.95	26.62	0.25	0.97	0.96	1.00	87,911	82,640	0.94	12.60	13.00	-0.40		Adjvites equally delayed as the structure Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent	Alarming
14	122	30	0.25	121.95	29.06	0.24	1.00	0.95	0.96	93,742	86,985	0.93	13.47	14.00	-0.53	0.96	Adivities equally delayed as the structure Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent	Alarming
15	132	33	0.25	128.95	31.38	0.24	0.97	0.95	0.96	99,298	94,090	0.95	14.36	15.00	-0.64	0.96	Adivities behind Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent	Alarming
16	147	36	0.24	146.58	34.55	0.24	1.00	0.97	1.00	104,808	101,853	0.97	15.47	16.00	-0.53	0.97	Adivities delayed more than structure Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent	Alarming
17	153	38	0.25	146.58	36.05	0.25	0.96	0.96	1.00	109,888	106,076	0.97	15.97	17.00	-1.03	0.94	Activities behind Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Alarming
18	153	39	0.26		-				_	114,518				1		1	Marries equally deayed as the structure	
19	153	41	0.27			3 3	- 8			118,968			0	8	3	8		3
20	153	42	0.28							122,898								
21	153	44	0.29			2 8	3			126,668		1	2			8		
gend	m = Mctor mo = Manti	PTH PH-	- Planned 1 Planned He		рңфтн	TH = Tap CH = Cam CHR = Ca		Ro Do. 64/1	HF	HPI = Top Height Po Pi = Height Performa RPI = Height Ratio Pi	nce Index, DVP		EV - 60	rmed Value med Value hedule Perfe	ermano: Ind	ic. cr/pr	55 – Samed Schedule – SV(1) – Schedule Variance (1) AD – Actual Cura Can – SP(1) – Schedule Performance	: index((), =5

Table 6.2 - Sample Summary Report produced by HIRI-PRO

In addition to the tabular report, the data contained in the report can be automatically presented in graph format as shown in figure 6.7. More details of the graphs are discussed in the case studies in later chapters and actual graphs representing the case studies have been included in appendices A through E.

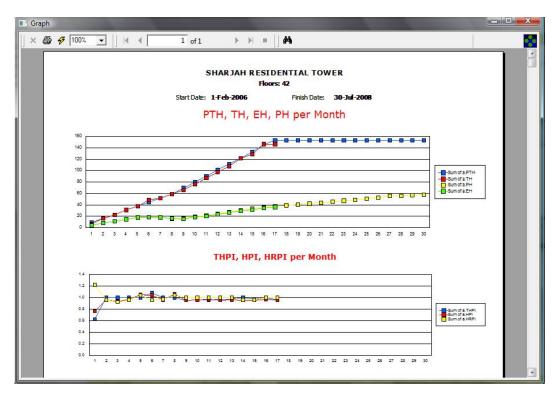


Figure 6.7 - Sample of graphs produced by HIRI-PRO

#### 6.5 Enhancement: Smart Reports

Some artificial intelligence has been added to the EHM reports. The report has been equipped with a "Comment/Analysis" column that evaluates the situation in the project and tells the project manager what's behind and what's ahead. The report also alarms the user if anything is, or about to be, going wrong in the project.

Appendix L at the end of dissertation exhibits the decision table used for the conditions that would include an alarm in the report of HIRI-PRO.

## Chapter

#### **Research Methodology**

#### 7.1 Selection of Research Method

In this research, a new project management method is being introduced and discussed. This new method will be used for measuring and reporting progress in construction projects previously measured and reported using some other methods. The existence of other methods had to be investigated by means of conducting an action research as described below.

The new method has been tested in this research by applying it to five on-going construction projects. This forms the experiment part of the research. To make this experimenting part more workable, a model has been developed. This modeling part of the research is described below and has been referred to in other chapters as HIRI-PRO software.

The usage of the following applied research methods has been described in 7.2, 7.3, and 7.4 below:

- Action research
- Experiment research
- Modeling

#### 7.2 Action Research

The current methods used to monitor the schedule in construction buildings have been reviewed in order to introduce possible improvements. There are currently several methods used for monitoring and reporting the progress in projects. However, as it can be read in this dissertation, the methods examined are neither specific for the construction nor specific for high-rise buildings. The research, thus, examined the generic methods and their pertinence to the high-rise construction projects. Primarily, the research focused on the EVM (Earned Value Management) method and its derivatives such as the ES (Earned Schedule) method. In the research, the technical construction methods haven't been examined although brought up sometimes. Rather, this research was concerned with how the progress in the project can be measured, reported, and controlled.

#### 7.3 Experiment Research

In the experiment part, the developed EHM method has been put into test. Extensive usage of the method has been carried out for over four months and based on actual data collected from the projects.

Five case studies of on-going projects have been considered. These projects are all based in Dubai and rise beyond 25 levels (except one project based in Fujeirah and doesn't exceed 9 floors in height). The projects subject of the case studies are of varying shapes, heights, specifications, number of basements, contracted procurement method, and management parties. Section 7.5 below describes how the projects have been chosen.

#### 7.4 Modeling

EHM is a method consisting of theory, ratios, and indicators. For virtually any construction project where contemporary project management tools are used, the EHM ratios and indicators can be calculated. However, there is some degree of difficulty in doing so in the absence of reliable tools and techniques.

Software application (called HIRI-PRO) has been introduced to model the EHM method and run the input of the five case studies. The model could have been a simple spreadsheet where the input is entered and the calculations of EHM indices take place. However, HIRI-PRO has been developed to reduce the time needed for data-entry and make the task of the volunteering users easier. It's estimated that HIRI-PRO reduced the time needed for data entry by nearly 70% according to the users.

### 7.5 Choosing the Appropriate Case Studies

Choosing the case studies had to be done considering the following factors:

- The project must be undoubtedly perceived as high-rise
- The project must be under construction and progressing
- The project must be physically accessible
- Data about the project must be available and non-confidential
- A knowledgeable person to collect and feed the data must be available

- Time schedule and cost breakdown must be available

All the chosen projects fit the description except for Fujeirah project not being high enough. The chosen projects, in addition to meeting the above-listed criteria, had to be of certain variety in terms of shape, height, specifications, number of basements, type of foundation, contracted procurement method, duration, urgency, and management entities.

#### 7.6 The Case Studies: Practical Work and Hands-On Experience

After selecting the projects, the practical part of data gathering had to be done. This would require that qualified users spend substantial time and effort collecting data and feeding the EHM templates.

The users have been qualified. The typical user was expected to:

- be having construction or planning background (EVM knowledge is preferable)
- be present on the project in one of the following capacities:
  - o Project Manager
  - o Project Planner
  - o Project Controller
  - o Project Coordinator
  - Project Administrator (with planning role)
- be able to spare adequate time to enter the data and produce reports
- be willing to learn and try the EHM method
- be available for meeting and discussing the EHM and the overall experience
- be willing to continuously provide feedback

Based on the above, meeting with the project managers of nine projects have been conducted. Four projects have been dismissed due to the lack of available person who can fit the above description and dedicate the time needed for completion of the research.

The remaining five projects have been taken on board and the EHM method application has been launched with the help of the selected users. The users are the planning engineers on these five projects, with the help and support of project managers in most of the cases.

## Chapter

#### **CASE STUDIES**

#### 8.1 Sharjah Project

This residential tower project includes 180 apartments equally spread over 30 floors above a ground floor, a mezzanine, and eight parking floors. The location of this project in Al-Khan area overlooking a beautiful park made the project the first high-rise in the surrounding.

The construction of building started in February 2006 and the project had ample duration of 30 months for completion. Such duration in nowadays market seems long in comparison with similar projects in the market. The main challenge in the construction of this building was the construction of the cantilevered steel roof feature and its helipad. That element required proper engineering, detailing, fabrication, and erection.

The construction of project was procured after completion of the design as a lump sum contract awarded to one main contractor. The absence of concurrency between the design and the construction didn't allow the client to have an early start, however, it allowed having a fixed budget and more control over future changes.



Figure 8.1 - Sharjah Project

Below are the details of the project.

Project Name:	Sharjah Tower
Location:	Sharjah, UAE
Building Usage:	Residential
Structure Type:	Reinforced Concrete
Type of External Cladding:	Aluminum & Curtain Wall
Type of Foundations:	Raft on piles, isolated/spread footings on piles

Water Table Level:	-3.0 m
Number of Basements: Number of Floors (Ground and	-
Above):	42
Plot Size:	3,150 sq. m.
Total Build-Up Area:	60,994 sq. m.
Total Height:	152.8 m
Average Height per Floor:	3.6 m
Deepest Level of Excavation:	-2.8 m
Project Value:	180,000,000 AED
Average Value per m <sup>2:</sup>	2,951 AED/sq. m.
Average Value per Floor:	4,285,714 AED/floor
Planned Start Date:	1-Feb-06
Actual Start Date:	1-Feb-06
Total Planned Duration:	30 Months
Planned time per Floor:	22 Days
Application Used for Planning:	Primavera

The EHM summary report produced by HIRI-PRO software shows the project status at the end of every month of the elapsed 17 months of project duration. The user of HIRI-PRO was able to personally collect the data corresponding to last 4 month. All the data corresponding to the months before that have been obtained from the previous progress reports and project files.

The full EHM report for Sharjah Tower can be found in Appendices A and F. By looking at the row of month 17, we can have an idea about the current status of the project. As the COMMENT/ANALYSIS explains, the project is behind schedule, the structure is behind schedule, and both the structure and subsequent activities seem to be equally delayed.

HIRI-PRO has given that comment based on the following:

- THPI =0.96 (<1), this means the total height (structure) is behind.

- HPI=0.96 (<1), this means the whole project is behind.

- HRPI=1 means both the structure and the subsequent activities are performing similarly in comparison with the planned. Therefore, subsequent activities are late as well.

At the same time, the three columns PV, EV, and SPI are not part of the EHM method but rather the EVM method. These columns have been added for additional information and for the purpose of comparison between EVM and EHM results. The same thing applies to the elements of ES concept, i.e. columns ES, AD, SV, and SPI(t). These have been added for the purpose of comparison only.

For the sake of comparison, at the end of month 7, the EHM method through its index HPI indicates project delays due to HPI of 0.96 (<1). However, EVM method says the project is on time as SPI is equal to 1.00. The ES method, for the same month, says that the project is ahead due to an SPI(t) of 1.03.

Digging into the details of the EHM results, it can be said that the THPI being equal to one has given a boost to the EV of the project, and this is why the EVM and ES show satisfactory results. However, the value of HPI was 0.96 at the end of month 7. This means the entire project is delayed, and thus the subsequent activities are delayed (since the structure is on time).

In this kind of conflict in the results (month 7), EHM proved its ability to provide information needed for decision making that the other methods (EVM and ES) were unable to accurately provide.

#### 8.2 Business Bay Project

Business Bay project consists of 42 atypical levels of offices in an iconic geometric shape standing in prime upcoming business area in Dubai. The construction contract includes shell and core works only. "Shell and Core" in this market is referred to as delivering fully finished public and common areas, but leaving the interior of the offices barely unfinished. The tenants are supposed, later, to do the tiling, ceiling, wall rendering, internal airconditioning, and the subsequent finishing activities.

Due to high competition and desirability of the project, the contractor accepted to be awarded the project at a low price and for a record duration of 23 months. Meeting the duration was the main challenge to the contractor and all the parties involved in the project.

Similarly to Sharjah tower, the construction of this project was procured after completion of the design as a lump sum contract awarded to one main contractor. The absence of concurrency between the design and the construction didn't allow the client to have an early start, however, it allowed having a fixed budget and more control over future changes.

Below are the details of the project.

Project Name:

**Business Bay Project** 



Figure 8.2 - Business Bay Project

Location:	Business Bay, Dubai, UAE
Building Usage:	Commercial, Offices, Shell & Core
Structure Type:	Reinforced Concrete with Post-Tensioned Slabs
Type of External Cladding:	Aluminum & Curtain Wall
Type of Foundations:	Raft on piles
Water Table Level:	-7.0 m
Number of Basements:	3
Number of Floors (Ground and Above):	42
Plot Size:	6,112 sq. m.
Total Build-Up Area:	84,915 sq. m.
Total Height:	159.6 m
Average Height per Floor:	3.5 m
Deepest Level of Excavation:	-12.0 m
Project Value:	197,000,000 AED
Average Value per m <sup>2:</sup>	2,320 AED/sq. m.
Average Value per Floor:	4,377,778 AED/floor
Planned Start Date:	1-Dec-07
Actual Start Date:	1-Dec-07
Total Planned Duration:	17 Months
Planned time per Floor:	13 Days
Application Used for Planning:	Primavera

The actual progress of Business Bay project was monitored for 7 months. The full EHM report is shown in Appendices B and G. Referring to the latest project status, Month 7, the COMMENT/ANALYSIS column indicates that the project and structure are behind schedule and subsequent activities are delayed less than the structure.

This analysis of HIRI-PRO resulted in the following values:

- THPI = 0.67 (<1), this means the total height (structure) is behind.

- HPI = 0.80 (<1), this means the whole project is behind.

- HRPI = 1.21 (>1), this means that subsequent activities are late and are less delayed than the structure.

Based on the above, the project manager should improve the progress in the entire project. However, the project manager should give more attention to the structure for being in more delays that the subsequent activities. The HRPI is equal to 1.21; this means the subsequent activities have been nearly 21% faster than the structure.

Comparing EHM results to EVM, it's noted that EV is less than PV, thus resulting to a less than 1 SPI. Accordingly, the results of EVM analysis concurred with the results of EHM method (i.e. project is delayed according to the EVM as well).

The report shows that for the reported month, EVM and EHM conveyed the same overall project status but EVM analysis does not give any information about the comparison between the structure progress to subsequent activities productivity. Looking at Month 3, both EHM and EVM imply project delay, but EHM was able to indicate that subsequent activities are performing more poorly than the structure. With this in mind, the project manager could realize that he does not only need to improve on the structure but to look closely at subsequent activities' progress in order to catch up with the schedule.

#### 8.3 Marina Project

Marina project is a large development on the prestigious touristic coast of Dubai Marina. This project consists of two towers on two common basements and common podium floors. The highest tower reaches 51 floors and it shall comprise highquality serviced apartments. The second tower reaches 27 storey high and shall be used as a five-star hotel.

The project has been designed to be of high international standards. It involved international architects and several international sub-consultants specialized in such projects. The main challenge in this project was communication and coordination.

The construction of this project has been initiated using concurrent engineering and construction approach. The project has been awarded in phases to the main contractor by direct negotiation of the price. This approach made prediction of budget virtually impossible. Both the client and the contractor suffered of the absence of clear budget for the remaining packages. Besides, this created unease and conflict due to continuous prices negotiation and questioning.

The contracted construction duration had been assumed to be 36 months. This was based on the assumption that each and every package will be Figure 8.3 Marina Project released, priced, and started as planned.



Project Name:	Marina Project
Location:	Dubai Marina, UAE
Building Usage:	Residential & Hotel
Structure Type:	Reinforced Concrete
Type of External Cladding:	Aluminum & Curtain Wall
Type of Foundations:	Raft on piles
Water Table Level:	-7.0 m
Number of Basements:	2
Number of Floors (Ground and Above):	51
Plot Size:	16,221 sq. m.
Total Build-Up Area:	157,384 sq. m.

Total Height:	210.0 m
Average Height per Floor:	3.5 m
Deepest Level of Excavation:	-12.0 m
Project Value:	900,000,000 AED
Average Value per m <sup>2:</sup>	5,718 AED/sq. m.
Average Value per Floor:	16,981,132 AED/floor
Planned Start Date:	12-May-08
Actual Start Date:	12-May-08
Total Planned Duration:	36 Months
Planned time per Floor:	26 Days
Application Used for Planning:	Primavera

Dubai Marina project has been on-going for 5 months as of this writing. Appendices C and H include the full EHM report for this project. For the latest reported month which is Month 5, the COMMENT/ANALYSIS column indicates that the project and structure are behind schedule and subsequent activities are less delayed than the structure. EHM analysis seems to be most helpful in Month 2 in terms of describing project status.

Looking at Month 2, HIRI-PRO shows the following:

- THPI = 1, this means the total height (structure) is on time.

- HPI = 0.72 (<1), this means the whole project is behind.
- HRPI = 0.71 (<1), this means that subsequent activities are behind.

The project is behind though the structure is performing satisfactorily. This delay is linked to the delay in subsequent activities. EVM also implies that the project is delayed but does not cite the location of the delay; whereas the EHM does.

Glancing at the height reached by the structure, stakeholders might conclude that the project is on schedule when the whole project is actually delayed. EHM is smart to state that the cause of setback is due to the delay in subsequent activities. This analysis is effective in informing the project manager the reason behind the delay. At a glance, he can recognize the problem area and know the appropriate action to take.

From the EHM report, it can also be noticed that the EHR (Earned Height Ratio, EH/TH) decreased sharply in month 2 and then increased again in months 3 and 4, and then re-increase in month 5. Normally, the EHR starts high and decreases continuously till reaching the BHR (Building Height Ratio, BVCH / BTH) which is fixed. However, such fluctuation as the one happening in Dubai Marina project is not very uncommon, but it means the project manager should revisit the consistency of his plan.

#### 8.4 Fujeirah Project

Fujeirah project can hardly fit under the high-rise title and doesn't satisfy the definition of high-rise made in the beginning of this document. However, this project has been added to test the possibility of applying the EHM method in middle-rise projects. This is kind of testing the boundaries of EHM indices.



Figure 8.4 - Fujeirah Project

This five-star hotel resort and spa project consists of 10 main buildings, the highest of which reaches 9 floors in height. The project complexity, international environment, and phasing of construction is identical to that of Marina project above.

The planned duration for construction is also 36 months assuming the packages will be released, priced, and started as planned.

Project Name:	Fujeirah Project
Location:	Fujeirah, UAE
Building Usage:	Hotel Resort
Structure Type:	Reinforced Concrete
Type of External Cladding:	Plastering, Paint, GRC, Stone, Glass & Aluminum
Type of Foundations:	Raft, Isolated/Spread footing on piles
Water Table Level:	-3.5 m
Number of Basements:	1
Number of Floors (Ground and Above):	9
Plot Size:	64,935 sq. m.
Total Build-Up Area:	47,099 sq. m.
Total Height:	31.43 m
Average Height per Floor:	3.2 m
Deepest Level of Excavation:	-3.0 m
Project Value:	450,000,000 AED
Average Value per m <sup>2:</sup>	9,554 AED/sq. m.
Average Value per Floor:	45,000,000 AED/floor
Planned Start Date:	7-Feb-08
Actual Start Date:	7-Feb-08
Total Planned Duration:	36 Months
Planned time per Floor:	3.6 Months
Application Used for Planning:	Primavera

The full EHM report about Fujeirah project is included in Appendices D and I. For the past 8 months, actual progress has been reported and month-end developments show similar trend. From Month 2 to Month 8, EHM reported that the project is behind schedule, structure on time and subsequent activities are behind.

Looking at the indices during those eight months, HIRI-PRO reported the following:

- THPI = 1, this means the total height (structure) is on time.

- HPI = <1, this means the whole project is behind.

- HRPI = <1, this means that subsequent activities are slower than structure (thus behind).

EVM also concluded that project is behind schedule. Similar to Marina Project, EVM failed to imply where the problematic area causing the entire delay is. With EHM, one can clearly reckon that improvement in subsequent activities is necessary to draw near the planned progress.

It's worthwhile noting that at the end of month 8, the three different methods show total project delay but don't agree about the magnitude of such delay. Here's the difference:

According to EHM:	HPI = 0.92	(8% delay)
According to EVM:	SPI = 0.73	(27% delay)
According to ES:	SPI(t) = 0.55	(45% delay)

This difference might be due to the following:

- The fact that the project is still in its very early stages. It's true that 8 months elapsed, but the planned progress for those 8 months is only 14% of the total project value. Considering the S-curve effect, it's inaccurate to predict the project performance based on the first 14%.

- The project is not a typical high-rise, but rather a medium rise building. This reduces the significance of the height parameter and thus, increases the inaccuracy in the EHM method.

- The planned progress to date isn't much, but the planned total height is. This means the majority of the planned activities are "structure". Therefore, the THPI is crucial and meaningful.

Having the three (conflicting) indices, the explanation shouldn't necessarily mean that two of the three are wrong while the third is correct. The explanation of high HPI is that more work is done at higher levels than it's done at lower levels. This gave a boost to the HPI while SPI and SPI(t) remained quite low.

SPI(t) may marginally differ from the SPI due to the reason that the first is strongly affected by the steepness of the slope of the progress curve, while the latter depends solely on the total earned (EV) against planned (PV) in terms of money value.

#### 8.5 Barsha Project

Barsha project is a simple building standing high in a busy recently-populated area in Dubai. This building is intended to be either leased as residential apartments or to be sold as freehold apartments depending on market conditions at time of completion.

The building starts below ground with four basements and it stands 87m high above ground with twenty-four semi-typical floors.

The main challenge in the construction of Barsha project is the depth of excavation in comparison with the small floor area. This coupled with the difficulty in obtaining neighbors' approval for shoring anchors forced the designer to propose strut beams to hold the shoring around the excavation in place. The presence of strut beams made the works inside the plot very difficult.



The construction of this project was procured after full Figure 8.5 - Barsha Project completion of the design as a lump sum contract awarded to one main contractor. The absence of concurrency between the

design and the construction didn't allow the client to have an early start, however, it allowed having a fixed budget and more control over future changes.

Project Name:	Barsha Project
Location:	Al Barsha, Dubai, UAE
Building Usage:	Residential
Structure Type:	Reinforced Concrete
Type of External Cladding:	Aluminum & Curtain Wall
Type of Foundations:	Raft on piles
Water Table Level:	-5.0 m
Number of Basements:	4
Number of Floors (Ground and Above):	24
Plot Size:	1,706sq. m.
Total Build-Up Area:	24,631 sq. m.
Total Height:	87.0 m
Average Height per Floor:	3.6 m
Deepest Level of Excavation:	-15.6 m
Project Value:	155,244,209 AED

Average Value per m <sup>2:</sup>	6,303 AED/sq. m.
Average Value per Floor:	5,544,436 AED/floor
Planned Start Date:	1-Mar-08
Actual Start Date:	1-Mar-08
Total Planned Duration:	30 Months
Planned time per Floor:	15 Days
Application Used for Planning:	Primavera

Based on EHM analysis, Al Barsha project shows fluctuating progress trends for the past 7 months of reporting. Refer to Appendices E and J for the full EHM report. The structure and subsequent activities seem to take turn in leading the progress.

Month 1, 2, 4 and 7 show THPI = 1, structure being on time. HPI is less than 1, HRPI also less than 1 which accordingly means that the whole project is behind and subsequent activities are behind.

Month 3 and 5 shows that project is behind, structure behind, and subsequent activities delayed than structure. This analysis is based on the following: THPI <1, HPI <1, HRPI >1.

In Month 6, project status is in good health as shown in comment/analysis column of HIRI-PRO report. It indicates that project ahead, structure on time, subsequent activities ahead. Report analysis was based on:

- THPI = 1, this means total height (structure) is on time.

- HPI = 1.03 (>1), this means whole project is ahead.

- HRPI = 1.03 (>1), this means subsequent activities are ahead as well.

- For this month, the EVM shows SPI = 0.85, which implies that the project is behind schedule (according the EVM method and not the ES method). At this instance, EHM analysis contradicts EVM. This might be due to the error that EVM uses the money value without giving any attention to the physical characteristics of the project. This can also mean that more work of value has been carried out at heights. This boosted the indices of the EHM in comparison to those of EVM.

## Chapter

#### EHM LIMITATIONS AND BARRIERS

#### 9.1 Shape of the Structure

The EHM method works best with rectangular buildings with minimal change in floor plans from floor to floor. However, The application of the method on Business Bay Project has given acceptable results without any sign of implication of reduction in floor size as we go higher.

#### 9.2 Basements

When EHM is applied to a building with basements, the bench mark for height must be considered as the floor of the lowest basement and not the ground floor. The height of any floor is to be measured from the lowest basement.

However, the progress in such buildings start at ground level (excavation) before it starts at lower basements. The excavation work done at ground floor level will be considered having a height greater than zero and equal to the distance from the lowest basement. This shall create a false value of Earned Height.

Such error shall last only during the excavation and shoring work and has negligible effect compared to the value of other activities.

#### 9.3 Material on Site

EHM method gives no credit to materials delivered to and stored on site. To avoid such under-representation of progress, a subjective adjustment can be made by the user by estimating the percent of completion corresponding to the value of materials stored on site or elsewhere but being dedicated for the project.

#### 9.4 Pre-Engineered Work

Similarly, it's not uncommon in construction that several items or packages get engineered, fabricated, and assembled outside the premises of the project site. A good example can be the steel structures on top of towers roofs that are nowadays very trendy and prolific in Dubai and in other growing cities.

In such cases, the EHM is not designed to cater for such work that may be easily dropped off of the formula or progress measurement. To avoid such under-representation of progress, a subjective adjustment can be made by the user by estimating the percent of completion corresponding to the value of the work completed off-site and adding it to the formula of EH.

#### 9.5 User's Assumptions

EHM provides additional indicators for the management, monitoring, and reporting of the progress in high-rise projects. This process allows for the user's involvement at two main stages: input stage and results interpretation stage.

During the input stage, the user may reduce the objectiveness and accuracy of the results through the following:

- Human error in data entry
- Poor activities breakdown structure
- Inaccurate reported completion percentages received from site
- Human inclination to show a certain outcome that matches certain predisposition
- Degree of objectivity in measuring the progress equivalent to materials on site
- Degree of objectivity in measuring the progress equivalent to pre-engineered work

During the results interpretation stage, the user must carefully examine the relationship between the different indicators. The user may wrongly report results based on a single indicator.

### 9.6 More Than One Building in the Project

If the project includes more than one building and each of the buildings is progressing at a different level, EHM will be reporting something like the average, which will not be useful. In such case, the project must be split into more than one project, considering each building (or tower) a separate entity.

### Chapter 10

#### **APPLICABILITY OF EHM**

#### 10.1 Cost vs. Benefit

EHM can be applied by any company constructing high-rise projects. However, the benefit of EHM to the organization must outshine the cost paid to apply it. The cost can be somehow accurately calculated by estimating the number of working hours spent by the quantity surveyor and planner collecting and inputting information. Normally, for the companies already having and updating cost-loaded time schedules, EHM requires an additional work of 30 to 60 hours per month.

For a project similar to Sharjah Tower, 45 hours/month would make a total cost of:

- Man-hours spent: 30 months x 45 hrs/month = 1,350 hrs
- Assumed hourly rate: 15,000 Dhs/month ÷ 208 hours/month = 72.11 Dhs/hr
- Total Cost of Man-hours spent = 1,350 hrs x 72.11 Dhs/hr = 97,348 Dhs
- Additional cost of software and IT (assumed) = 100,000 Dhs
- The total cost will be nearly 200,000 Dhs
- Divided by the project value, the cost of applying EHM in this project is 0.11%

The management of the company or project has to decide whether this amount is worth paying. If the daily value of liquidated damages for each additional day of delay is significant (45,000 Dhs/day for Sharjah Tower), then the management should probably invest in EHM method to have clearer view of the progress and more alarms. If the EHM will help avoiding just five days of delays and liquidated damages in Sharjah project, it would be worth the cost of such investment.

The benefit delivered by the EHM method is not always that easy to calculated and rather intangible in some cases. When the case is such, the management has to decide if that additional information is needed or the project can just do fine without EHM control and reporting.

#### 10.2 Feedback from People Who Used EHM Method

The five people who volunteered to use the EHM method have experienced a new project management environment with lot of new terms and definitions. Experienced EVM users didn't seem to have problem understanding the meaning and interpretation of EHM terms. However, others who haven't been well exposed to EVM find it uneasy to grasp the meaning of the numerous terms, ratios, and indices of EHM.

The EHM method has been put into test by asking the volunteering planning engineers to apply the HIRI-PRO software on real-life ongoing-projects in Dubai for nearly 4 months. Appendix K exhibits the questionnaire used to survey the opinions of the EHM and HIRI-PRO users after the four months of usage.

Table 10.1 shows the replies to the questionnaire received from the five respondents. It's clear that almost all the users have recognized the value of EHM and HIRI-PRO and they would recommend them to be used for high-rise construction. On the other hand, there seems to be some difficulties in dealing with the software usage and data entry.

					Users'	Replie	es	
-	Please answer the following questions as follows: 0 for "Strongly Disagree", 1 for "Disagree", 2 for "Neither Agree nor Disagree", 3 for "Agree", and 4 for "Strongly Agree"	Case Study No. 1	Case Study No. 2	Case Study No. 3	Case Study No. 4	Case Study No. 5	Average	Interpretation of Average
1	Before this EHM experience, you have been on the project responsible for the planning activities.	4	4	4	4	4	4.00	Strongly Agree
2	You have experience in planning and schedules control in the construction industry.	4	3	3	3	4	3.40	Agree
3	You have been using a planning software in your project.	4	4	4	4	4	4.00	Strongly Agree
4	You have budget (or value) breakdown in your project.	4	4	3	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
5	Your project is considered a high-rise building.	4	4	4	1	4	3.40	Agree
6	The trend to build high-rise buildings is, in your opinion, more likely to increase.	4	3	3	4	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
7	The EHM is very useful in managing projects.	3	4	2	3	4	3.20	Agree
8	The EHM provides the user with additional tools and information not delivered by other methods previously experienced.	3	3	2	4	4	3.20	Agree
9	The EHM method provides more accurate results than the EVM method for high-rise structures.	4	4	3	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
10	The EHM was found easy to apply.	1	2	2	3	3	2.20	Neither Agree nor Disagree
11	The way EHM & HIRI-PRO were presented to you were easy to understand.	3	2	2	4	3	2.80	Agree

					Users'	Replie	es	
-	Please answer the following questions as follows: 0 for "Strongly Disagree", 1 for "Disagree", 2 for "Neither Agree nor Disagree", 3 for "Agree", and 4 for "Strongly Agree"	Case Study No. 1	Case Study No. 2	Case Study No. 3	Case Study No. 4	Case Study No. 5	Average	Interpretation of Average
12	The Ratios of EHM are easy to understand.	2	3	3	4	2	2.80	Agree
13	In your case study, the EHM has helped the Project Manager see problems not revealed by other methods.	4	3	4	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
14	In your project, the Project Manager accepted the recommendations of EHM method reports.	3	2	4	2	4	3.00	Agree
15	There was no resistance in your company or project to the usage of EHM method.	3	3	4	2	4	3.20	Agree
16	You have not encountered any similar methods dealing with high-rise.	4	2	4	4	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
17	HIRI-PRO software perfectly depicts the EHM method.	4	3	4	2	4	3.40	Agree
18	HIRI-PRO is easy to use.	4	3	3	4	3	3.40	Agree
19	HIRI-PRO can function properly without any improvements.	2	2	3	2	3	2.40	Neither Agree nor Disagree
20	HIRI-PRO reporting feature was found very effective and useful.	4	4	3	4	4	3.80	Strongly Agree
21	The benefit obtained by applying the EHM method justifies the time and cost spent in applying it.	3	2	2	3	4	2.80	Agree
22	EHM is to be recommended as a method for measuring progress in high-rise buildings.	4	4	3	2	4	3.40	Agree

Table 10.1 - Questionnaire For the Users Who Used EHM and HIRI-PRO

The planning engineer of Sharjah project found the EHM method very interesting and vital. He relied in his opinion on the incident that in the 7<sup>th</sup> month of the project, both EVM method and ES method reported healthy situation while the EHM method alarmed of delay in subsequent activities that's very likely to delay the project.

The planning engineer of Fujeirah project didn't feel that the EHM method is applicable to his project (as this research expected) due to the following reasons:

- Building height is low (9 floors)
- Project included more than one building (EHM reported the average, which is inaccurate)

All the users agreed that the data entry process is cumbersome and they were all pleased by the development of automatic import-from-Primavera feature that made data-entry much easier.

## Chapter

#### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 11.1 Conclusion

As a conclusion, it can be confidently stated here, that the EHM method can give the project manager of a high-rise building very useful tools for monitoring the progress. It provides gauges that can be added to the dashboard or scoreboard of the project, thus, allowing safer sailing throughout till completion.

Without the EHM, the project manager does not have enough tools to know how well the construction of his high-rise project is progressing. there might be a case when the EVM method shows an SPI greater than one indicating comfortable situation while the project is drifting away of its planned completion date due to the reason that the driving activity is delayed.

In the case studies considered, there has been more than one case where the SPI of the EVM method gave positive results (SPI above 1) while the EHM method alarmed of late structure which means future delays.

The EHM method, by its very nature, encourages "vertical thinking". It makes the project manager appreciate the importance of height and the difference between doing an activity at ground floor and doing the same activity at the 20<sup>th</sup> floor.

The EHM brings in classification of float. The float in the driving activity, structure, is said to be of higher class or quality than the float in other subsequent activities. Float in structure, if lost, it can be very hard to make it up again, if ever.

By applying the EHM theory, the reported progress can be expressed in more easily understandable terms than those of the EVM. By reporting the progress in terms of height (TH and EH), the stakeholders that are not having project management background can physically relate to the meaning of the reported figures.

### 11.2 The Future of the Research

If EHM method becomes widely accepted, there might come a day when the indicators, THPI, HPI, and HRPI, will become a core part of construction progress report for every high-rise building.

The more people in the industry give attention to height, the more this method will have chances for success.

#### **11.3 Other Research Areas**

The indicators of the EHM method can be used for predicting the performance of future projects. When the project is still in the design phase or tendering phase, the Building Value Center Height (BVCH) of the building can be determined. Dividing the BVCH by the Building Total Height (BTH) returns the Building Height Ratio (BHR). By comparing the obtained BHR of the building with the historically recorded values of BHR for previous projects should predict the possible construction duration of the project and probably some other important information about the likely behavior of the building.

It is recommended that further research be done in the area of finding a direct relationship between the BHR and the duration of the project.

The mathematical models prepared by De et al<sup>20</sup> may be applied to EHM method in the same way they applied to EVM. Future research on that subject should allow EHM to include decision making alternatives to make trade-offs between cost and time.

Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006

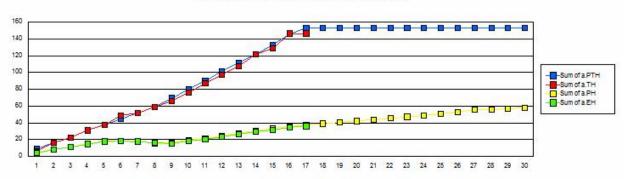
SHARJAH RESIDENTIAL TOWER Floors: 42

**Appendix A** – EHM Summary Report – Sharjah Project

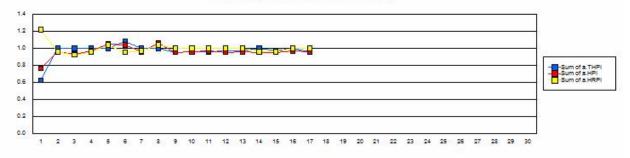
Rating	Alarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming			Aarming		Alarming	Aarming	Alarming	Aarming	Aarming	Alarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming				.e=		Totes (D. Fs.)
COMMENT / ANALYSIS	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities alread	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities alread less than structure	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed more than structure	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure						ES - Exmed Schedule SV(1) - Schedule Varhmer (1) AD - Actual Duration SP10 - Schedule Performance Index (1) ES/AD
(t)IdS	0.66	0.95	0.92	0.93	1.18	1.20	1.03	1.10	0.98	0.97	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.94						
SV(t) (mo)	-0.34	-0.11	-0.24	-0.27	0.91	1.19	0.21	0.80	-0.20	-0.27	-0.23	0.42	0.40	0.53	-0.64	0.53	-103						
Q (om	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	00'6	10.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	16.00	17.00						PV - Planned Value EV - Earned Value
ES (mo)	0.66	1.89	2.76	3.73	5.91	7.19	7.21	8.80	8.80	6.73	10.77	11.58	12.60	13.47	14.36	15.47	15.97				-		PV - Pla
IdS	0.76	96'0	0.92	76:0	1.04	1.08	1.00	0.98	1.05	1.05	0.98	76.0	0.94	0.93	0.95	76 <sup>.0</sup>	76:0	Γ					HT4/H
(MED)	1,900	4,300	6,000	8,250	12,345	17,758	22,210	36,005	54,800	66,320	73,305	79,130	82,640	86,985	94,090	101,853	106,076						THPI - Top Height Performance Index, 1 HPI - Heicht Performance Index, BH/PH
PV (AED)	2,500	4,500	6,500	8,500	11,845	16,435	22,115	36,625	52,190	63,130	74,750	81,450	87,911	93,742	862'66	104,808	109,888	114,518	118,968	122,898	126,668	130,443	THPI - Top Height Performance Index, TH/PTH HPI - Height Performance Index, BH/PH
HRPI	1.22	0.96	0.92	96.0	1.04	0.95	0.97	1.04	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	96.0	96.0	1.00	1.00	-					- Lahi
IdH	0.76	96'0	0.93	6.07	1.05	1.04	96 <sup>.0</sup>	1.06	<u> 0.95</u>	96.0	0.97	0.95	96.0	<u>0.95</u>	0.95	<i>1</i> 6.0	96.0						
IdHT	0.62	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.00	<u> 26'0</u>	96.0	96'0	16.0	<u> 0.97</u>	1.00	0.97	1.00	0.96						feight sd Heicht
EHR	0.66	0.50	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.38	0.34	0.27	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25						TH - Top Height BH - Esmed Hei
EE	3.68	7.83	10.72	14.67	17.76	18.52	17.73	16.07	15.47	18.05	20.62	23.24	26.62	29.06	31.38	34.55	36.05						
₽€	5.60	15.80	22.60	30.95	37.95	48.45	51.95	58.95	65.95	76.20	86.95	97.45	107.95	121.95	128.95	146.58	146.58						op Height Soht
PHR	0.54	0.52	0.51	0.49	0.45	0.40	0.35	0.26	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.27		0.29		PTH - Planned Top Height PH - Planned Height
H (m	'n	00	12	15	17	18	18	15	16	61	21	25	8	R	ŝ	36	8	8		42			2
H (m	6	16	23	31	ĝ	45	52	53	69	8	8	101	Ħ	122	132	147	153	~	222	153	0255	2325	Legend m - Meter mo - Months
Month	-	2	m	4	S	9	7	œ	6	9	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	61	20	21	22	Legend

EHM

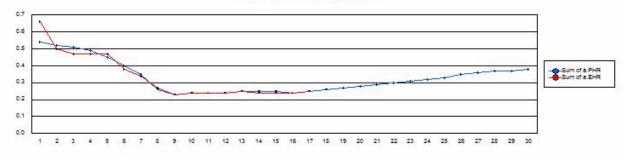
PTH, TH, EH, PH per Month



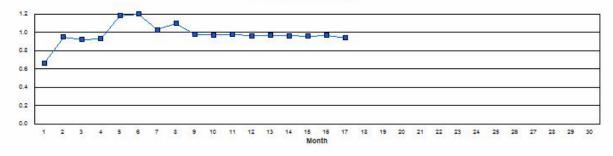
#### THPI, HPI, HRPI per Month



#### PHR, EHR per Month



#### SPI(t) per Month



## SHARJAH RESIDENTIAL TOWER

## Floors: 42

# Start Date: 1-Feb-2006 Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

## Summary Report

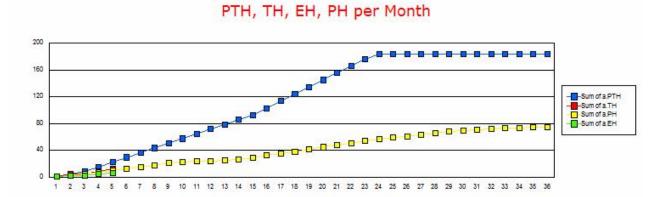
Rating									20 Dece Totales (0, E5/40
COMMENT / ANALYSIS									SV(0) - Schedute Varbince (0) SP1(0) - Schedute Varbince (0)
COMME									ES - Esmed Schedule AD - Actual Duration
(1) <b>[4</b> 5									
SV(t)									
<b>a</b> 🔋									PV - Pareed Value EV - Erened Value
2) (D									2 - 2
2									Hair -
(AED)									fforman ce. Index, nece. Index,
	134,226	138,016	141,802	145,278	149,718	150,887	151,875		THE1 - TOP Height Performance Index, TH/PTH HE1 - Holght Performance Index, TH/PTH
НКР						=			
Ган									TH - Top Height BH - Esmed Height
IdHI		C							TH - Top Height EH - Exmed Height
EHK									TH - Top Height BH - Esmed Heig
EE			-1.0+						
E									op Height Ghit
PHR	0.31	0.32	0.33	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.37		PTH - Planned Top Height PH - Planned Hoight
EE	47	6	51	ß	56	56	57	3	
E	153	153	153	153	153	153	153		m - Meter mo - Months
Month		24	25	26	27	28	29	8	Legend m - Mere mo - More

#### **Appendix B** – EHM Summary Report – Business Bay Project

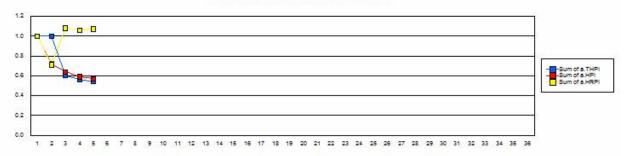
Rating		Aarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming								5	3005		
COMMENT / ANALYSIS	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Project behind, Shucture behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed more than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure											SV(1) = Schoolde Varie mar (1)
COMM	Project on time, Str Activities on time	Project behind, Structure behind, Sut Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Subs Activities delayed more than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Sub Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Sub Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Sub Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure behind, Sut Activities delayed less than structure	0										Esmed Schoole
(t)Ids	1.00	0.70	0.47	0.57	0.50	0.80	62.0											
SV(t) (mo)	00.0	-0.60	-1.8	-1.72	-2.50	-1.21	-149											
Q (om)	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00											PV - Planned Value
ES (mo)	1.00	1.40	1.42	2.28	2.50	4.80	5.51									2004		2-8
IdS	0.71	0.54	0.58	0.45	0.80	67.0	0.65											HTN/HT
EV (AED)	725	2,718	6,473	7,0,7	17,836	23,627	34,893											THEY - TOP Helght Performance Index, TH/FTH
PV (AED)	1,015	5,043	11,250	15,715	22,270	30,081	53,917	72,537	90,822	107,431	129,048	150,110	167,209	179,321		191,943	194,135	- Top Height Pe
HRPI	1.00	1.27	0.88	1.11	1.08	1.11	1.21											H
IdH	1.00	0.49	0.57	0.44	0.69	0.87	0.80											
IdHT	1.00	65.0	0.64	0.41	0.62	0.77	0.67											Height
EHR	1.00	0.51	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.34							0				TH - Top
E E	1.65	2.54	5.42	5.40	11.02	15.68	16.15									- 23		
₹£	1.65	4.97	12.86	12,86	27.35	40.02	47.82			15			_					Top Height
PHR	2 1.00	5 0.40	0 0.48	2 0.38	6 0.37	8 0.35	0 0.28	3 0.26	1			$ \rightarrow $		5 0.32			2 0.36	PTH - Planned Top Height
H (E	N	13	0	32 12	44 16	2 18	1 20		6 26						7	11 61		
HE (m)		2	3 20	4	4	6 52	7 71		901 06			2 161				5936		eqend m - Meter
Month									6	I	-	H	H	÷	15	16	11	Legen

BUSINESS BAY TOWER Floors: 45 Dec.2007 Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

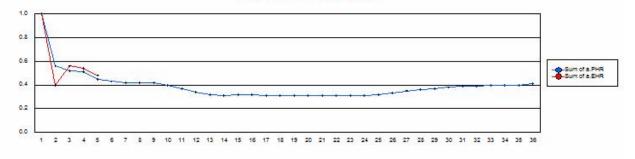
Start Date: 1-Dec-2007



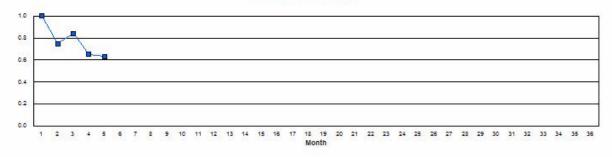
### THPI, HPI, HRPI per Month



### PHR, EHR per Month



### SPI(t) per Month



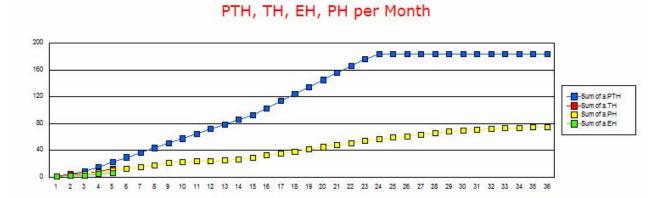
### **Appendix C** – EHM Summary Report – Marina Project

	Rating	nt	it Aarming	t Aarming	t Alarming	t Aarming			()		1	S	307					<u>}</u>												:==;		8
	COMMENT / ANALYSES	1.00 Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	0.84 Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	0.65 Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	0.63 Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure																										s SV(t) = Schedule Varhinze (t)
	COMP	Project on time, S Activities on time	Project behind, St Activities behind	Project behind, St Activities delayed	Project behind, St Activities delayed	Project behind, St Activities delayed																										ES - Eamed Schedule
1000	SV(t) SPI(t) (mo)		0.75		0.65								-21												-		-2.0-					
	SV(t) (mo)	00.0	-0.50	-0.48	-140	-184			_																							
	AD (om)	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00																										PV - Planned Value
48	ES (mo)	1.00	1.50	2.52	2.60	3.16					-		-54					-									-55-					PV - Pla
1	SPI	1.00	0.67	0.60	0.58	0.56																										H/FTH
	(AED)	5,845	11,690	17,535	30,394	37,408																								0-0		THT - Top Height Performance Index, TH/PTH
5	PV (AED)	5,845	17,535	29,225	52,605	61,389	105'61	91,225	103,143	115,061	135,533	172,548	217,257	267,250	319,353	364,751	411,099	452,979	494,859	536,739	576,459	612,939	648,159	683,109	717,379	744,964	768,904	792,574	815,389	837,169	856,339	- Top Helght Per
	HRPI	1.00	0.71	1.08	1.06	1.07	Γ	f																								
-	IdH	1.00	0.72	0.64	0.59	0.57					-		-219												-							
100	Idht	1.00	1.00	0.60	0.56	0.54			<u></u>												- 2		<u>.</u>									top
	EHR	1.00	0.40	0.56	0.54	0.48																										TH - Top Height
	ΞĒ	1.75	2.10	2.92	4.71	5.91														-			<u> </u>				-					
	₽€	1.75	5.25	5.25	8.75	12.25					-														-		-					p Helght
	PHR	1.00	0.56	0.52	0.51	0.45	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.37	0.34	0.32	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.33	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.38	PTH - Planned Top Height
	H (E	2	m	Ś	00	9	13	15	18	21	23	24	24	25	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	\$	51	54	57	59	61	64	99	68	8	HL
	HL (m	8	Ś	σ	16	53	8	37	4	51	28	65	72	52	86	93	103	114	124	135	145	156	166	177	184	184	184	184	184	184	184	m - Meter
	Month	-	10	m	4	S	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	ମ	8	enend =

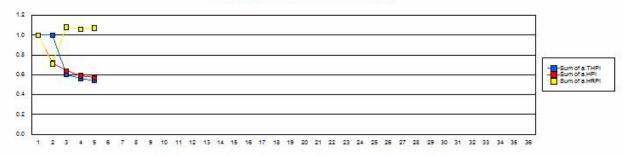
DUBAI MARINA TOWER Floors: 53

1

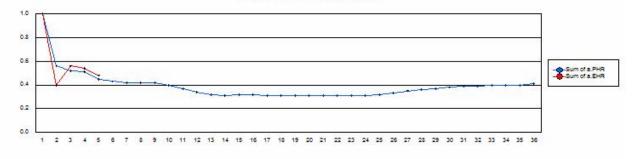
1



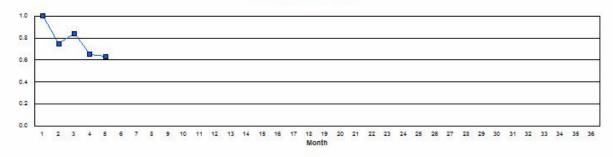
### THPI, HPI, HRPI per Month



### PHR, EHR per Month



### SPI(t) per Month



## DUBAI MARINA TOWER

# Start Date: 12-May-2008 Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

## 

+	
-	
0	
0	
Ð	
2	
1	
1	
g	
Е	
ε	
S	

Rating						c mer Q. E/W
COMMENT / ANALYSES						SV(1) - Schedule Vanh mer (1) SY(1) - Schedule Vanh mer (1)
COMPLEN						ES = Esmed Schedule AD - Actual Duration
(1)LIS						
(mo)						
<b>8</b> ()						PV - Planed Value EV - Enned Value
1 e			1004			22.2
5						HLA/HL
						forman or Index, nece Index, El PH
	870,649	879,289	886,489	892,339	896,839	THEY - TOO HAGINE PERTORMAN CE JANGER, THI/PTTH
НКР						
Ы						TH - Too Height EH - Esmed Height
IdHI						Height sc Height
EHK						TH - To Height BH - Esmed Height
EE						
≡ €						op Height Mahr
PHR		0.39			0.40	FTH - Phanned Top Height PM - Phanned Height
EE	71	72	73	74	74	
H (	184	184	184	184	184	Legend m - Meter mo - Monts
Month	31	32	33	34	35	egend

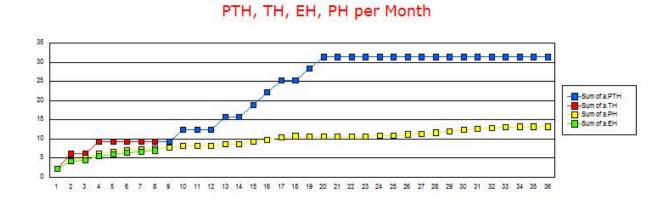
### **Appendix D** – EHM Summary Report – Fujeirah Project

Rating			2002			<u> </u>		SV(0) - Schedide Varbins: (0)
COMMENT / ANALYSIS								(1) Schedule van Inder
COMME								S - Eaned Schoole
SV(t) SPI(t) (mo)								
SV(t) (mo)								
<b>A</b> (official definition of the second secon								V - Planned Value
83 (jui)			-000					- Z
SPI								Hai'R
(MED)								THEY - TOO HEADING FORTIGMMAN C. Index, 11
PV (AED)	379,177	394,451	406,014	415,580	422,674	426,841	427,151	TPPT = Top Height Performance Index, THYTH
HRPI								
IdH								
IdHI								į
EHR								TH - Top Height
E E								
₹€								) Helght
PHR	0.38	0.39	0.40	0.41	0.42	0.42	0.42	TH - Ptemed Top Height
H	12	12	13	n	13	13	13	
H (	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	a - Meter
Month		8	31	32	33	34	35	Legend m - Meter

Finish Date: 7-Jan-2011

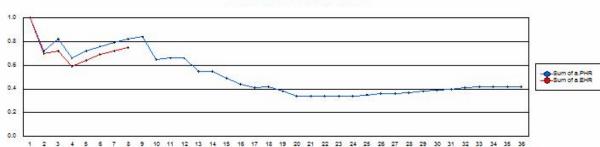
Start Date: 7-Feb-2008

FUJETRAH HOTEL RESORT Floors 10



### THPI, HPI, HRPI per Month





### PHR, EHR per Month



### 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 Month

1.0

0.8

0.4

FUJEIRAH HOTEL RESORT

Floors: 10

Finish Date: 7-Jan-2011 Start Date: 7-Feb-2008

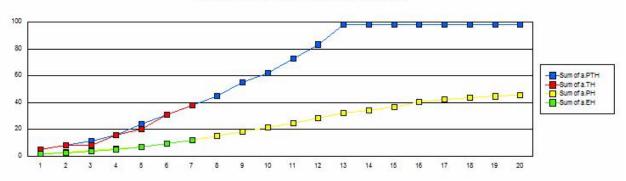
1.1	
L	
ō	
õ	
Ð	
R	
-	
<b>O</b>	
Ē	
2	
2	
20	
S	

Rating		Marming	Aarming	Alarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming				- 5.		(==)	<u>.</u>						()								e Index (Q, ES/ND
COMMENT / ANALYSIS	1.00 Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	0.55 Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind																					SV(0) = Schedule Varbmac (0) SP1(0) = Schedule Performance Index (0, 65/AD					
COMME	Project on time, Stru Activities on time	Project behind, Struc Activities behind																					ES - Eamed Schedule AD - Actual Duration						
(1)Ids	1.00	06'0	0.83	0.67	0.59	0.57	0.57	0.55																					
Sv(t) (mo)	0.00	-0 <b>.</b> 20	9.52	-131	-2.05	-2.57	-3.00	-3.99						_															
<b>P</b> ()	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00																					PV - Planned Value EV - Earned Value
E ()	1.00	1.80	2.48	2.69	2.95	3.43	4.00	4.41	1							-													PV - Plar EV - Ean
SPI	06.0	<b>0.89</b>	0.64	67.0	0.74	0.75	0.74	0.73	ſ				_									-							нлялн
(AED)	3,923	8,705	928/6	22,499	25,684	30,579	34,561	38,543															2						THPI - Top Height Performance Index, TH/PTH HPI - Height Performance Index, BH/PH
(AED)	4,359	9,836	15,313	28,588	34,561	40,534	46,507	52,480	58,453	70,753	81,250	93,735	109,627	125,177	153,538	180,667	202,396	219,003	230,962	242,921	258,294	269,501	293,006	305,421	317,817	336,492	351,015	364,808	<ul> <li>Top Height Per</li> <li>Height Performa</li> </ul>
HRPI	1.00	76'0	0.88	0.89	0.89	16.0	0.91	0.91																					
IdH	1.00	0.97	0.88	0.89	0.88	06.0	0.91	0.92																					TH - Top Height BH - Eamed Height
IdHT	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00																					telght d Height
EHR	1.00	Q.70	0.72	0.59	0.64	69.0	0.72	0.75																					TH - Top Height BH - Eamed Height
EE	2.25	4.27	4.39	5.47	5.94	6.38	6.72	66'9																					1
₹€	2.25	6,10	6.10	05.9	<del>6</del> .30	9.30	02.6	9.30																					op Height Ight
PHR	1.00	0.72	0.82	0.66	0.72	0.76	62.0	0.82	0.84	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.55	0.55	0.49	0.44	0.41	0.42	0.38	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.37	PTH - Planned Top Height PH - Planned Height
ΞE	2	4	5	9	6	2	7	80	00	80	80	80	6	6	6	9	9	11	11	11	11	Ħ	Ħ	11	11	11	11	12	100
E	7	9	9	6	σ	0	<u>б</u>	6	6	13	5	13	16	16	19	22	25	25	29	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	m - Meter mo - Months
Month	H	7	m	4	S	9	2	œ	6	10	Ħ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	33	24	25	26	27	38	Legend

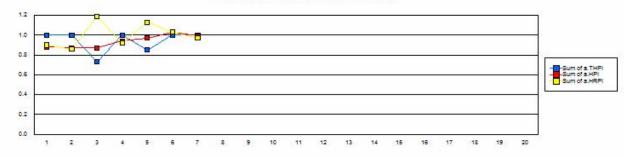
### **Appendix E** – EHM Summary Report – Barsha Project

	Rating	Alarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming	Aarming		Aarming															Index (0, E5/ND
	COMMENT / ANALYSIS	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	1.00 Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind															SV(X) - Schedule Varia mz. (X) SV(X) - Schedule Pariamance Inder (A, ES/M)
	COMM	Project behind, Str Activities behind	Project behind, Str Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Sul Activities delayed less than structure	Project behind, Str Activities behind	Project behind, Structure behind, Sul Activities delayed less than structure	Project ahead, Shu Activities ahead	Project behind, Str Activities behind															ES - Eamed Schedule AD - Actual Duration
	(t)IdS	0.77	0.83	0.87	0.94	86'0	1.02	1.00															
	SV(t)	-0.23	-0.33	9.3	-0.22	0.09	0.10	-0.02															PV - Planned Value EV - Esmed Value
	Q (om)	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00															ned Value ed Value
-	ES (mo)	0.77	1.67	2.62	3.78	4.91	6.10	6.98		-224	-				-		- 77					-	PV - Planned Value EV - Earned Value
eport	IdS	0.93	0.92	0.92	68.0	06'0	0.85	0.77						-									H
Summary Report	EV (AED)	4,081,034	5,417,226	6,668,232	8,441,076	11,354,388	14,460,650	15,962,181							<u>}</u>					<u></u>			1141 – Top Height Performance Index, TH/PTH HPT – Height Performance Index, BH/PH
Sur	PV (AED)	4,395,652	5,911,165	7,241,075	9,442,601	12,640,914	16,938,620	20,607,847	24,366,850	27,861,471	31,121,549	35,918,779	41,722,344	49,685,621	56,416,136	62,931,798	70,483,460	75,075,231	77,754,750	79,078,516	80,132,506		THP1 - Top Height Performance Index, T HP1 - Height Performance Index, BH,PH
	HRPI	06.0	0.86	1.19	0.92	1.13	1.03	0.97													(40), (40),		
	IdH	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.94	<u>16.0</u>	1.03	66.0			_												
	IdHT	1.00	1.00	0.73	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00							<u></u>								clight 1 Height
	EHR	0.36	0.32	0.44	0.33	0.34	0.31	0.31												-			TH - Top Height EH - Esmed Height
	H (	1.77	2.64	3.62	5.25	6.98	9.54	11.92										Ĩ					
	₹€	4.95	8.25	8.25	15.70	20.35	30.85	37.85															PTH - Planned Top Height PH - Planned Height
	PHR	0.40	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.30	0.30	0.32	0.34	0.33	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.35	0.37	0.41	0.43	0.45	0.45	0.46		PTH - Planned Top Height PH - Planned Height
	Ηœ	2	m	4	9	2	6	12	15	18	22	25	29	32	34	37	4	42	4	45	45		
	H (	'n	œ	Ħ	16	24	31	ĸ	45	55	62	73	83	98	8	98	86	98	98	98	98	9	m - Meter mo - Months
	Month	H	17	m	4	S	9	2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	61	20	0	Legend m - Meter mo - Mont

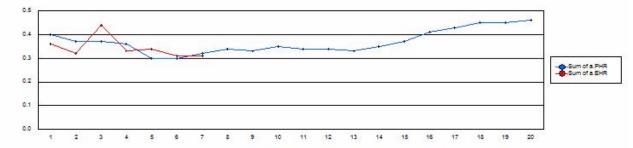
AL BARSHA TOWER Hoors: 28 PTH, TH, EH, PH per Month



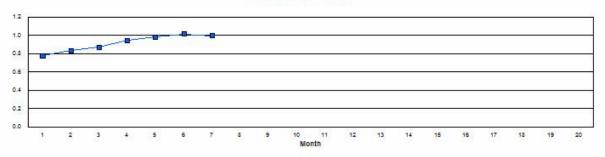
### THPI, HPI, HRPI per Month



### PHR, EHR per Month



### SPI(t) per Month



### Appendix F – EHM Progress

Report, June 2007 – Sharjah Project

### SHARJAH PROJECT

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006

### Floors: 42

Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Planne	d Progres	15		Actua	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
Floor: Hellpad	152.80	400.00	61,1 20.00	15.01%	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%
CONCRETING	152.80	400.00	61,120.00	100.00%	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.009
FINISHES	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.009
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.80	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: URoof	146.58	500.00	73,290.00	1456%	146.58	450.00	65,961.00	1310%
CONORETING	146.58	\$00.00	73,290.00	100.00%	146.52	450.00	65,961.00	90.00
FINISHES	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.00%	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.00%
MEP WORKS	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.00%	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.00%	146.58	0.00	0.00	0.00%
Floor: Roof	140.05	500.00	70,025.00	26.53%	140.05	500.00	70,025.00	26.539
CONCRETING	140.05	500.00	70,025.00	100.00%	140.05	500.00	70,025.00	100.00
FINISHES	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.00%	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.00%	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.009
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.00%	140.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: HC	135.95	500.00	67,975.00	26.53%	135.95	500.00	67,975.00	26.539
CONCRETING	135.95	500.00	67,975.00	100.00%	135.95	500.00	67,975.00	100.00
FINISHES	135.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	135.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
MEP WORKS	135.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	135.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	135.95	8,00	0.00	0.00%±	135.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: 30F	132.45	500.00	66,225.00	20.96%	132.45	500.00	66,225.00	20.969
CONCRETING	132.45	500.00	66,225.00	100.00%	132.45	500.00	66,225.00	100.00
FINISHES	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%b	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.00*
MEP WORKS	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.009
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	132.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%
Floor: 29F	128.95	500.00	64,475.00	20.96%	128.95	500.00	64,475.00	20.96%
COWCRETING	128.95	500.00	64,475.00	100.00%	128.95	500.00	64,475.00	100.00
FINISHES	128,95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	128.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
MEP WORKS	128.95	5.00	0.00	0.00%	128.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	128.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	128.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: 28F	125.45	700.00	87,815.00	27.08%	125.45	700.00	87,815.00	27.089
CONCRETING	125.45	700.00	87,815.00	100.00%	125.45	700.00	87,815.00	100.00
FINISHES	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.00*
MEP WORKS	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.005
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 27F	121.95	700.00	85,365.00	26.92%	121.95	700.00	85,365.00	26.92
CONCRETING	121.95	700.00	85,365.00	100.00%	121.95	700 00	85,365.00	100.00

Totals:- Planned Value-109528, PV # Height-4125281.975, Perc. Accom.-71.40, PH-37.57 Actual Value-105076, AV # Height-3823871.95, Perc. Accom.-68.92, PH-36.05

Floors: 42

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006 Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Planne	d Progres	15		Actu	al Progres	\$
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
F2115HE5	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%
MEP WORKS	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 26F	118.45	700.00	82,915.00	26.92%	118.45	700.00	82,915.00	26.92%
CONCRETING.	118.45	700.00	82,915.00	100.00%	118.45	700.00	82,915.00	100.007
FINISHES	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP WORKS	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	118.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 25F	114.95	700.00	80,465.00	26.92%	114.95	700.00	80,465.00	26.92%
CONCRETING	114.95	700.00	80,465.00	100.00%	114.95	700.00	80,465.00	100.00
FINISHES	114.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
MEP WORKS	114.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	114.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114,95	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: 24F	111.45	700.00	78,015.00	26.92%	111.45	700.00	78,015.00	26.929
CONCRETING	111.45	700.00	78.015.00	100.00%	111.45	700.00	78,015.00	100.00
FINISHES	111.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	111.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP WORKS	111.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	111.45	0.00	0.00	0.009
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	111.45	0.00	6.00	0.00%	111.45	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 23F	107.95	900.00	97,155.00	32.32%	107.95	900.00	97,155.00	32329
CONCRETING.	107.95	900.00	97,155.00	100.00%	107.95	900.00	97,155.00	100.009
FINISHES	107.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	107.95	0.00	.0.00	0.009
MEP WORKS	107.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%b	107.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	107.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	107.95	0.00	.0.00	0.009
Floor: 22F	104.45	1,000.00	04,450.00	34.66%	104.45	1,000.00	04,450.00	34.665
CONCRETING	104.45	1,000.00	104,450.00	100.00%	104.45	1,000.00	104,450.00	100.007
FINISHES	104.45	0.00	0.00	3/100.0	104.45	0.00	0.00	0.00*
MEP WORKS	104.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	104.45	0.00	0.00	0.009
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	104.45	5.00	0.00	a+00.0	104.45	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 21F	100.95	1,000.00	00,950.00	34.66%	100.95	1,000.00	00,950.00	34.663
CONCRETING	100.95	1,000.00	100,950.00	100.00%	100.95	1,000.00	100,950.00	100.00
FINISHES	100.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	100.95	0.00	0.00	0.005
MEP WORKS	100.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	100.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	100.95	0.00	0,00	0.00%	100.95	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: 20F	97.45	1,000.00	97,450.00	34.66%	97.45	1,000.00	97,450.00	34.669
CONCRETING	97.45	1,000.00	97,450.00	100.00%	97.45	1,000.00	97,450.00	100.00
FINISHES	97.45	1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	10000	100 A 100	97.45	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
MEP WORKS	97.45		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.		97.45	E 02-22		

Totals:- Planned Value-109888, PV = Height-4128881.975, Perc. Armen.=71.40, PH=37.57 Actual Value-106076, AV = Height-3823871.95, Perc. Arman.=68.92, PH=36.05

Floors: 42

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006 Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Planna	d Progres	IS		Actu	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	97,45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	97.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%
Floor: 19F	93.95	1,000.00	93,950.00	34.66%	93.95	1,000.00	93,950.00	34.66%
CONCRETING	93.95	1,000.00	93,950.00	100.00%	93.95	1,000.00	93,950.00	100.00
PINISHES	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
MEP WORKS	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	93.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 18F	90.45	1,000.00	90,450.00	34.66%	90.45	1,000.00	90,450.00	34.664
CONCRETING	90.45	1,000.00	90,450.00	100.00%	90.45	1,000.00	90,450.00	100.00
F2VISHES	90.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	50.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%
MEP WORKS	90.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.45	0.00	0.00	0.00*
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	90.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 17F	86.95	1,000.00	86,950.00	34.66%	86.95	1,000.00	86,950.00	34.66%
CONCRETING	36.95	1,000.00	86,950.00	100.00%	86.95	1,000.00	86,950.00	100.007
FERISHES	26.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	06.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	26.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
Floor: 16F	83.45	1,000.00	83,450.00	34.66%	83.45	1,000.00	83,450.00	34.664
CONCRETING	81.45	1,000.00	83,450.00	100.00%	83.45	1,000.00	E1,450.00	100.007
P2VISHES	83.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	83.45	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	#3.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	83.45	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	83.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	83.45	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 15F	79.70	1,000.00	79,700.00	30.44%	79.70	1,000.00	79,700.00	30.449
CONORETING	79.70	1,000.00	79,700.00	100.00%	79.70	1,000.00	79,700.00	100.007
<b>FINISHES</b>	79.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.70	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	79.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.70	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	79.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79,70	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 14F	76.20	2,355.50	79,409.10	54.97%	76.20	1,000.00	76,200.00	23.344
CONCRETING	76.20	1,000.00	76,200.00	100.00%	76.20	1,000.00	76,200.00	100.007
FINISHES	76.20	655.50	49,949.10	30.00%	76.20	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP WORKS	76.20	0.00	0.00	0.00%	76.23	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	76.20	700.00	\$3,340.00	100.00%	76.20	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 13F	72.95	1,935.90	41,194.73	67.09%	72.95	1,000.00	72,950.00	34.664
CONORETING	72.95	1,000.00	72,950.00	100.00%	72.95	1,000.00	72,950.00	100.00
PERSHES	72.95	235.50	17,179.73	30.00%	72.95	0.00	0.00	0.00*
HEP WORKS	72.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.95	0.00	0,00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	72.95	700.00	\$1,065.00	100.00%	72.95	0.00	0.00	0.00

Totals:- Planned Value-109032, PV \* Height-4120331.975, Perc. Accom.-71.40, PH-37.57 Ackad Value-106076, AV \* Height-3020871.95, Perc. Accom.-68.92, EH-36.05

Floors: 42

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006 Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Plann	ed Progres	55		Actu	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
Floor: 12F	69.45	2,411.00	67,443.95	71.39%	69.45	2,055.50	42,754.40	62.57%
CONCRETING	69.45	1,000.00	69,450.00	100.00%	69.45	1,000.00	69,450.00	100.007
FINISHES	69.45	711.00	49,378.95	60.00%	69,45	355.50	24,629.48	30.00
MEP WORKS	69.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	69.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	69.45	700.00	48,615.00	100.00%	69.45	700.00	48,615.00	100.00
Floor: 11F	65.95	2,411.00	59,005.4S	7139%	65.95	2,292.50	51,190.38	69.791
CONCRETING	65.95	1,000.00	65,950.00	100.00%	65.95	1,000.00	65,950.00	100.00
FINISHES	65.95	711.00	46,890.45	60.00%	65.95	\$92.50	39,075.38	50.00
MEP WORKS	65.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	65.95	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	65.95	700.00	46,165.00	100.00%	65.95	700.00	46,165.00	100.00
Floor 10F	62.45	2,485.00	55,188.25	86.14%	62.45	2,328.00	45,383.60	80.695
CONCRETING	62.45	1,000.00	62,450.00	100.00%	62.45	1,000.00	62,450.00	100.00
PINISHES	62,45	785.00	49,023,25	100.00%	62.45	628.00	39,218.60	80.00
MEP WORKS	62.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%	62.45	0.00	0.00	0.00%
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	62.45	700.00	43,715.00	100.00%	62.45	700.00	43,715.00	100.00
Floor: 9F	58.95	2,485.00	46,490.75	86.14%	58.95	2,605.00	\$1,964.75	90.294
CONCRETING	\$2.95	1,000.00	\$2,950.00	100.00%	58.95	1,000.00	58,950.00	100.00
FINISHES	58.95	785.00	46,275.75	100.00%	\$8.95	785.00	46,275.75	100.00
MEP WORKS	58.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.95	120.00	7,074.00	30.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	58.95	700.00	41,265.00	100.00%	\$8.95	700.00	41,265.00	100.009
Floor: 8F	55.45	2,1015.00	99,973.25	100.00%	55.45	2,605.00	44,447.25	90.294
CONCRETING	55.45	1,000.00	\$5,450.00	100.00%	\$5,45	1,000.00	\$5,450.00	100.00
FERIES	\$5.45	785.00	43,528.25	100.00%	55.45	785.00	43,528.25	100.00
MEP WORKS	55.45	400.00	22,180.00	100.00%	\$5.45	120.00	6,654.00	30.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	55.45	700.00	38,815.00	100.00%	\$5,45	700.00	38,815.00	100.00
Floor: 7F	51.95	2,105.00	49,875.75	100.00%	51.95	2,685.00	30,405.75	93.074
CONGRETING	51.95	1,000.00	\$1,950.00	100.00%	\$1,95	1,000.00	\$1,950.00	100.00
F2VISHES	51.95	785.00	40,750.75	100.00%	\$1.95	785.00	40,780.75	100.00
MEF WORKS	\$1.95	400.00	20,780.00	100.00%	\$1.95	200.00	10,190.00	\$0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	51.95	700.00	36,365.00	100.00%	51.95	700.00	36,365.00	100.00
Floor: GF	48.45	2,105.00	39,778.25	100.00%	48.45	2,005.00	35,902.25	97.239
CONCRETING	48.45	1,000.00	45,450.00	100.00%	48.45	1,000.00	48,450.00	100.00
F2415HE5	40.45	785.00	38,033.25	100.00%	48.45	785.00	38,033.25	100.00
MEP WORKS	48.45	100.00	19,380.00	100.00%	48.45	320.00	15,504.00	80.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	48.45	700.00	33,915.00	100.00%	48.45	700.00	33,915.00	100.00
Floor: SF	44.95	2,850.00	28,107.50	100.00%	44.95	2,350.00	28,107.50	100.004
CONCRETING	44.95	1 000 000	44,950.00	100.00%	44.95	1 0000 000	44,950.00	100.007

Totals:- Planned Value-109038, PV \* Height-4120881.975, Perc. Accom.-71.40, PH-37.57 Actual Value-106076, AV \* Height-3022071.95, Perc. Accom.-68.92, EH-36.05

Floors: 42

Start Date: 1-Feb- 2006

Finish Cate: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Planne	d Progres	IS		Actu	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
FINISHES	41.95	750.00	33,712.50	100.00%	44.95	750.00	33,712.50	100.009
MER WORKS	44.55	400.00	17,980.00	100.00%	44.95	400.00	17,980.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	44.95	700.00	31,465.00	100.00%	44.95	700.00	31,465.00	100.07
Floor: 4F	41.45	2,850.00	18,132.50	100.00%	41.45	2,250.00	18,132.50	100.00%
CONCRETING.	41.45	1,000.00	41,450.00	100.00%	41.45	1,000.00	41,450.00	100.00
F2K1SHES	41,45	750.00	31,087.50	100.00%	41.45	750.00	31,687.50	100.00
MEP WORKS	41.45	400.00	16,580.00	100.00%	41.45	400.00	16,580.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	41,45	700.00	29,015.00	100.00%	41.45	700.00	29,015.00	100.00
Floor: 3F	37.95	2,850.00	08,157.50	100.00%	37.95	2,850.00	08,157.50	100.004
CONCRETING	37.95	1,000.00	37,950.00	100.00%	37.95	1,000.00	37,950.00	100.00
FINISHES	37,95	750.00	28,462.50	100.00%	37.95	750.00	28,462.50	100.00
MEP WORKS	37.95	100.00	15,180.00	100.00%	37.95	400.00	15,181.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	37.95	700.00	26,565.00	100.00%	37.95	700.00	26,565.00	100.00
Floor: 2F	34.45	2,850.00	98,182.50	100.00%	34.45	2,850.00	98,182.50	100.005
CONCRETING.	34,45	1,000.00	34,450.00	100.00%	34.45	1,000.00	34,450.00	100.00
FINISHES	34.45	750.00	25,837.50	100.00%	34.45	750.00	25,837.50	100.00
MEP WORKS	34,45	400.00	13,780.00	100.00%	34.45	400.00	13,793.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	34.45	700.00	24,115.00	100.00%	34.45	700.00	24,115.00	100.00
Floor: 1F	30.95	2,850.00	88,207.50	100.00%	30.95	2,850.00	88,207.50	100.003
CONCRETING	30.95	1,000.00	30,950.00	100.00%	30.95	1,000.00	30,950.00	100.00
FINISHES	30.95	750.00	23,212.50	100.00%	30.95	750.00	73,712.50	100.00
MEP WORKS	30.95	400.00	17,380.00	100.00%	30.95	400.00	12,380.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	30.95	700.00	21,665.00	100.00%	30.95	700.00	21,665.00	100.00
Floor: 6P	26.75	2,850.00	76,237.50	100.00%	26.75	2,850.00	76,237.50	100.00
CONCRETING	26.75	1,000.00	26,750.00	100,00%	26.75	1,000.00	26,750.00	100.00
FINISHES	26.75	750.00	20,062.50	100.00%	26.75	750.00	20,067.50	100.00
MEP WORKS	26.75	400.00	10,700.00	100.00%	26.75	400.00	10,700.00	100.00
ALUMENUM & GLAZE	26.75	700.00	18,725.00	100.00%	26.75	700.00	18,725.00	100.00
Floor: 5P	22.60	2,850.00	64,410.00	100.00%	22.60	2,850.00	64,410.00	100.004
CONCRETING	22.60	1,000.00	22,600.00	100.00%	22.60	1,000.00	22,600.00	100.00
FINISHES	22.60	750.00	16,950.00	100.00%	22.60	750.00	16,950.00	100.00
HEP WORKS	22.60	400.00	9,040.00	100.00%	22.60	400.00	9,040.00	100.007
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	22.60	700.00	15,820.00	100.00%	22.60	700.00	15,820.00	100.00
Floor: 4P	19.20	4,250.00	81,600.00	100.00%	19.20	4,250.00	81,600.00	100.009
CONCRETING	19.20	1,000.00	19,200.00	100.00%	19.20	1,000.00	19,200.00	100.00
FINISHES	19.20	121222010	41,280.00	2010/02/02	19.20		41,790.00	100.00
MEP WORKS	19.20	400.00	7,680.00	100.00%	19.20		11/2 1 12	100.00

Totals:- Planned Value-109533, PV \* Height-4123331.975, Perc. Accom.=71.40, PH=37.57 Actual Value-106076, AV \* Height-3823871.95, Perc. Accom.=68.92, EH=36.05

Floors: 42

Start Date: 1-Feb-2006 Finish Date: 30-Jul-2008

### Progress Report for the Month June 2007

		Planne	ad Progres	IS		Actu	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	19.20	700.00	13,440.00	100.00%	19.20	700.00	13,440.00	100.00
Floor: 3P	15.80	3,250.00	51,350.00	100.00%	15.80	3,250.00	51,350.00	100.004
CONCRETING	15.80	1,000.00	15,800.00	100.00%	15.80	1,000.00	15,800.00	100.00
PINISHES	15.80	1,150.00	18,170.00	100.00%	15.80	1,150.00	18,170.00	100.007
MEP WORKS	15.80	400.00	6,320.00	100.00%	15,80	400.00	6,320.00	100.007
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	15.80	700.00	11,060.00	100.00%	15.80	700.00	11,060.00	100.00
Floor: 2P	12.40	6,950.00	86,120.00	100.00%	12.40	6,950.00	86,180.00	100.004
CONCRETING	12.40	1,000.00	12,400.00	100.00%	12.40	1,000.00	12,400.00	100.00
FINISHES	12.40	250.00	3,100.00	100.00%	12,40	250.00	3,100.00	100.00
MEP WORKS	12.40	5,000.00	62,000.00	100.00%	12.40	5,000.00	62,000.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	12.40	700.00	8,620.00	100.00%	12,40	700.00	8,680.00	100.00
Floor: 1P	9.00	6,950.00	62,550.00	100.00%	9.00	6,950.00	62,550.00	100.005
CONCRETING	9.00	1,000.00	9,000.00	100.00%	9.00	1,000.00	9,000.00	100.007
FERISHES	9.00	250.00	2,250.00	100.00%	9.00	250.00	2,250.00	100.00
MEP WORKS	9.00	5,000.00	45,000.00	100.00%	9.00	5,000.00	45,000.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	9.00	700.00	6,300.00	100.00%	9.00	700.00	6,300.00	100.00
Floor: Attic	5.60	15,250.00	85,400.00	100.00%	5.60	15,250.00	85,400.00	100.004
CONCRETING	5.60	1,000.00	5,600.00	100.00%	5.60	1,000.00	5,600.00	100.007
FINISHES	5.60	4,150.00	23,240.00	100.00%	5.60	4,150.00	23,240.00	100.009
MEP WORKS	5.60	10,000.00	\$5,000.00	100.00%	5.60	10,000.00	56,000.00	100.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	\$.60	100.00	560.00	100.00%	5.60	100.00	\$60.00	100.00
Floor: GF	1.95	15,250.00	29,737.50	100.00%	1.95	15,250.00	29,737.50	100.00%
CONCRETING	1.95	1,000.00	1,950.00	100.00%	1.95	1,000.00	1,950.00	100.009
PENISHES	1.95	4,150.00	8,092.50	100.00%	1.95	4,150.00	8,092.50	100.007
MEP WORKS	1.95	10,000.00	19,500.00	100.00%	1.95	10,000.00	19,500.00	100.009
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	1.95	100.00	195.00	100.00%	1.95	100.00	195.00	100.00
Total:		09 22121 00	21.201.198	71.40%		06.076.00	-	68.924
Total:		09,32135,00	23, 2011. 191	71.40%		06,076.00		68.9

Totals:- Planned Value-109032, PV \* Height-4120331.975, Perc. Accom.-71.40, PH-37.57 Ackad Value-106076, AV \* Height-3020871.95, Perc. Accom.-68.92, EH-36.05

### Appendix G – EHM Progress Report, June 2008 – Business Bay Project

### **BUSINESS BAY PROJECT** Floors: 45 Start Date: 1-Dec-2007

Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
FIOOT HELIPAD	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FRUSHES	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	170.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 3URF	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	168.90	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	163.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	163.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00%	168.80	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 2URF	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
PINISHES	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	164.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: URF	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	161.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: RF	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 35F	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00%	151.09	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00%	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00		
F2VISHES	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00%	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00%	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00%	153.09	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 34F	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FEXISHES	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	149.22	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 33F	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Planned Value-53917.24, PV = Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accum.=27.77, PH=20.09 Actual Value-34892.95, AV = Height-563646.006, Perc. Accum.=17.57, EH=16.15 Totals:-

Floors: 45

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007

Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
FINISHES	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
MER	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
Floor: 32F	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.003		
CONCRETE	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.009		
FINISHES	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.42	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 31F	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.005		
CONCRETE	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.009		
MER	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	137.52	0.00	0.00	0.009		
Floor: 30F	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.005		
CONCRETE	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	133.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 29F	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.003		
CONCRETE	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%k	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	129.72	0.00	0.00	0.009		
Floor: 28F	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.009		
CONCRETE	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.005		
FINISHES	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	125.82	0.00	0.00	d*00.0	125.82	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
Floor: 27F	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONCRETE	171.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	171.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	121.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 26F	118.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	1 18.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	118.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	118.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	118.02	0.03		1000	118.02	0.00	0.00			
	118.02				118.02	0.000	0.00			

Totals:- Planned Value-53917.24, PV = Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accam.=27.77, PH=20.09 Actual Value-34892.95, AV = Height-563646.006, Perc. Accam.=17.97, EH=16.15

Floors: 45

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007 Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		and the owner of the owner	d Progres			and the second se	I Progres	1
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	118.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	118.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 25F	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORETE	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114,12	0.00	0.00	0.00
PINISHES	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114,12	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	114.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 24F	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORETE	110.77	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 23F	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
FERISHES	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 22F	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	102.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 21F	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORETE	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>FINISHES</b>	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 20F	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	94.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	94.62	0.00	0,00	0.00
Floor 19F	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORETE	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90,72	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENDENES	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEP	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	90.72	0.00	0.00	0.00

Totals:- Planned Value-S2917.24, PV = Height-1052960,7963, Perc. Accom.=27.77, PH-20.09 Actual Value-34092.95, AV = Height-S63646.006, Perc. Accom.=17.97, EH-16.15

Floors: 45

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007

Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15		Actua	I Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
Floor: 18F	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.82	00.0	0.00	0.00*
CONCRETE	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
FRIDHES	26.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00%	86.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 17F	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82,92	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	12.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 16F	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
PINISHES	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00%	79.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 15F	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONGRETE	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75,12	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 14F	71.22	451.03	32,122.36	13.48%	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	71.22	451.03	32,122.36	37.00%	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 13F	67.32	719.21	48,417.22	21.50%	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	67.32	719.21	48,417,22	59.00%	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
FINISHES	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00%	67.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 12F	63.42	1,119.30	70,986.01	33,23%	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORIETE	63.42	1,119.30	70,986.01	91.00%	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
F2115HES	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00%	63.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 11F	59.52	1,179.90	82,131.65	40.53%	59.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONCRETE	\$9.52	1 240 00	73,804,80	100.00%	\$9.52	0.00	0.00	0.00

Totals:- Planned Value-S2917.24, PV \* Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accom.=27.77, PH=20.09 Actual Value-34092.95, AV \* Height-S63646.006, Perc. Accom.=17.97, EH=16.15

Floors: 45

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007

Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		Planne	d Progres	22	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
FINISHES	59.52	\$0.38	2,998.62	11.00%	\$9.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	59.52	89.52	5,328.23	E.00%	\$9.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	59.52	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$9.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 10F	55.62	1,394.33	77,552.63	40.53%	55.62	0.00	0.00	0.003		
CONCRETE	\$5.62	1,253.00	69,691.85	100.00%	55.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
<b>F2KESHES</b>	\$5.62	50.93	2,832.73	11.00%	\$5.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	\$5.62	90.40	5,028.05	8.00%	\$5.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	\$5.62	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$5.62	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 9F	51.72	1,417.73	73,325.00	40.53%	51.72	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	51.72	1,274.00	65,891.28	100.00%	\$1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	51.72	51.81	2,679.61	11.00%	\$1,72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	51.72	91.92	4,754.10	8.00%	51.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	51.72	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 8F	47.82	1,439.94	68,857.93	40.54%	47.82	1,035.20	49,503.26	29.14		
CONCRETE	47.82	1,294.00	61,879.08	100.00%	47.82	1,035.20	49,503.26	80.00		
FINISHES	47.82	52.58	2,514.38	11.00%	47.82	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	47.82	93.36	4,464.48	B.00%	47.82	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	47.82	0.00	6.00	0.00%	47.52	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 7F	43.92	1,462.26	64,222.46	40.53%	43.92	1,314.00	57,710.88	36.42		
CONCRETE	43.92	1,314.00	57,710.88	100.00%	43.92	1,314.00	57,710.88	100.00		
FINISHES	43.92	\$3.46	2,347.96	11.00%	43.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	43.92	94.80	4,163.62	8.00%	43.92	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	43.92	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.92	0.00	.0.00	0.00		
Floor: 6F	40.02	1,618.03	64,753.56	40.53%	40.02	1,454.00	58,189.08	36.42		
CONCRETE	40.02	1,454.00	58,129.08	100,00%	40.02	1,451.00	58,189.08	100.00		
FINISHES	40.02	59.07	2,363.98	11.00%	40.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	40.02	104.96	4,200.50	B.00%	40.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	40.02	5.00	0.00	d*00.0	40.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 5F	36.04	2,586.17	93,205.57	40.54%	36.04	2,324.00	83,756.96	36.43		
CONCRETE	36.04	2,324.00	83,756.96	100.00%	36.04	2,324.00	\$3,756.96	100.00		
FINISHES	36.04	94,49	3,405.42	11.00%	36.04	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	36.04	167.68	6,043.19	8.00%	36.04	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	36.04	0.00	0.00	0.00%	36.04	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 4F	31.57	1,031.94	32,578.35	19.67%	31.57	955.50	30,165.14	18.21		
CONCRETE	31.57	1,031,94	37,578.35	54.00%	31.57	955.50	30,165.14	50.00		
FINISHES	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Totals: Planned Value-53917.24, PV \* Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accum.-27.77, PH-20.09 Actual Value-34892.95, AV \* Height-563646.006, Perc. Accum.-17.97, EH-16.15

Floors: 45

Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007

		Planne	ad Progres	15		Actu	al Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 3F	27.35	1,407.78	38,502.78	19.67%	27.35	1,303.50	35,650.73	18.21
CONCRETE	27.35	1,407.75	38,502.78	54.00%	27.35	1,303.50	35,650.73	50.00
PINISHES	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 2F	23.78	1,419.66	33,759.51	19.67%	23.78	1,314.50	31,258.81	18.21
CONCRETE	23.78	1,419.66	33,799.51	\$4.00%	23.78	1,314,50	31,258.81	\$0.00
F2415HE5	23.76	0.00	0.00	0.00%	23.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	23.78	0.00	0.00	0.00%	23.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	23.78	0.00	0.00	0.00%	23.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 1F	20.00	2,654.00	\$3,030.00	3643%	20.00	1,327.00	26,540.00	18.21
CONCRETE	20.00	2,654.00	\$3,080.00	100.00%	20.00	1,327.00	26,540.00	50.00
FERESHES	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: MZ	16.50	823.20	13,582.80	40.47%	16.50	741.00	12,226.50	3643
CONCRETE	16.50	741.00	12,226.50	100.00%	16.50	741.00	17,226.50	100.00
FINISHES	16,50	#2.20	1,356.30	30.00%	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	16,50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: GF	12.86	9,970.16	28,216.26	42.43%	12.86	8,558.00	10,055.00	36.42
CONORETE	12,86	8,558.00	110,055.88	100.00%	12,86	8,558.00	110,055.88	100.00
PENISHES	12.86	948.90	12,202.85	30.00%	12.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	12.86	463.26	\$,957.52	6.00%	12.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	12.86	0,00	0.00	0.00%	12.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: B1	8.66	6,029,21	52,212.96	60.60%	8.66	3,921.35	33,958.89	39.41
CONCRETE	8.66	3,624.00	31,383.84	100.00%	8.66	3,624.00	31,383.84	100.00
F2V1SHES	1.66	203,40	6,957,44	60.00%	1.66	133.90	1,159.57	10.00
MEP	1.66	1,601.81	13,871.67	49.00%	2.66	163.45	1,415.48	5.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00%	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 82	4.97	8,257.43	41,039,43	83.00%	4.97	5,140.30	25,547.29	51.67
CONCRETE	4.97	3,624.00	18,011.28	100.00%	4.97	3,624.00	18,011.28	100.00
PENDERS	4.97	856.96	4,259.09	64.00%	4.97	\$35.60	2,661.93	40.00
MEP	4.97	2,059.47	10,235.57	63.00%	4.97	980.70	4,874.08	30.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	4.97	1,717.00	8,5331.49	100.00%	4.97	0.00	0.00	0.00

Totals:- Planned Value-S0917.24, PV = Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accom.= 27.77, PH=20.09 Actual Value-34092.95, AV = Height-S60646.006, Perc. Accom.=17.97, EH=16.15

Floors: 45

Start Date: 1-Dec-2007 Finish Date: 30-Apr-2009

### Progress Report for the Month June 2008

		Planne	d Progres	is .		Actua	I Progres	s s		
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
Floor: 83	1.65	8,735.96	14414.33	87.81%	1.65	5,504.60	9,082.59	\$5.339		
CONCRETE	1.63	3,624.00	5,979.60	100.00%	1.65	3,624.00	5,979.60	100.00		
FINISHES	1.63	910.52	1,502.36	68.00%	1.65	736,45	1,215.14	55.00		
MEP	1.63	2,484.44			1.65	1,144.15	1,887.85	35.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	AZI 1.65	1,717.00	2,833.05	100.00%	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Total:	at	53,917.24	82,960.30	27.77%		34,892.95		17.97%		

Totals: Planned Value-S2917.24, PV \* Height-1082960.7963, Perc. Accom.-27.77, PH-20.09 Actual Value-34092.95, AV \* Height-S63646.006, Perc. Accom.-17.97, EH-16.15

### **Appendix H** – EHM Progress Report, Sept 2008 -Marina Project

### MARINA PROJECT Floors: 53 Start Date: 12-Mart 2008 Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011 Progress Report for the Month September 2008 Planned Progress Actual Progress Plann ed Height Earned Height Floor / Work Height \* Height -Accomplished Accomplished Value Value Value Value Floor: 50 0.00% 0.00% 181.75 0.00 0.00 183.75 0.00 0.00 CONCRETE 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% FRISHES MEP 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% ALUMINUM & GLAZI 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 183.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 49 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180,25 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180.25 0.00% 180.25 FINISHES 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% MER ALUMINUM & GLAZI 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 180.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 48 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00% 176.75 0.00% 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CONCRETE PINISHES 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% MER ALUMINUM & GLAZI 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 176.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00% Floor: 47 173.25 0.00 0.00 171.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 173.25 CONCRETE 173.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00 0.00 0.00% 173.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 173.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% FINISHES 0.00 0.00 0.00% 173.25 0.00 ME# 173.25 0.00 0.00% ALUMINUM & GLAZI 173.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 173.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 46 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% FERISHES 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169,75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% MER ALUMINUM & GLAZI 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 169.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 45 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE FINISHES 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% MER 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% ALUMINUM & GLAZI 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 166.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 44 0.00 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0,00 0.00% CONCRETE PENDENES 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% MEP 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% ALUMINUM & GLAZI 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% 162.75 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 43 159.25 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00 0.00%

Totals:d Value-67388.5, PV \* Height-690831.875, Pesc. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.30 P1 Actual Value=37408, AV \* Height=220941, Perc. Accom.=4.16, EH=5.98

159.25

CONCRETE

EHM

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00%

159,25

159.25

0.00%

Floors: 53

Start Date: 12-May-2008

Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress				
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished	
FINISHES	159.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	159.25	0.00	0.00	0.001	
MEP	159.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	139.25	0.00	0.00	0.001	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	159.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	159.25	0.00	0.00	0.009	
Floor: 42	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	
CONCRETE	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	
PINISHES	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	155.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 41	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
CONCRETE	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	157.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
FINISHES	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	152.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 40	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	140.75	0.00	0.00	0.003	
CONCRETE	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PINISHES	148.75	0.000	0.00	0.00%	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	148.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 39	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
CONGRETE	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
F2VISHES	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
NEP	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	145.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 38	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.004	
CONCRETE	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PERISHES	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
MEP	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLÁZI	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	141.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
Floor: 37	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
CONCRETE	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FINISHES	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MER	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	138.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 36	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
CONCRETE	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PENISHES	134.75	1 23.2	0.00	11000	134.75	0.00	0.00	n (*****	
	134.75	1	0.00	0.00000000	134.75	0.00	0.00		

Totals:- Planned Value-67388.5, PV = Height-693831.875, Pesc. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.30 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-220941, Perc. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.91

Floors: 53

Start Date: 12-May-2008 Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	is .		Actua	I Progres	5
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	134.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%
Floor: 35	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.004
CONCRETE	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%
FINISHES	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	131.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
Floor: 34	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.004
CONORISTE	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*
FINISHES	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	127.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 33	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.005
CONCRETE	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
FERISHES	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*
MEP	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	124.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 32	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*
CONCRETE	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	120,75	0.00	0.00	0.001
F2VISHES	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	120.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 31	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
CONORETE	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
PENTSHES	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
MEP	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	117.25	0,00	0.00	0.00%	117.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*
Floor: 30	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*
CONCRETE	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*
FINISHES	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.001
MER	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	113,75	0.00	0.00	0.00
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	113.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
Floor: 29	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*
CONORETE	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENISHES	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	110.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
				10000	and the second se	1.1010		0.00

Totals:- Planned Value-67388.5, PV = Height-693831.875, Pest. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.30 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-228941, Pert. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.91

Floors: 53 Start Date: 12-May-2008

Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15		Actua	I Progres	gress		
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
Floor: 28	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.75	00.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.009		
FRIDHES	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	106.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 27	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONORETE	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	103.25	0.00	0.00	8.001		
FINISHES	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MER	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	103.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
Floor: 26	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.005		
CONCRETE	59.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.009		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	99.75	0.03	0.00	0.00%	99.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 25	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.009		
CONORETE	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
FINISHES	96.2S	0.00	0.00	0.00%	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	96.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 24	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.009		
CONCRETE	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	92.75	0.00	.0.00	0.00		
FEUSHES	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%s	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	92.75	0.00	.0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	92.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 23	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.009		
CONCRETE	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
FINISHES	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.009		
MEP	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	89.ZS	0.00	0.00	0.00%	89.25	0.00	0.00	0.009		
Floor: 22	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.003		
CONCRETE	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMENUM & GLAZI	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%6	85.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 21	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONCRETE	87.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Totals: Planned Value-67335.5, PV = Height-693931.875, Perc. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.33 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-220941, Perc. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.91

Floors: 53

Start Date: 12-May-2008 Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress				
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished	
FINISHES	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	
MEP	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.001	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	82.25	0.00	0.00	0.009	
Floor: 20	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	
CONCRETE	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	
PINISHES	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
MEP	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 19	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.004	
CONCRETE	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
FINISHES	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MER	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	75.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 18	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.003	
CONCRETE	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PINISHES	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	71.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 17	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
CONORISTE	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
F2VISHES	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	68.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 16	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
CONCRETE	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FINISHES	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MEP	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GRAZI	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	64.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
Floor: 15	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
CONCRETE	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FINISHES	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MER	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	61.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Floor: 14	57.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$7.75	0.00	0.00	0.00*	
CONORETE	\$7.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$7.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FINISHES	\$7.75	1 23.2	0.00	10000	\$7,75	1 1/6/04	0.00		
MEP	\$7.75	1.1.1.1	0.00	0.0==93.0	\$7.75	0.00	0.00		

Totals:- Planned Value-67388.5, PV = Height-693831.875, Pest. Accom.=7.49, PH=10.30 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-228941, Pert. Accom.=4.16, EH=5.91

Floors: 53

Start Date: 12-May-2008

Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	5	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	57.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$7.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 13	54.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	54.25	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONCRETE	54.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	54.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	54.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	\$4,25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 12	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONOLETE	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FRUSHES	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	\$0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	50.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 11	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	47.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 10	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	43.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	43.75	0.00	.0.00	0.00		
Floor: 9	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	40.25	0.00	0.00	4900.0	40.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 8	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%c	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%⊧	36.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 7	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	33.25	9.00	0.00	0.00%	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	33.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Totals: Planned Value-67388.5, PV = Height-693831.875, Perc. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.30 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-220941, Perc. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.91

Floors: 53

Start Date: 12-May-2008 Finish Date: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	ad Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
Floor: 6	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
PRODUCTION	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
HEP	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	29.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
Floor: 5	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
MEP	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	26.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 4	22.75	2,979.50	67,713.63	14.70%	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	22.75	2,979.50	67,783.63	50.00%	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
FINISHES	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 3	19.25	5,959.00	14,710.75	29.40%	19,25	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONGRETE	19.25	5,959.00	114,710.75	100.00%	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
FINISHES	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 2	15.75	11,690.00	84,117.50	35.73%	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONCRETE	15.75	11,690.00	154,117.50	100.00%	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
F2435HES	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 1	12.25	11,690.00	43,202.50	38.95%	12.25	4,676.00	57,281.00	15.584		
CONORISTE	17.25	11,690.00	143,202.50	100.00%	12.25	4,676.00	\$7,281.00	40.00		
FINISHES	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	17.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: GF	8.75	11,690.00	02,287.50	3633%	8.75	9,352.00	81,830.00	29.07		
CONORIETE	1.75	11,690.00	102,287.50	100.00%	8.75	9,352.00	\$1,830.00	80.00		
F2x15HE5	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00%	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 81	5.25	11,690.00	61,372.50	36.09%	5.25	11,690.00	61,372.50	36.091		

Totals:- Planned Value-67388.5, PV = Height-693931.875, Pest. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.30 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-220941, Perc. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.92

Floors: 53 Start Date: 12-May-2008

Finish Cate: 12-Apr-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15		Actu	I Progres	£
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	% Accomplished
F2NISHES	\$.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	5.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
MER	\$.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	5.25	0.00	0.00	0.001
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	5.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	5.25	0.00	0.00	0.009
Floor: 82	1.75	11,690.00	20,457.50	36.09%	1.75	11,690.00	20,457.50	36.091
CONCRETE	1.75	11,690.00	20.457.50	100.00%	1.75	11,690.00	20,457,50	100.007
PINISHES	1.75				1.75			
MEP	1.75	1 1 1 1 1 1		5-7	1.75	1 10.000	1 27.012	
ALUMINUM & GLAZI	1.75		0.00	0.00%	1.75		0.00	0.001
<b>F</b> -1-1	-							
Total:		67,388.50	41,411,38	7.49%		37,408.00		4.164

Totals:- Planned Value-67338.5, PV = Height-683831.875, Perc. Accom.-7.49, PH-10.33 Actual Value-37408, AV = Height-223241, Perc. Accom.-4.16, EH-5.51

### **Appendix I** – EHM Progress Report, Sept 2008 – Fujeirah Project

### FUJEIRA PROJECT

Floors: 10

Start Date: 7-Feb-2008

Finish Date: 7-3an-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
Floor: URF	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31,40	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FRISHES	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.009		
EXTERNAL WORKS	31,40	0.00	0.00	0.00%	31.40	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: RF	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	28.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EXTERNAL WORKS	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	28.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 6	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00		
PINISHES	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EXTERNAL WORKS	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	25.30	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 5	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONGRETE	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	22,10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EXTERNAL WORKS	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	22.10	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 4	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONORETE	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FERISHES	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EXTERNAL WORKS	12.90	0.00	0.00	0.00%	18.90	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 3	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EXTERNAL WORKS	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 2	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	17.50	1 23.2	0.00	100000	12 50	1.1649	6 24049			
MEP	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ENTERNAL WORKS	17.50	0.00	0.00	0.00%	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.00		
000000000	9.30	29,865.00	77 744 50	2168%	9 30	15978.00	43,130.40	1263		
Floor: 1	10.00	w stages and		**************************************		a star was to a				

Totals: Planned Value-S2480, PV \* Height-28913.85, Pest. Accom.-12.28, PH-7.60 Actual Value-38543, AV \* Height-289293.75, Pert. Accom.-9.02, EH-6.99

### FUJEIRA PROJECT

Floors: 10

Start Date: 7-Feb-2008 Finish Date: 7-3an-2011

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	% Accomplished		
FINISHES	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
MEP	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
EXTERINAL WORKS	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%	9.30	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
Floor: GF	6.10	13,256.00	11,361.60	31.58%	6.10	13,256.00	11,361.60	31.58%		
CONCRETE	6.10	18,256.00	111,761.60	100.00%	6.10	18,256.00	111,361.60	100.00%		
PINISHES	6,10			0.00%	6.10			0.00%		
MEP	6.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	6.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
EXTERNAL WORKS	6.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%	6.10	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
Floor: B1	2.25	4,359.00	9,307.75	35.30%	2.25	4,359.00	9,307.75	35.30%		
CONORIETE	2.25	4,159.00	9,807.75	100.00%	2.25	4,339.00	9,807.75	100.00%		
FINISHES	100	10000000000	129000			100 B 100 B 100 B 100 B	201 BAN 1995	0.00%		
MER				0.000			0.00	0.00%		
EXTERNAL WORKS	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.		9.65	0.00%		1 10.000	0.00	0.00%		
	RNAL WORKS         6.10         0.00         0.00         0.00%         6.10         0.00         0.00           CRETE         2.25         4,359.00         9,807.75         353.0%         2.25         4,359.00         9,807.75           CRETE         2.25         4,359.00         9,807.75         100.00%         2.25         4,359.00         9,807.75           SHES         2.25         0.00         0.00         0.00%         2.25         0.00         0.00           2.25         0.00         0.00         0.00%         2.25         0.00         0.00		9.02%							

Totals:- Planned Value-S2480, PV \* Height-289313.85, Pesc. Accom.-12.28, PH-7.60 Actual Value-38543, AV \* Height-269299.75, Perc. Accom.-9.02, EH-6.99

### **Appendix J** – EHM Progress Report, Sept 2008 – Barsha Project

### BARSHA PROJECT Floors: 28 Start Date: 1-Mar-2008 Finish Date: 30-Oct-2009 Progress Report for the Month September 2008 Planned Progress Actual Progress Floor / Work Height Plann ed Height -Height Earned Height -Accomplished Accomplished Value Value Value Value Floor: RF3 98.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 98.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 0.00 98.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 98.30 0.00 0.00% 95.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 78.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% PRIDHES DOORS & WINDOWS 58.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 98.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 98.30 0.00% 98.30 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 0.00 0.00 0.00 MER 58.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% 98.30 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: RF2 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.15 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.35 0.00 0.00 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% FRISHES 0.00% DOORS & WINDOWS 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% MER 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 94.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 Floor: RF 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00 CONCRETE 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% FRISHES DOORS & WINDOWS 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% MEP 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% 90.60 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 20F 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 86.83 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% FINISHES 16.25 0.00 DOORS & WINDOWS 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 86.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 26.25 0.00 0.00% MER 0.00 0.00 0.00% 20, 20, 20, 0.00 Floor: 19F 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% CONCRETE 23.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% FRISHES 27.13 0.00 0.00 0.00% 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 23.35 0.00 83.35 0.00 DOORS & WINDOW'S 0.00 0.00% 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00 MER 83.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 81.15 0.00 0.00% Floor: 18F 79.85 0.00 0.00% 79.85 0.00 0.00% 0.00 0.00 CONCRETE 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00% 79.25 FROSHES 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00% 79.85 0.00 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 0.00 0.00% DOORS & WINDOW'S 79.85 0.00 0.00% 79.85 0.00 0.00% GLAZING 0.00 0.00 MEP 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% 79.85 0.00 0.00 0.00% Floor: 17F 76.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 76.35 0.00 0.00 0.00% 76.35 0.00 0.00% 76.35 0.00 0.00 CONCRETE 0.00 0.00%

Totals:- Planned Value-20607017.4561, PV = Height-247158426.97357, Perc. Accom.-25.72, PH-11.93 Actual Value-15962151.4255, AV = Height-190253918.293725, Perc. Accom.-29.92, EH-11.92

### BARSHA PROJECT

Floors: 28

Start Date: 1-Mar-2008 Finish Date: 30-Oct-2009

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Planne	d Progres	5	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
F2V1SHES	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
GLAZING	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	76.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 16F	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.004		
CONCRETE	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	72.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 15F	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
CONCRETE	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	69.35	0.003	0.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	69.35	2.2	5.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	69.35	1000	0.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	69.35		0.00	0.00%	69.35	0.00	0.00			
Floor: 14F	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	65.85	1.12	0.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	65.85	3,77	6.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	65.85	2320	0.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	65.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	65.85	0.00	0.00			
	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	6235	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 13F	Sec. 15.4	1.000	1 N D D D		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	235	64/3	1.1.1.1		
CONORETE	62.35		0.00	0.00%s	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FENISHES	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	62.35	0.00	0,00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	62.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 12F	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$8,85	0.00	0,00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	58.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 11F	55.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	55.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
CONCRETE	\$5.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$5.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
FINISHES	55.35	. 823			55.35	0.00	0.00	1 1000		
DOORS & WINDOWS	\$5.35	1 2333		0226455	\$5.35	0.00	0.00	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2		

Totals:- Planned Value-2050797.4563, PV = Height-247158476.97357, Pesc. Accom.-25.72, PH-11.99 Actual Value-15962181.4255, AV = Height-190253918.293725, Perc. Accom.-29.92, EH-11.92

### BARSHA PROJECT

Floors: 28

Start Date: 1-Mar-2008

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

			ad Progres		Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
GLAZING	\$\$.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$5.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
MEP	55.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$5.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 10F	51.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	51.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONORIETE	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
FINISHES	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
DOORS & WINDOWS	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
<b>GLAZING</b>	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
MEP	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	\$1.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 9F	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
FINISHES	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
DOORS & WINDOWS	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
GLAZING	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	48.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: BF	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	44.55	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00*		
FINISHES	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
GLAZING	44,85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	44.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: 7F	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
CONCRETE	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
FINISHES	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
DOORS & WINDOWS	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
GLAZING	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	41.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: GF	37.85	44,762.11	49,245.97	12.64%	37.85	16,829.13	11,432.49	21.524		
CONCRETE	37.85	344,762.11	049,245.97	47.00%	37.85	\$26,829,13	211,482,49	\$0.07		
FINISHES	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
DOORS & WINDOWS	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
<b>GLAZING</b>	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	37.25	0.00	0.00	0.001		
MEP	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.001		
Floor: SF	34.35	36,219.41	13,259.42	26.97%	3435	25,188.52	99,270.51	22.934		
CONCRETE	34.35	736,339.43	251,259,42	100.00%	34.35	625,888.52	499,270.51	85.00		
FINISHES	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
DOORS & WINDOWS	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		
<b>GLAZING</b>	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%		
NEP	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	34.35	0.00	0.00	0.001		

Totals:- Planned Value-20607997,4563, PV \* Height-247158476.97357, Pesc. Accom.-25.72, PH-11.99 Actual Value-15962181.4295, AV \* Height-19025918.290725, Perc. Accom.-25.92, DH-11.92

Finish Date: 30-Oct-2009

### BARSHA PROJECT

Floorst 28 Start Date: 1-Mar-2008

Finish Date: 30-Oct-2009

### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

		Plann	ed Progres	15	Actual Progress					
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	% Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	Accomplished		
Floor: 4F	30.85	58,031.52	34,272.39	25.93%	30.85	28,228.37	30,845.15	23345		
CONCRETE	30.85	698,031.52	\$34,272.39	100.00%	30.85	628,228.37	380,845.15	90.00		
PINESHES	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOW'S	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	30.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 3F	27.35	82,611.81	04,432.98	28.41%	27,35	60,777.05	07,252.32	27.62		
CONCRETE	27.35	760,777.05	807,252.32	100.00%	27.35	760,777.05	807,252.32	100.00		
PENDER	27.35	21,834.76	397,180.66	5.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOW'S	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	27.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 2F	23.85	64,561.12	29,799.43	38.61%	23.85	63,734.98	15,079.27	27.70		
CONCRETE	23.85	763,734.90	215,079,27	100.00%	23.85	763,734.98	215,079.27	100.00		
FRIDARS	23.85	104,005.04	499,643.21	24.00%	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00%	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	23.85	196,020.00	675,077.00	18.00%	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 1F	20.35	65, 973, 92	12,569.33	51.33%	20.35	62,164.14	45,040.25	30.19		
CONCRETE	20.35	862,164.14	\$45,040.25	100.00%	20.35	862,164.14	\$45,040.25	100.00		
FINISHES	20.35	200,879.78	087,903.58	46.00%	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOW'S	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MEP	20.35	402,930.00	199,625.50	37.00%	20.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: GF	15.70	54,272,55	92,079.11	60.61%	15.70	15, 747.48	87,235.44	32.69		
CONCRETE	15.70	215,747.48	087,235.44	100.00%	15.70	215,747.48	087,235.44	100.00		
PRODUCT	15.70	149,175.07	342,048.68	59.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	15,70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	15.70	00,350.00	962,795.00	49.00%	15.70	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Floor: 81	11.35	99,549.16	74,882.97	81.60%	11.35	55, 209, 76	58,440.79	45.35		
CONCRETE	11.35	450,649.34	464,170.01	100.00%	11.35	450,649.34	161,870.01	100.00		
FINISHES	11.35	96,549.82	095,840.46	67.00%	11.35	14,410,42	163,558.28	10.00		
DOORS & WINDOWS	11.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	11.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
GLAZING	11.35	0.00	0.00	0.00%	11.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		
MER	11.35	252,350.00	214,172.50	69.00%	11.35	90,750.00	010,017 50	5.00		
Floor: 82	8.25	47,670.57	43,222 24	79.15%	8.25	57, 529.11	24,615.16	55.53		
	Contraction of	376,484.87	1.2.1	17501005		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	356,000.18	100.00		

Totals:- Planned Value-20607997,4563, PV \* Height-247158476.97357, Pesc. Accom.-25.72, PH-11.99 Actual Value-15962181.4295, AV \* Height-190250918.290725, Perc. Accom.-25.92, EH-11.92

#### BARSHA PROJECT

Floors: 28 Start Date: 1-Mar-2008

Finish Date: 30-Oct-2009

#### Progress Report for the Month September 2008

	Planned Progress				Actual Progress			
Floor / Work	Height	Plann ed Value	Height Value	Accomplished	Height	Earned Value	Height Value	*/s Accomplished
F2V1SHES	1.25	91,435.70	754,344.56	67.00%	1.25	27,294.24	225,177.48	20.00
DOORS & WINDOWS	8.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	8.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
QLAZING	8.25	0.00	0.00	0.00%	8.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	8.25	179,750.00	732,937.50	65.00%	8.25	453,750.00	743,437.50	25.00
Floor: 83	4.95	51, 948.51	27,145.12	78.51%	4.95	60,795.95	00,939.97	61.01*
CONORETE	4.95	458,178.58	415,985.95	100.00%	4.95	498,178.98	415,985.95	100.00
FDUSHES	4.95	28,469.53	140,924.17	SS.00%	4.95	18,116.97	\$9,679.02	35.00
DOORS & WINDOWS	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
GLAZING	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00%	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
MEP	5.555	10000	\$70,235.00	62.00%		544,500.00	1-0-27.5	1. 1
Floor: 84	1.65	62, 126.04	17, 507. 97	86.74%	1.65	4.676.94	23,716.95	84.77
CONGRETE	1.65	931 716 14	486,506.63	100.00%	1.65	531,216.14	486.506.63	100.00
FINISHES	2.7255	105,609.90	1.1.5 8 5 6 6 1	SS.00%		115,210,80		12 The second
DOORS & WINDOWS	1.65	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	1000	0.00%	1.65		1000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
GLAZING	1.65	1996	0.00	0.00%	1.65	1 100/10	6 310.1	0.00
MEP	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	175,300.00		62.00%		998,250.00		
Total:	16	07 247 A6	58,476.97	25.72%		62,181,43		19.92

Totalis: Planned Value-20607917.4563, PV = Height-247158476.97357, Perc. Accom.-25.72, PH-11.99 Actual Value-19962181.4256, AV = Height-190252918.293725, Perc. Accom.-25.92, EH-11.92

## **Appendix K** – Questionnaire for EHM and HIRI-PRO Users

		Users' Replies						
-	Please answer the following questions as follows: 0 for "Strongly Disagree", 1 for "Disagree", 2 for "Neither Agree nor Disagree", 3 for "Agree", and 4 for "Strongly Agree"	Case Study No. 1	Case Study No. 2	Case Study No. 3	Case Study No. 4	Case Study No. 5	Average	Interpretation of Average
1	Before this EHM experience, you have been on the project responsible for the planning activities.	4	4	4	4	4	4.00	Strongly Agree
2	You have experience in planning and schedules control in the construction industry.	4	3	3	3	4	3.40	Agree
3	You have been using a planning software in your project.	4	4	4	4	4	4.00	Strongly Agree
4	You have budget (or value) breakdown in your project.	4	4	3	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
5	Your project is considered a high-rise building.	4	4	4	1	4	3.40	Agree
6	The trend to build high-rise buildings is, in your opinion, more likely to increase.	4	3	3	4	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
7	The EHM is very useful in managing projects.	3	4	2	3	4	3.20	Agree
8	The EHM provides the user with additional tools and information not delivered by other methods previously experienced.	3	3	2	4	4	3.20	Agree
9	The EHM method provides more accurate results than the EVM method for high-rise structures.	4	4	3	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
10	The EHM was found easy to apply.	1	2	2	3	3	2.20	Neither Agree nor Disagree
11	The way EHM & HIRI-PRO were presented to you were easy to understand.	3	2	2	4	3	2.80	Agree
12	The Ratios of EHM are easy to understand.	2	3	3	4	2	2.80	Agree
13	In your case study, the EHM has helped the Project Manager see problems not revealed by other methods.	4	3	4	3	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
14	In your project, the Project Manager accepted the recommendations of EHM method reports.	3	2	4	2	4	3.00	Agree
15	There was no resistance in your company or project to the usage of EHM method.	3	3	4	2	4	3.20	Agree
16	You have not encountered any similar methods dealing with high-rise.	4	2	4	4	4	3.60	Strongly Agree
17	HIRI-PRO software perfectly depicts the EHM method.	4	3	4	2	4	3.40	Agree
18	HIRI-PRO is easy to use.	4	3	3	4	3	3.40	Agree
19	HIRI-PRO can function properly without any improvements.	2	2	3	2	3	2.40	Neither Agree nor Disagree
20	HIRI-PRO reporting feature was found very effective and useful.	4	4	3	4	4	3.80	Strongly Agree
21	The benefit obtained by applying the EHM method justifies the time and cost spent in applying it.	3	2	2	3	4	2.80	Agree
22	EHM is to be recommended as a method for measuring progress in high-rise buildings.	4	4	3	2	4	3.40	Agree

### **Appendix L** – Decision Table for HIRI-PRO Smart Report

THPI	HPI	HRPI	SPI (t)	Comments	Alarm
=1	=1	=1	=1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	=1	>1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	=1	<1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Alarming
=1	=1	>1	=1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	>1	>1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	>1	<1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Alarming
=1	=1	<1	=1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	<1	>1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	
=1	=1	<1	<1	Project on time, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities on time	Alarming
=1	>1	=1	=1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	=1	>1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	=1	<1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
=1	>1	>1	=1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	>1	>1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	>1	<1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
=1	>1	<1	=1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	<1	>1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	
=1	>1	<1	<1	Project ahead, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
=1	<1	=1	=1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	=1	>1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	=1	<1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	>1	=1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	>1	>1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	>1	<1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	<1	=1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	<1	>1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
=1	<1	<1	<1	Project behind, Structure on time, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	=1	=1	=1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	=1	>1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	=1	<1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	=1	>1	=1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	>1	>1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	>1	<1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	=1	<1	=1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	<1	>1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	
>1	=1	<1	<1	Project on time, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	>1	=1	=1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities equally ahead as the structure	
>1	>1	=1	>1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities equally ahead as the structure	
>1	>1	=1	<1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities equally ahead as the structure	Alarming

THPI	HPI	HRPI	SPI (t)	Comments	Alarm
>1	>1	>1	=1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead more than structure	
>1	>1	>1	>1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead more than structure	
>1	>1	>1	<1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead more than structure	Alarming
>1	>1	<1	=1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead less than structure	_
>1	>1	<1	>1	Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead less than	
>1	>1	<1	<1	structure Project ahead, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities ahead less than	Alarming
>1	<1	=1	=1	structure Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	=1	>1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	=1	<1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	>1	=1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	>1	>1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	>1	<1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	<1	=1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	<1	>1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
>1	<1	<1	<1	Project behind, Structure ahead, Subsequent Activities behind	Alarming
<1	=1	=1	=1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	=1	>1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	=1	<1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	>1	=1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	>1	>1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	>1	<1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	<1	=1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	<1	>1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	=1	<1	<1	Project on time, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	=1	=1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	=1	>1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	=1	<1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	>1	=1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	>1	>1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	>1	<1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	<1	=1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	<1	>1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	>1	<1	<1	Project ahead, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities ahead	Alarming
<1	<1	=1	=1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Alarming
<1	<1	=1	>1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Alarming
<1	<1	=1	<1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities equally delayed as the structure	Alarming
<1	<1	>1	=1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Alarming
<1	<1	>1	>1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Alarming
<1	<1	>1	<1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed less than structure	Alarming
<1	<1	<1	=1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed more than structure	Alarming

THPI	HPI	HRPI	SPI (t)	Comments	Alarm
<1	<1	<1	>1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed more than structure	Alarming
<1	<1	<1	<1	Project behind, Structure behind, Subsequent Activities delayed more than structure	Alarming

# **Appendix M** – List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Detail
AC	Actual Cost
AT	Actual Time (ES Method)
BAC	Budget at Completion
BHR	Building Height Ratio
BTH	Building Total Height
BVCH	Building Value Center Height
CPI	Cost Performance Index
CPM	Critical Path Method
CV	Cost Variance
d	Distance
EH	Earned Height
EHM	Earned Height Method
EHR	Earned Height Ratio
ES	Earned Schedule (Method)
EV	Earned Value
EVM	Earned Value Method
F	Force
FLBAC	Floor Budget At Completion
FLHt	Floor Height
g	Earth Gravitational Force
Н	Height
HIRI-PRO	High-Rise Project (Software)
HPI	Height Performance Index
HRPI	Height Ratio Performance Index
LOB	Line of Balance
m	Mass
PE	Potential Energy
PH	Planned Height
PHR	Planned Height Ratio
PTH	Planned Top Height
PV	Planned Value
SPI	Schedule Performance Index
	Schedule Performance Index Calculated Using ES
SPI(t)	Method
SV	Schedule Variance
SV(t)	Schedule Variance (ES Method)
t	
TH	Top Height
THPI	Top Height Performance Index
VC	Value Center
W	Work
Wt	Weight

#### References

1. What is the tallest building? *Tallest Building in the World.Com* [online]. Available from: <u>http://www.tallestbuildingintheworld.com/index.php</u> [Accessed 23 February 2008].

2. Skyscrapers. Skyscraperscity [online]. Available from:

http://www.skyscrapercity.com/forumdisplay.php?s=18b6548662343f5ade4f89b54e317838&f=1720 [Accessed 29 July 2008].

3. MEHTA, P., 1999. Advancements in Concrete Technology. *Point of View: Reflections About Technology Choices* [online], pp. 69-76. Available from: http://www.ecosmartconcrete.com/kbase/filedocs/trmehta99.pdf [Accessed 16 November 2008].

4. BOMA Intl. 2007. Changes to Model Codes Could Spell the End of High-Rise Construction. *Buildings.Com* [online], pp. 1-2. Available from: http://www.buildings.com/articles/detail.aspx?contentID=4997 [Accessed 6 September 2008].

5. YUDELSON, J., 2007. Future of High-Rise Construction. *Marketing Green BuildingServices: Strategies for Success* [online], pp. 3-6. Available from: <u>http://books.google.com/books?id=4O4q8SS05asC&pg=RA2-</u> <u>PA246&source=gbs\_toc\_r&cad=0\_0#PPP1,M1</u> [Accessed 25 November 2008].

6. FLEMMING, Q. and KOPPELMAN, J., 2000. *Earned Value Management*. USA: Project Management Institute.

7. VANDEVOORDE, S., and VANHOUCKE, M., 2006. A comparison of different project duration forecasting methods using earned value metrics. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 24, pp. 289-302. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-4HNYMRK-

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=ArticleURL&\_udi=B6V9V-4HNYMRK-1& user=5685551& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000024058& versi on=1& urlVersion=0& userid=5685551&md5=4d043015de8a436d4d2052b6c24156cc [Accessed 16 December 2007].

8. HENDERSON, K., 2007. Earned Schedule: A Breakthrough Extension to Earned Value Management. *In:* K. Henderson. *PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong.* pp. 1-10.

9. LIPKE, W., 2007. Applying Earned Schedule to Critical Path Analysis and More. *In:* W. Lipke. *PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong.* pp. 12-20.

10. ARDITI D., SIKANGWAN, P. et al., 2002. Scheduling system for high rise building construction. *Construction Management and Economics* [online], 20:4, pp. 353-364. Available from: <a href="http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/content~db=all~content=a713763842?words=schedule\*/high-rise\*">http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/content~db=all~content=a713763842?words=schedule\*/high-rise\*</a> [Accessed 9 September 2008].

11. HOLT, G., PROVERBS, D., and OLOMOLAIYE, P., 1999. Factors impacting construction duration: a comparison between France, Germany and the U.K. *Building and Environment* [online], 34, pp. 197-204. Available from:

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6V23-3W18XBT-8-1& cdi=5691& user=1790654& orig=search& coverDate=03%2F01%2F1998& sk=999659997&v iew=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=727070c5b255cb0439a8a1368f4283a8&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 28 May 2008].

12. ABEYASHINGHE, M., GREENWOOD, D. and JOHANSEN, D., 2001. An efficient method for scheduling construction projects with resource constraints. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 19, pp. 29-45. Available from:

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V9V-41HHNG4-4-1B& cdi=5908& user=1790654& orig=mlkt& coverDate=01%2F31%2F2001& sk=999809998&v iew=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=21d863793641818f2d8a7c18a36ebc0c&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 5 January 2008].

13. CHO, H., KIM, G. et al., Improved productivity using a modified table formwork system for high-rise building in Korea. *Building and Environment* [online], 40, pp. 1472-1478. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V23-4F6D6YC-3-J& cdi=5691& user=1790654& orig=mlkt& coverDate=11%2F30%2F2005& sk=999599988&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVlb-zSkWb&md5=226989ca729ff034f9af1ee3c693e2fb&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

14. CHANG, F., CHUANG, K., and HSU, D., 2007. Effect of elevation change on work fatigue and physiological symptoms for high-rise building construction workers. *Safety Science* [online], pp. 1-11. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6VF9-4P4FSN4-1-</u>

<u>1& cdi=6005& user=1790654& orig=search& coverDate=07%2F06%2F2007& sk=999999998v</u> iew=c&wchp=dGLbVtb-zSkzV&md5=c5066fccfe881ff94a3bb3e9eab7eb46&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 19 December 2007].

15. CIOFFI, D., 2006. Completing projects according to plans: an earned value improvement index. *Journal of the Operational Research Society* [online], 57 (3), pp. 290-295. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6V9V-45K0HC9-</u> <u>1D1& cdi=5908& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1991& sk=999909998</u> <u>&view=c&wchp=dGsLVzWzSkWA&md5=82596832545632a1fe9c04deb7f4d06e8&ie=/sdarticle.pd</u> <u>f</u> [Accessed 18 December 2007].

16. MIYAGAWA, T., 1997. Construction manageability planning – A system for manageability analysis in construction planning. *Automation in Construction* [online], 6, pp. 175-191. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-3SN5V89-G-1& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=06%2F30%2F1997& sk=999939996&v iew=c&wchp=dGLzVzz-zSkWb&md5=ce491e043a01555ffaddeb1981b4288c&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 20 December 2008].

17. CHUA, D., KOG, Y. et al., 1999. Key determinants for construction schedule performance. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 17 (6), pp. 351-359. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-3XD3JRK-5& user=1790654& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000054312& version=1& urlVersion=0& userid=1790654&md5=6b08b66e5284908f7b5cbf260c38d210 [Accessed 5] January 2008].</u> 18. CHAN, D., and KUMARASWAMY M., 1996. A comparative study of causes of time overruns in Hong Kong construction projects. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 15 (1), pp. 55-63. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MiamiImageURL& imagekey=B6V9V-3T7F236-8-</u>

<u>1& cdi=5908& user=1790654& check=y& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1997&view=c</u> <u>&wchp=dGLbVtz-zSkzk&md5=dd25a5cfc00566dcec9817089f0313b1&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 13 June 2008].

19. GONG, D., 1997. Optimization of float use in risk analysis-based network scheduling. *International Journal for Project Management* [online], 15 (3), pp. 187-192. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V9V-3SWV7H8-8-1& cdi=5908& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=06%2F30%2F1997& sk=999849996&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVzb-zSkzS&md5=9ebd4f600c6710d08caa85ea21bd30c0&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 27 December 2007].

20. DE, P., DUNNE, E. et al., 1995. The discrete time-cost tradeoff problem revisited. *European Journal of Operational Research* [online], 81, pp. 225-238. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6VCT-4031R7G-43-</u> <u>3& cdi=5963& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=03%2F02%2F1995& sk=999189997&vie</u> <u>w=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=ebbcca5352e9aa132d5cf848ed6adf12&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 6 January 2008]

21. HARRIS, F., KAMING, P. et al. 1997. Factors influencing construction time and cost overruns on high-rise projects in Indonesia. *Construction Management and Economics* [online], 15:1, pp. 83-94. Available from:

http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/content~content=a713763279~db=all~order=page [Accessed 16 August 2008].

22. VANDEVOORDE, S., and VANHOUCKE, M., 2007. A simulation and evaluation of earned value metrics to forecast the project duration. *Journal of the Operational Research Society* [online], 58 (10), pp. 1361-1374. Available from:

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V9V-45K0HC9-1D1& cdi=5908& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1991& sk=999909998 &view=c&wchp=dGLbVzWzSkWA&md5=8283562420855a1fe9c04deb7f4d06e8&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 18 December 2007].

23. DUFFEY, M., KIM, E., and WELLS, W., 2003. A model for effective implementation of Earned Value Management methodology. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 21, pp. 375-382. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-48BTXMX-1& user=10& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000050221& version=1& urlVersion=0& userid=10&md5=f6078b9843f759a01d366f262aa62a1d [Accessed 29 December 2007].</u>

24. LIPKE, W. et al., 2004. Schedule Analysis and Predictive Techniques Using Earned Schedule. *In:* K. Henderson, ed. *16th IPM Conference, Virginia 17 November 2004*. Virginia, pp 2-30.

25. STRATTON, R., 2005. Not Your Father's Earned Value. *Management Technologies* [online], 5, pp. 1-5. Available from: <u>http://www.projectsatwork.com/content/articles/222917.cfm</u> [Accessed 15 December 2007].

26 ANSON, M., CHAU, K., and Zhang, J., 2003. Implementation of visualization as planning and scheduling tool in construction. *Building and Environment* [online], 38, pp. 713-719. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V23-47WD40H-7-D& cdi=5691& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=05%2F31%2F2003& sk=999619994&vi ew=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=e2de0c382c6c1d5f9cdee1d9dd94bb4f&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

27. Wang. H.J. et al., 2004. 4D dynamic management for construction planning and resource utilization. *Automation in Construction* [online], 13, pp. 575-589. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-4CHHT1R-1-R& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=09%2F30%2F2004& sk=999869994&vi ew=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=6176f131f21cf10bad5a86ec704b3e85&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

28. ANSON, M., CHAU, K., and Zhang, J., 2005. 4D dynamic construction management and visualization software: 1. Development. *Automation in Construction* [online], 14, pp. 512-524. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-4F3FF6T-1-1& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=08%2F01%2F2005& sk=999859995&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=0ea7ab2ddc174cfcc03f80989accddf2&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

29. JEWETT, J., and SERWAY, R. 2006. *Principles of Physics: A Calculus-based Text* [online]. USA: Thomson Brooks/Cole. Available from: http://books.google.com/books?id=1DZz341Pp50C&pg=PA191&dq=potential+energy+and+work +equation [Accessed 21 October 2008].

30. CASSIDY, D., HOLTON, G. et al., 2002. Potential Energy & Work Equation. Understanding *Physics* [online], pp. 234-243. Available from: <u>http://books.google.com/books?id=iPsKvL\_ATygC&pg=PA179&dq=Gravitation+and+central+forces#PPA236,M1</u> [Accessed 5 November 2008].

#### Bibliography

ABEYASHINGHE, M., GREENWOOD, D. and JOHANSEN, D., 2001. An efficient method for scheduling construction projects with resource constraints. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 19, pp. 29-45. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V9V-41HHNG4-4-1B& cdi=5908& user=1790654& orig=mlkt& coverDate=01%2F31%2F2001& sk=999809998&v iew=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=21d863793641818f2d8a7c18a36ebc0c&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 5 January 2008].

ANSON, M., CHAU, H. et al., 2004. 4D dynamic management for construction planning and resource utilization. *Automation in Construction* [online], 13, pp. 575-589. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-4CHHT1R-1-R& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=09%2F30%2F2004& sk=999869994&vi ew=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=6176f131f21cf10bad5a86ec704b3e85&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

ANSON, M., CHAU, K., and Zhang, J., 2003. Implementation of visualization as planning and scheduling tool in construction. *Building and Environment* [online], Vol. 38, pp. 713-719. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V23-47WD40H-7-D& cdi=5691& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=05%2F31%2F2003& sk=999619994&vi ew=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=e2de0c382c6c1d5f9cdee1d9dd94bb4f&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

ANSON, M., CHAU, K., and Zhang, J., 2005. 4D dynamic construction management and visualization software: 1. Development. *Automation in Construction* [online], 14, pp. 512-524. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-4F3FF6T-1\_1& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=08%2F01%2F2005& sk=999859995&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVlz-zSkWW&md5=0ea7ab2ddc174cfcc03f80989accddf2&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

ARDITI D., SIKANGWAN, P. et al., 2002. Scheduling system for high rise building construction. *Construction Management and Economics* [online], 20:4, pp. 353-364. Available from: <u>http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/content~db=all~content=a713763842?words=schedule\*|hig h-rise\*</u> [Accessed 9 September 2008].

BOMA Intl. 2007. Changes to Model Codes Could Spell the End of High-Rise Construction. *Buildings.Com* [online], pp. 1-2. Available from: <u>http://www.buildings.com/articles/detail.aspx?contentID=4997</u> [Accessed 6 September 2008].

CASSIDY, D., HOLTON, G. et al., 2002. Potential Energy & Work Equation. Understanding Physics [online], pp. 234-243. Available from: <u>http://books.google.com/books?id=iPsKvL\_ATygC&pg=PA179&dq=Gravitation+and+central+fo</u> <u>rces#PPA236,M1</u> [Accessed 5 November 2008].

CHAN, D., and KUMARASWAMY M., 1996. A comparative study of causes of time overruns in Hong Kong construction projects. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 15 (1), pp. 55-63. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MiamiImageURL& imagekey=B6V9V-</u>

<u>3T7F236-8-</u>

<u>1& cdi=5908& user=1790654& check=y& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1997&view=c</u> <u>&wchp=dGLbVtz-zSkzk&md5=dd25a5cfc00566dcec9817089f0313b1&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 13 June 2008].

CHANG, F., CHUANG, K., and HSU, D., 2007. Effect of elevation change on work fatigue and physiological symptoms for high-rise building construction workers. *Safety Science* [online], pp. 1-11. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?</u> ob=MImg& imagekey=B6VF9-4P4FSN4-1-

<u>1& cdi=6005& user=1790654& orig=search& coverDate=07%2F06%2F2007& sk=99999999&v</u> <u>iew=c&wchp=dGLbVtb-zSkzV&md5=c5066fccfe881ff94a3bb3e9eab7eb46&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 19 December 2007].

CHUA, D., KOG, Y. et al., 1999. Key determinants for construction schedule performance. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 17 (6), pp. 351-359. Available from: <a href="http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?">http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?</a> ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-3XD3JRK-5& user=1790654& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000054312& versi on=1& urlVersion=0& userid=1790654&md5=6b08b66e5284908f7b5cbf260c38d210</a> [Accessed 5 January 2008].

CHO, H., KIM, G. et al., Improved productivity using a modified table formwork system for highrise building in Korea. *Building and Environment* [online], 40, pp. 1472-1478. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6V23-4F6D6YC-3-</u> J& cdi=5691& user=1790654& orig=mlkt& coverDate=11%2F30%2F2005& sk=999599988&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVlb-zSkWb&md5=226989ca729ff034f9af1ee3c693e2fb&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 16 December 2007].

CIOFFI, D., 2006. Completing projects according to plans: an earned value improvement index. *Journal of the Operational Research Society* [online], 57 (3), pp. 290-295. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V9V-45K0HC9-</u> <u>1D1& cdi=5908& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1991& sk=999909998</u> <u>&view=c&wchp=dGsLVzWzSkWA&md5=82596832545632a1fe9c04deb7f4d06e8&ie=/sdarticle.pd</u> <u>f</u> [Accessed 18 December 2007].

Construction Cost Control Body of Knowledge, 1985. USA: American Society of Civil Engineers.

DE, P., DUNNE, E. et al., 1995. The discrete time-cost tradeoff problem revisited. *European Journal of Operational Research* [online], Vol. 81, pp. 225-238. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6VCT-4031R7G-43-3& cdi=5963& user=5685551& orig=mlkt& coverDate=03%2F02%2F1995& sk=999189997&vie w=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=ebbcca5352e9aa132d5cf848ed6adf12&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 6 January 2008]

DUFFEY, M., KIM, E., and WELLS, W., 2003. A model for effective implementation of Earned Value Management methodology. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 21, pp. 375-382. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-48BTXMX-1& user=10& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000050221& version=1</u>

<u>& urlVersion=0& userid=10&md5=f6078b9843f759a01d366f262aa62a1d</u> [Accessed 29 December 2007].

Fleming, Q. and Koppelman, J., 2000. Earned Value Project Management. USA: Project Management Institute.

GONG, D., 1997. Optimization of float use in risk analysis-based network scheduling. *International Journal for Project Management* [online], 15 (3), pp. 187-192. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6V9V-3SWV7H8-8-</u> <u>1& cdi=5908&\_user=5685551&\_orig=mlkt&\_coverDate=06%2F30%2F1997&\_sk=999849996&vie</u> <u>w=c&wchp=dGLbVzb-zSkzS&md5=9ebd4f600c6710d08caa85ea21bd30c0&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 27 December 2007].

HAUPT, E., and LIPKE, W., 2004. Schedule Analysis and Predictive Techniques Using Earned Schedule. *In:* K. Henderson, ed. *16th IPM Conference, Virginia 17 November 2004*. Virginia, pp 2-30.

HENDERSON, K., 2007. Earned Schedule: A Breakthrough Extension to Earned Value Management. *In:* K. Henderson. *PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong.* pp. 1-10.

HENDERSON, K., and LIPKE, W., 2007. Earned Schedule – A Quantum Advance. In: W. Lipke. PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong. pp. 1-2.

HENDERSON, K., and LIPKE, W., 2007. Earned Schedule: and emerging enhancement to EVM. *In:* W. Lipke. *PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong.* pp. 1-10.

HOLT, G., PROVERBS, D., and OLOMOLAIYE, P., 1999. Factors impacting construction duration: a comparison between France, Germany and the U.K. *Building and Environment* [online], 34, pp. 197-204. Available from:

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V23-3W18XBT-8-1& cdi=5691& user=1790654& orig=search& coverDate=03%2F01%2F1998& sk=999659997&v iew=c&wchp=dGLbVzz-zSkWz&md5=727070c5b255cb0439a8a1368f4283a8&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 28 May 2008].

JEWETT, J., and SERWAY, R. 2006. *Principles of Physics: A Calculus-based Text* [online]. USA: Thomson Brooks/Cole. Available from:

http://books.google.com/books?id=1DZz341Pp50C&pg=PA191&dq=potential+energy+and+work +equation [Accessed 21 October 2008].

Kerzner, H., Project Management - A Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling. 8<sup>th</sup> ed. JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC. New Jersi:, 2003.

LIPKE, W., 2007. Applying Earned Schedule to Critical Path Analysis and More. In: W. Lipke. PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong. pp. 12-20.

LIPKE, W., 2007. Earned Schedule Leads to Improved Forecasting. In: W. Lipke. PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong. pp. 1-10.

LIPKE, W., 2007. Connecting Earned Value to the Schedule. In: W. Lipke. PMI Asia Pacific Global Congress Proceedings, Hong Kong. pp. 1-16

MIYAGAWA, T., 1997. Construction manageability planning – A system for manageability analysis in construction planning. *Automation in Construction* [online], Vol. 6, pp. 175-191. Available from: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=MImg& imagekey=B6V20-3SN5V89-G-1& cdi=5688& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=06%2F30%2F1997& sk=999939996&v iew=c&wchp=dGLzVzz-zSkWb&md5=ce491e043a01555ffaddeb1981b4288c&ie=/sdarticle.pdf [Accessed 20 December 2008].

MEHTA, P., 1999. Advancements in Concrete Technology. *Point of View: Reflections About Technology Choices* [online], pp. 69-76. Available from: <u>http://www.ecosmartconcrete.com/kbase/filedocs/trmehta99.pdf</u> [Accessed 16 November 2008].

PMBOK. 2000, Project Management Body of Knowledge. USA: Project Management Institute.

Skyscrapers. *Skyscraperscity* [online]. Available from: <u>http://www.skyscrapercity.com/forumdisplay.php?s=18b6548662343f5ade4f89b54e317838&f=1720</u> [Accessed 29 July 2008].

STRATTON, R., 2005. Not Your Father's Earned Value. *Management Technologies* [online], 5, pp. 1-5. Available from: <u>http://www.projectsatwork.com/content/articles/222917.cfm</u> [Accessed 15 December 2007].

THOMPSON, J., 2006. Managing Scheduling Impacts: What to do when Mr. Murphy Comes-A-Calling?. In: W. Arnhart. CMAA Spring Leadership Forum, 7-9 May. Philadelphia, pp. 1-11.

VANDEVOORDE, S., and VANHOUCKE, M., 2006. A comparison of different project duration forecasting methods using earned value metrics. *International Journal of Project Management* [online], 24, pp. 289-302. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science? ob=ArticleURL& udi=B6V9V-4HNYMRK-</u> <u>1& user=5685551& rdoc=1& fmt=& orig=search& sort=d&view=c& acct=C000024058& versi</u> <u>on=1& urlVersion=0& userid=5685551&md5=4d043015de8a436d4d2052b6c24156cc</u> [Accessed 16 December 2007].

VANDEVOORDE, S., and VANHOUCKE, M., 2007. A simulation and evaluation of earned value metrics to forecast the project duration. *Journal of the Operational Research Society* [online], 58 (10), pp. 1361-1374. Available from: <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science?\_ob=MImg&\_imagekey=B6V9V-45K0HC9-</u>

<u>1D1& cdi=5908& user=5685551& orig=search& coverDate=02%2F28%2F1991& sk=999909998</u> <u>&view=c&wchp=dGLbVzWzSkWA&md5=8283562420855a1fe9c04deb7f4d06e8&ie=/sdarticle.pdf</u> [Accessed 18 December 2007].

What is the tallest building?. *Tallest Building in the World.Com* [online]. Available from: <u>http://www.tallestbuildingintheworld.com/index.php</u> [Accessed 23 February 2008].

YUDELSON, J., 2007. Future of High-Rise Construction. *Marketing Green BuildingServices: Strategies for Success* [online], pp. 3-6. Available from: http://books.google.com/books?id=4O4q8SS05asC&pg=RA2-PA246&source=gbs\_toc\_r&cad=0\_0#PPP1,M1 [Accessed 25 November 2008].